September 2, 1772. NUMB. 2280.

The PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

Containing the Freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtic.

The EPISTLE *from the Yearly Meeting of the People called* QUAKERS, *held in* LONDON, *by adjournments from the 8th of the Sixth Month* 1772, *to the* 13*th of the ſame inclusive.*

To the Quarterly and Monthly Meetings of FRIENDS *in* GREAT-BRITAIN, IRELAND, *and elſewhere.*

Dearly beloved Friends and Brethren,

IN a thankful ſenſe of that Divine Goodneſs, which we have experienced to be again renewed to us, in this our large and ſolemn Aſſembly, held for the promotion of virtue and godlineſs in life and practice, and the preſervation of good order, peace and unity, throughout the churches, we tenderly ſalute you; and give you to underſtand, that the affairs before us have been conducted in much love and condeſcenſion, to our mutual comfort and edification.

The accounts brought from ſeveral quarterly meetings in England, and the Epiſtles from Wales, North-Britain, Ireland, Holland, and the American Colonies, afford us comfortable information, that love and concord generally ſubſiſt; that a lively concern prevails in many for the ſupport of our wholeſome diſcipline, and the advancement of truth and righteouſneſs; and that divers have been added to the church by convincement. It likewiſe appears, that the practice of holding Negroes in oppreſſive and unnatural bondage, hath been ſo ſucceſsfully diſcouraged, by Friends in ſome of the Colonies, as to be conſiderably leſſened. We cannot but approve of theſe ſalutary endeavours, and earneſtly intreat they may be continued, that through the favour of DIVINE PROVIDENCE, a traffic ſo unmerciful and unjuſt in its nature, to a part of our own ſpecies, made equally with ourſelves for immortality, may come to be conſidered in its proper light; and be utterly aboliſhed, as a reproach to the *Chriſtian* profeſſion.

The amount of Friends ſufferings, brought in from the ſeveral counties in England, and from Wales, principally on account of tythes, and thoſe called church rates, is three thouſand five hundred and twenty-ſix pounds; and thoſe from Ireland, one thouſand four hundred and ſeventy nine pounds.

Seeing we verily believe, the Spirit of TRUTH hath led us to bear a conſcientious teſtimony againſt the receiving of tythes, when any of us have, by impropriate inheritances, been intitled by law to demand them, as well as to refuſe the payment of them when demanded of us; leſt we ſhould actively contribute to the ſupport of a miniſtry not according to the doctrine of CHRIST, it appears to us incumbent upon all in profeſſion with us, faithfully to uphold this important teſtimony; and we recommend it to thoſe monthly meetings, who find any of their members in a contrary practice, that, with a becoming zeal, and in the meekneſs of wiſdom, they exert their *Chriſtian* endeavours, ſufficiently to inform and admoniſh them; that they may be brought to ſuch a right and proper ſenſe of their remiſſneſs, as may engage them to ſtand clear in future, both of open and colluſive compliances, in a point ſo oppoſite to the diſpenſation of a free goſpel miniſtry.

And, dear Brethren, it is our earneſt deſire, that the love and life of Truth may be ſo deeply rooted in every heart, that our Chriſtian teſtimony may be faithfully maintained in all its branches. You are not unacquainted what the principle is, which many of our anceſtors laboured in, and ſuffered for, with an upright and diſintereſted zeal, for the glory of God, and the good of their fellow-creatures, and which, ever ſince we have been a people diſtinguiſhed from others, we have held forth to the world. It is the Spirit of Life in Chriſt Jeſus, the ſure foundation which God hath laid in Sion, and another foundation can no man lay. Let it be every one's care individually to build upon it, and cloſely examine what they build. For, ſaith the Apoſtle, "If any man build upon this foundation, gold, ſilver, precious ſtones, wood, hay, ſtubble; every man's work ſhall be made manifeſt; for the day ſhall declare it, becauſe it ſhall be revealed by fire, and the fire ſhall try every man's work, of what ſort it is."

Great ought to be the concern of every mind, daily to ſeek and preſs after a renewed ſenſe of this fundamental principle, and ſo to cleave to it, as to obtain an abiding therein; for in that is our help and ſalvation. A declenſion from this, hath opened a door for the enemy to enter and make great inroads amongſt the unwatchful. When he is ſuffered to catch the good ſeed out of the heart; or, in other words, when the mind is led away from due attention thereto, it is drawn almoſt inſenſibly into bondage of corruption, and thoſe who are ſo overcome, are too often made uſe of, by the envier of our happineſs, to enſnare others to their deſtruction. Thus the comparatively innocent, through the converſation and conduct of unſuſpected acquaintance, or aſſociates, are often prevailed upon, to their hurt, and by imbibing their notions, and being leavened into their ſpirit, they become indiſpoſed to the duty, gradually darkened with reſpect to a right ſenſe of it, and eaſily ſlide into the dangerous and deſtructive friendſhips, follies, and pleaſures of a diſſipated world. We therefore fervently deſire to impreſs it upon all who are intruſted with the care of youth, that they be eſpecially vigilant and cautious in their own converſation and conduct, both before, and towards them. Keep to the power of truth in your hearts, and the bridle of truth will be upon your tongues, and upon all your ways. Then will a true concern poſſeſs your ſouls, to nurture them in ſobriety, modeſty, and the fear of the Lord; and to furniſh them with uſeful and commendable employments; and prevent them from ſpending the precious time afforded for better purpoſes, in amuſing themſelves with the pernicious works of ſtage-authors, and romances; which ſtrongly tend to excite irregular paſſions, and to introduce them into the giddy purſuits and pollutions of a degenerate age; which, in a little time, muſt terminate in diſappointments and great diſtreſs.

Renewedly ſenſible of the gracious extenſion of divine regard towards our youth, we affectionately exhort the riſing generation to "dwell in the fear of the Lord, which is the beginning of wiſdom;" recommending at the ſame time the ſolemn paternal injunction of the royal pſalmiſt to their ſerious conſideration:—"And thou Solomon, my ſon, Know thou the God of thy father, and ſerve him with a perfect heart, and with a willing mind:—if thou ſeek him, he will be found of thee; but if thou forſake him, he will caſt thee off for ever." And in a particular manner we entreat ſuch, whoſe tender minds are ſenſible of the holy influence of the Day-ſpring from on high, to cloſe in with the viſitation of our Heavenly Father's love, and walk in all humility and reverence before him; ſo will they grow in wiſdom and ſtrength, advance from one degree of grace to another, and be enabled to come up in the footſteps of thoſe who are removed from works to rewards.

And, dear friends, we beſeech you, depend not upon the labours and ſervices of others, but diligently and daily wait in private, as well as in your public aſſemblies, for the renewal of divine ſtrength in your own hearts. Prize ſuch opportunities as ineſtimable mercies, and guard againſt every enſnaring entanglement, or a diſpoſition that would lead to careleſſneſs or indifference; for God is not mocked; nor can you be profited if dullneſs or heavineſs be ſuffered to prevail. Keep ſtrictly to the time appointed, and patiently wait, that you may be favoured with a renewed ſenſe of the heavenly preſence of the Miniſter of the Sanctuary, the great Maſter of our Aſſemblies.

Self-indulgence, either in matters of temporal intereſt, the carnal gratifications of ſenſe, or luke-warmneſs reſpecting religion, is a ſtate of falſe ſecurity, and great danger. Life is ſhort, and judgment certain; let the indolent, therefore, be awakened to an inward ſearch, and juſt inſpection of their own conditions, by an immediate application to the light of Truth in their own hearts. Such as every man ſows, he muſt reap. "If ye live after the fleſh, ye ſhall die; but if ye, through the Spirit, do mortify the deeds of the body, ye ſhall live." We ought to be as lights in the world, but unleſs we walk in the light ourſelves, we cannot be as lights unto others. Except we abide in the way to Sion, we cannot be waymarks towards it.

Finally, Brethren, we fervently deſire, that you who are, in any meaſure, favoured with a living ſenſe of the redeeming and ſaving power of God, may ſo prize his great goodneſs, and tender mercies, as faithfully to abide under the ſenſe thereof. Be quiet in your own ſpirits, inoffenſive in converſation, and exemplary in conduct; ever watchful to prevent the riſe, and ſtop the progreſs of whatever hath a tendency to contention and diſcord, or is inconſiſtent with inward peace, the honour of truth, and the advancement thereof in the hearts of mankind; and in order to your preſent and future happineſs, thirſt daily after the life of righteouſneſs, and ſeek holineſs for your habitation whilſt in this world, that eternal glory may be your crown in that which is to come.

In the love and fellowſhip of the Goſpel, we commit you to the guidance and protection of our holy head and high prieſt the Lord Jeſus Chriſt, and remain

Your friends and Brethren.

Signed in and on behalf of the Yearly Meeting,

By JOSEPH STRANGMAN,

Clerk to the Meeting this year.

PERTH-AMBOY, *Auguſt* 22, 1772.

Thurſday laſt the General Aſſembly of the Province of New-Jerſey met in this City, when his Excellency Governor Franklin was pleaſed to open the Seſſion with the following Speech.

Gentlemen of the Council, and Gentlemen of the General Aſſembly,

IT affords me particular pleaſure to have it in my power, at the opening of this Seſſion, to congratulate you on the addition which, by his Majeſty's gracious allowance, has been made to the number of Repreſentatives of the good people of this province. An event at which I the more rejoice, as I flatter myſelf it will be a means of uniting all the parts of the colony, in promoting many ſchemes of public utility, which have hitherto been too much neglected------A fatal ſentiment has long unhappily prevailed in this province, that every meaſure which muſt be attended with expence, and has not a tendency to benefit every part of the province equally, ought not to be adopted by the Legiſlature.---It is, however, ſcarcely poſſible to contrive any ſcheme for the public advantage, which can have ſo extenſive an effect. In the nature of things, ſome ſituations muſt be more immediately benefited than others; yet whatever procures an advantage to any part of the province, which it did not enjoy before, is ultimately a benefit to the whole. For want of a due attention to this truth, this province, which has equal natural advantages with any of the neighbouring colonies, is, though one of the moſt ancient, ſhamefully behind all the others in its trade, roads, bridges, public buildings, and ſuch other improvements, as denote a ſenſible and ſpirited people. Every unneceſſary expence ſhould indeed be carefully avoided, but it is neither conſulting the intereſt, nor reputation of the province, to decline any expence which the public good does at any time require.

Gentlemen of the General Aſſembly,

In the year 1765, the Aſſembly thought proper, on my recommendation, to grant a bounty upon the raiſing of flax and hemp, and planting of mulberry trees in this colony, for raiſing of raw ſilk. The bounty on the two firſt articles has, I am told, been productive of very good effects; but the bounty on the latter has, I believe, never been applied for, owing to the people not being, till lately, ſenſible of the advantages which might accrue to them from the culture of ſilk. From the ſucceſs of the trials which were made laſt year in this colony and Pennſylvania (a particular account of which is printed in the minutes of Aſſembly) there can be no doubt but that it would be greatly to the intereſt of the province to encourage the raiſing of that article: I cannot therefore but recommend it as a matter worthy of your particular attention; and, for the ſame reaſon, I muſt likewiſe requeſt that you would continue the bounty on flax and hemp, which is near expiring, and grant others on the making of wines and pot aſh in this colony.

In providing for the ſupport of government, I would wiſh you to conſider how greatly inadequate the uſual ſalaries allowed the public officers of this province are, to the encreaſed expences of living, and to the encreaſed abilities of the inhabitants, ſince the time they were firſt eſtabliſhed. An ill judged parſimony has hitherto prevailed in this reſpect; but I ſhould think myſelf wanting in real regard to the province, if I did not warn you at this time againſt a conduct, the continuance of which will moſt probably be found to be as impolitic as it is unbecoming the honour of the province you repreſent. On this head I am to inform you, that it has been ſignified to me, that the Chief Juſtice having been under a neceſſity of repreſenting the inſufficiency of his ſupport to the King, *His Majeſty has been graciouſly pleaſed to give him an adequate ſalary, which mark of his Majeſty's attention to the dignity and independance of that Officer, it is hoped will give great ſatisfaction;---and as it is his Majeſty's pleaſure that he ſhould no longer accept any allowance from the Aſſembly, the province will be relieved from any further expence on account of that eſtabliſhment.*

Gentlemen of the Council, and Gentlemen of the General Aſſembly,

I have now only to expreſs my wiſhes, that an uninterrupted harmony and good underſtanding may prevail in all your deliberations for the public welfare, and to aſſure you that you ſhall ever find me ready to exert myſelf to the utmoſt, in whatever may beſt promote the true intereſt of this colony.

WILLIAM FRANKLIN.

Council Chamber, Auguſt 20, 1772.

STRAYED away, on the 25th of Auguſt, from the plantation of JOHN DICKINSON, Eſq; commonly called Norris's place, a light BAY MARE, about 12 hands high, trots well, but paces ſlow, has a little white on her face. Whoever takes up ſaid mare, and brings her to the Riſing Sun, on the Old York Road, three miles from Philadelphia, ſhall have TEN SHILLINGS reward, and all reaſonable charges. ¶

To the FREEHOLDERS, and others, ELECTORS for the County of CHESTER.

GENTLEMEN,

I HAVE ventured to enter the Liſt with the other Candidates for the Sheriff's Office; I now publicly requeſt your favourable Acceptation of my Propoſal, and that you would be pleaſed to give me your Votes and Intereſt at the enſuing Election, which, whether I ſucceed or not, ſhall be gratefully acknowledged by

Weſt-Nantmill, Your aſſured Friend,

Auguſt 28, 1772. ¶ WILLIAM GIBBONS.

To the FREEHOLDERS, and others, ELECTORS in and for the Borough and County of CHESTER.

GENTLEMEN,

ENCOURAGED by the Succeſs I have met with, in being voted on the Return for Sheriffs theſe three Years paſt, I once more offer myſelf a Candidate for that Office, with Deſires and Expectations of your friendly and ready Aſſiſtance at the enſuing Election, which Favour, as well as thoſe paſt, ſhall be gratefully acknowledged and remembered by

The Public's ſincere Friend,

¶ HENRY HAYES.

ISAAC and JOSEPH PASCHALL,

At the ſign of the Red Handſaw, on the north ſide of Market-ſtreet, directly oppoſite the end of Elbow-lane, have for ſale, a large Aſſortment of IRONMONGERY, BRASS-WARE, CUTLERY, SADLERY, &c. *viz.*

THREE-PENNY, 6d. 8d. 10d. 12d. and 20d. nails, anvils, vizes, of different ſorts, roll plate iron, ſteel, mill-ſaws, frying-pans, roaſting jacks, dripping-pans, braſs and iron-head fire-ſhovels and tongs, warming-pans, japanned waiters; hand, pannel, tenant, faſh, compaſs, and key-hole ſaws; braces and bitts; braſs, braſs knobed, and braſs handle, door locks; braſs knobed and thumb latches; H, HL, rule joint, cheſt, box, and dove-tail hinges; carpenters, joiners, and upholſterers hammers; rules, compaſſes, heading chiſſels and firmers, plane irons, ſhoemakers knives, hammers, punches, pincers, nippers, flotes, raſps, maſheen, awls, and tacks; braſs handles and eſcutcheons, for drawers; tea-table catches; ſingle wheel, and 3 wheel caſtors; cloak pins, and curtain rings; deſk, book-caſe, and ſide hinges; cheſt, cupboard, till, box, pad, and ſtock locks; coffin furniture; brick and plaiſtering trowels; buckles and metal buttons; ſheep and other ſhears; ſciſſars, buck, ſhambuck, and ſplit-bone knives and forks; piſtol capt, cutteau, and pen-knives; fine, baſtard cut, and coarſe files; raſps; braſs, braſs bell, common and poliſhed candleſticks; bedſcrews; woodſcrews, from ½ to 3 inches long; ſprigs, trunk and hob nails; fiſhſkin, fine Turkey oil-ſtones, glue, ſhot, Taylor's window-glaſs; a neat aſſortment of mens and womens horſe-whips, ſome of them ſilver mounted; coach and chaiſe furniture; a variety of ſilver plated, poliſhed, and tinned bitts and ſtirrups; ſilver plated and poliſhed ſpurs; ſetts, ſtaples and plates; tuft nails, clout nails and tacks; worſted and linen webbs, livery lace, orris, worſted bridle reins, fringe, croſs barred, and other ſwanſkin; a neat parcel of pluſhes; white dreſſed calf, and ſheep-ſkins; ſadlers tools; Engliſh ſaddle-trees, riveted; curry-combs; ozenbrigs; fine, middling, and coarſe broadcloths, &c. &c. &c.

To be SOLD, by PUBLIC VENDUE, at the London Coffee-Houſe, on Monday evening, the 14th day of this inſtant September, at ſix o'clock,

A LOT of GROUND, within the limits of this city, juſt beyond the improved parts of it; it is bounded eaſtward with the Seventh ſtreet from Schuylkill, 396 feet, ſouthward with Pine-ſtreet, 183 feet, weſtward with a lot of Samuel Morris, Eſq; northward with ground belonging to the honourable Proprietaries; it has on it a good two ſtory dwelling-houſe, with three rooms on each floor, well ſituated for a gentleman's country ſeat; there are alſo on the ſaid lot, an excellent well of water, a good oven, ſtable and chaiſe-houſe, with an orchard of apple, peach, and pear trees, beſide ſome good mowing ground. One third of the purchaſe-money will be expected on executing the deed, and the other two thirds in ſix months (except a ſmall part, which may remain in the purchaſer's hands ſome years, on intereſt.) Any perſon deſirous to view the premiſes, may apply to the ſubſcriber, living thereon; or to Mr. George Morgan, living in Arch-ſtreet, Philadelphia. EVAN MORGAN. §

SEED BARLEY,

OF an extraordinary Quality, ſuperior to any in America, lately imported from the Coaſt of Barbary, and ſuitable to be ſown this Fall, to be ſold by REUBEN HAINES.

N. B. The Farmer may have any Quantity of the above Barley, returning an equal Number of Buſhels of its Produce. ¶

Reading, Auguſt 20, 1772.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be expoſed to ſale, on Saturday, the 5th day of September next, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, on the premiſes; a certain meſſuage, or tenement, plantation, and tract of land, ſituate on the Tulpehocken great road, about ſix miles from Reading, in the townſhip of Exeter, Berks county, adjoining the lands of Richard Penroſe, Peter Bechtel, and others; containing 100 acres, or thereabouts, whereon are convenient out-houſes, a good orchard, meadow, &c. late the eſtate of John Fehler, deceaſed, ſeized and taken in execution by GEORGE NAGEL, Sheriff. ¶

IMPORTED, and to be SOLD, by

DANIEL WILLIAMS, and SONS,

At their ſtore, in Front-ſtreet, between Cheſnut-ſtreet and the London Coffee-Houſe, Philadelphia,

A LARGE Aſſortment of ſuperfine, fine, middling, and coarſe BOULTING-CLOTHS.---Millers, and others, who are not ſkilled in chuſing them, may be ſupplied with thoſe, ſuitable for any or every branch of the boulting buſineſs, with particular directions reſpecting them, by informing them for which branch they are wanted. They have alſo a few pair of the beſt Cologne mill-ſtones to diſpoſe of. *Tho. 2m.*

For LIVERPOOL immediately,

The SHIP *PHILADELPHIA,* JAMES MALCOM, MASTER;

NOW lying at Mr. Rundle's Wharff, the North Side of Market-ſtreet. For Freight or Paſſage, apply to M'NEILE and TOLBERT, or ſaid Maſter on board.

Philadelphia, September 2, 1772.

[*For more new* ADVERTISEMENTS, *ſee the Fourth Page.*]

WARSAW, *June* 6.

GENERAL Haddick arrived the 23d of May at Eperies, to take the command of the Imperial troops deſtined to march into Poland, conſiſting of 12 regiments of Foot, and 9 of Horſe. It is certain that 800 Auſtrians have already taken poſſeſſion of Ducla, and another corps of 6000 men are marching towards Halicz.

Tyre, March 7. The Cheiks Aly and Salek, ſons of the Gheik Daher, ſet out for Damaſcus about the middle of laſt month, and entered, at the head of 1500 Arabian Horſe, and 2500 Egyptian foot, into the vaſt province of Hewran, ſituate to the ſouth eaſt of Damaſcus, and inhabited by Arabs, of the ſect of the Druſes. They gave battle, on the 20th, to the Cheik Aly of the Ottomans, in which the latter was routed, with the loſs of a great number of people, and 2000 camels. They afterwards made themſelves maſters of Naſſera and Baſſora, the only towns of that country which were in any ſtate of defence. They have alſo ſubjected the whole country to the obedience of Ali Bey, from which they have demanded 450,000 livres. The Cheik Orſoi, one of the moſt powerful Princes of the province, contributed to the victory, and his alliance with Ali Bey and the Cheik Daher, has been ſealed by the marriage of his daughters to Aly and Salek.

Conſtantinople, May 5. Although moſt of the ſhips which complete the fleet deſtined to retake Crimea, and ſuccour Oczakow, are come out of the Canal to proceed to the Black Sea, yet it is feared the Ruſſian fleet in that Sea, which conſiſts of 80 ſhips of different ſizes, will render our deſigns very difficult to execute, if not entirely abortive. It is hoped that the Truce, which is ſoon expected to take place, will render theſe and all other warlike preparations uſeleſs, and that the negociations at the Congreſs will be followed by a peace.

Peterſburgh, May 29. The Empreſs has made an augmentation of one fifth to the appointments of all the Officers of her army. Major General Lloyd is arrived here from London, and it is ſaid propoſes to enter into the ſervice of the Empreſs.

Cadiz, May 22. The St. Raphael, and St. Peter of Alcantara, two Spaniſh men of war, from the Havanna, arrived in our Bay the 20th inſtant. They have brought home 7,345,979 piaſtres in gold and ſilver, beſides very rich cargoes in other effects. The Marquis de Croix, Captain General of the King's forces, and late Viceroy of Mexico, came home in the St. Raphael.

LONDON, *June* 2.

Mrs. Cornwallis, Lady to the Archbiſhop of Canterbury, had, on Monday ſe'nnight, a grand route at Lambeth Palace, at which courtiers and patriots indiſcriminately aſſiſted. The number of coaches was near three hundred; the road was illuminated, and the company in general, did not retire till between eleven and twelve o'clock. His Grace the Archbiſhop was preſent. The ſame will be repeated next Monday evening. The late Archbiſhop being a batchelor, routes and revelry are quite a new amuſement at Lambeth Palace.

June 8. Several memorials have, we hear, lately paſſed between the Courts of London and Madrid, with reſpect to the Britiſh dominions adjoining the Miſſiſippi, in North-America; the Spaniſh Miniſtry being alarmed at the report of our eſtabliſhing a civil government there, and declaring, in pretty plain Engliſh, that they will not ſuffer us to improve our own territories in that part of the world, for fear we ſhould interfere with the intereſts of his moſt Catholic Majeſty.

June 9. Col. Luttrell, being lately talked to on the ſubject of his political conduct, ſaid, that his country ſhould ſoon ſee that there was not a man more attached to the public intereſt than himſelf; "and in this (ſaid he) I claim no merit, for I am heir to above 10,000l. a year in England; and if I am even the rogue my enemies have painted me, I cannot be fool enough to endanger ſuch a property, for the beſt employment in the gift of the Miniſtry."

June 12. *By letters from Paris we learn, that orders have been diſpatched to Toulon for the building, with all expedition, two men of war of the line, one of 74, and another of 64 guns, and three frigates of 36 guns each.*

The Spaniards have at this time in the harbour of Cadiz 21 men of war, beſides a vaſt number of ſmall veſſels, tranſports, &c. and upwards of 16,000 men are encamped in different parts of the neighbourhood.

Extract of a Letter from Cairo, April 5.

"Ayoub Bey, ſon to a ſiſter of Ali Bey, Governor of Gierge, the capital of Saidi, having heard that Mahomed Bey Aboudaab had entered into the territories under his government, and not daring to oppoſe him with inferior force to his own, had recourſe to artifice to ſurpriſe and kill him. He pretended to intereſt himſelf in favour of this Bey, and told him the pretended reaſons he had of complaint againſt his Uncle, but at the ſame time acquainted the Caimacan with his deſigns, and adviſed him ſecretly to ſend troops into Saidi. This ſtratagem ſucceeded ſo far, and the two Beys ſeemed to place a mutual confidence in each other; but Aboudaab receiving accounts by his emiſſaries of Ayoub's real ſentiments regarding him, reſolved to prevent them, and accordingly he got him into his camp and ſtabbed him in his tent, whither that Bey had come without any miſtruſt. This act of cruelty intirely prevents Aboudaab's being reconciled to Ali Bey, who, ſince hearing of this affair, has redoubled his preparations to revenge himſelf againſt Aboudaab, who becomes daily a more formidable enemy, and whoſe power in Egypt is much increaſed ſince the death of Ayoub."

Extract of a Letter from Warſaw, May 27.

"*On Sunday evening the famous Confederate Zaremba, accompanied by many Ruſſians, arrived in this city; his Huſſars have been incorporated among the Ruſſian troops, but the reſt of his corps, conſiſting of near 1800 men, are gone to the General Confederacy: However, it is thought that Pulawſky will ſoon follow Zaremba's example, and ſurrender. Yeſterday Zaremba dined with the Ruſſian Miniſter, and he will be preſented to his Poliſh Majeſty in a few days. The Ruſſian Miniſter has this day received an Expreſs from Peterſburgh, with particular diſpatches, which are kept very ſecret.*"

They write from Genoa, that a great bankruptcy has happened in the moſt capital houſe there, which has thrown every one there into confuſion, and done incredible damage.

It is ſaid that the banker who abſented himſelf, had a difference of ten per cent. to pay on a million and a half of India Stock, of which he had been a Bear for many months paſt.

Since the above abſence, numbers of people have placed their money in the Funds, who formerly uſed to truſt their caſh with Bankers.

June 16. It is ſaid the Daniſh Reſident at this Court has received letters of recal.

We hear that the Earl of Harcourt, Ambaſſador from this court to that of the French King, is appointed Lord Lieutenant of Ireland in the room of Lord Townſhend, who is preparing to ſet out for England, and that Lord Harcourt will not be recalled till an appointment to the embaſſy has taken place.

A Correſpondent ſays, that the late Secretary to a patriotic Society, who eloped with a young Lady of fortune, ſet out laſt week from Liſle, without his prize, on his way to Italy; he not being married to her as has been reported.

Extract of a Letter from Calcutta, dated November 5, 1771.

"We arrived at the Cape on the 16th of April; there was then at that place a French ſhip of 64 guns, and four tranſports, full of troops and proviſions. We had accounts lately of their having 10,000 men at the Mauritius: If this be true, we may expect a blow from that quarter. They have in a manner already begun their operations; for the King of Tanjour, at their inſtigation, has of late refuſed to pay his retinue. An army of 10,000 Europeans is irreſiſtible in India.

"The Governor and Council ſeem to be very apprehenſive; they have encreaſed the number of workmen at the Fort. There is to be a general muſter next Thurſday, when every Engliſhman, from 15 to 60, is to make his appearance."

Extract of a Letter from Algiers, May 4.

"This place is put in a proper ſtate of defence, to oppoſe any new enterprizes which the Danes may form: But it is ſaid that Rear Admiral Hoogland, and the Sieur Suenſſen, formerly Conſul from Denmark at Tunis, are expected here immediately; and it is preſumed, that they are charged with a negotiation between their nation and our regency. There is the greateſt appearance here of a moſt abundant harveſt."

Extract of a Letter from Amſterdam, June 2.

"The attention of the Politicians on the Continent was lately engaged by a diſpute among the United Provinces, which threatened to diſſolve the union. Zealand refuſed to pay its quota; and that Province was ſuſpected of a deſire to be connected with a neighbouring Power. The Prince of Orange did, by his own authority, what one of the moſt determined of his predeceſſors could not accompliſh till he executed Barnevelt, and impriſoned Grotius. He gave the refractory a few days to deliberate whether it would chooſe to be treated as an ally, or as a conquered country? it preferred the former: And the other Provinces have lent it money to pay off its debts, and the contingents."

Laſt night a courier arrived in town from Lord Grantham, at Madrid, with diſpatches of an intereſting nature.

A Great Perſonage has now in his poſſeſſion an exact liſt of all the ſhips of the line belonging to every power of Europe, which he has been at great expence to obtain.

June 17. *It is ſaid that Agents are gone over to hire two regiments of German troops, for the uſe of the Eaſt-India Company.*

A coalition is ſaid to be on the carpet, under the direction of Lord Mansfield, who had a conference with the Marquis of Rockingham, at his houſe at Wimbledon, on Saturday laſt, ſince which, we hear the latter has viſited Lord Chatham on the ſame account.

June 18. Private letters from Madrid adviſe, that the King of Spain is very much diſſatisfied with the conduct of the Court of Verſailles, with reſpect to the Jeſuits; and that his Catholic Majeſty has directed his Ambaſſador at Paris to come forthwith to Madrid, to concert proper meaſures for the utter extirpation of that Society, and endeavour to engage the French to concur in this plan more heartily than they have hitherto done.

A Letter from a Gentleman at Copenhagen, to his Friend at Sheffield, May 12.

"A military Gentleman arrived lately here from England (whoſe name isMorris, and ſuppoſed to be an Iriſhman) and was introduced to ſome Daniſh Officers by one of his countrymen. They dined together; after which the diſcourſe turned upon the preſent troubles here. Morris expreſſed great ſurprize at their treatment of their amiable Queen, who, when in England, was univerſally beloved, as well for her ſtrict virtue, as humility and ſweetneſs of diſpoſition: On which the Dane declared ſhe merited much more ſeverity than ſhe had been treated with. The Iriſhman deſiring to know what part of her conduct he thought culpable; was replied to by the Dane with a Sneer; and after ſome little altercation, they drew, and having exchanged a few paſſes, the Daniſh Officer received a dangerous wound in his breaſt; on which Capt. Morris was arreſted, and is now confined; but it is thought Sir Robert Murray Keith will intereſt himſelf in his favour."

June 19. *It is ſtrongly reported at the Weſt end of the town that Sir Robert Murray Keith left the Court of Denmark in diſguſt, from the ill treatment he met with from the Prime Miniſter, and others of the Queen Dowager's party, that he will not return thither again, neither will any other Ambaſſador be ſent, till ſatisfaction is made for the injury done to the Queen Caroline Matilda, &c.*

Orders are given from the Admiralty Office for buiding 6 new ſhips of the line; one of 74 guns, at Deptford; two of 70, at Chatham; two of 74, at Portſmouth; and one of 60, at Plymouth.

Extract of a letter from Smyrna, May 8.

"*Notwithſtanding the Ruſſian Admiral has taken, condemned, and actually ſold, at the iſland of Paros, 5 French ſhips laden with rice, the French Court are determined not to give up this lucrative branch of commerce. That nation has now 50 merchant ſhips laden with proviſions, &c. bound for Conſtantinople, and are reſolved to diſpute the right of ſailing in the Archipelago with the Ruſſians. For which the Court of Verſailles has granted theſe merchantmen a convoy of 4 frigates of war. The convoy and merchantmen have already arrived ſafe at the Dardanelles; and on their arrival, the proviſions in general were greatly reduced.*"

June 20. The Duke of Cumberland was the only Knt. of the Garter that was not ſummoned to attend the Chapter yeſterday at St. James's.

A Gentleman who aſſumes the character of the *Britiſh Spy*, in a letter publiſhed yeſterday aſſerts, "That the Imperial and Pruſſian Ambaſſadors, reſiding at the Court of Verſailles, have not only demanded an audience in due form, in order to lay before his moſt Chriſtian Majeſty the reaſons which have induced the Emperor of Germany, and the King of Pruſſia, to enter the kingdom of Poland, with ſuch formidable armies, but *that audience*, hath in due form been actually REFUSED."

The ſame Gentleman, in a letter publiſhed this day, ſays, in confirmation of the above,---"Be pleaſed to inform our two Secretaries of State, that his Excellency Prince Louis of Rohan, the French Ambaſſador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary, is actually RECALLED."

On Tueſday ſome letters of importance were received at the weſt end of the town from an Engliſh Gentleman at Paris, which give an imperfect account of Lettres de Cachet having been iſſued againſt two very eminent Noblemen near Rouen, and of their being impriſoned for contriving againſt the ſtate in favour of a certain great Duke of the Blood Royal.

By letters received from Conſtantinople, we are informed, that the chief Mufti had been ſtrangled there, he being ſuſpected of having had a correſpondence with the Ruſſians.

Advices received from Peterſburgh ſay, that the Empreſs has given orders for raiſing a body of 50,000 men among the peaſant vaſſals.

It is ſaid that orders were diſpatched yeſterday morning to Chatham, to fit out five ſloops of war immediately for the Weſt-Indies.

June 23. They write from Copenhagen, that Queen Caroline Matilda, before her departure, made a preſent of 800 rixdollars to each of her Ladies in waiting.

Extract of a Letter from Cologne, June 12.

"Letters from Italy, dated the 2d inſt. adviſe, that an acconnt had been received there from Mexico, that a violent earthquake had deſtroyed the greateſt part of the city of Manilla, the capital of the Philippine Iſlands; but that happily very few of the inhabitants loſt their lives by this dreadful accident."

Extract of a letter from Edinburgh, June 19.

"*We hear that the Duke of Glouceſter is expected this ſummer at Inverary, on a viſit to the Duke of Argyle.*"

Letters from the Continent ſay, that the Ruſſian Ambaſſador at Stockholm has made a very extraordinary demand, in the name of his Royal miſtreſs.

June 25. A letter from Hanover, dated June 9, concludes thus: "Her Majeſty the Queen of Denmark, who arrived on the 7th inſtant at Goerde, intends to reſide at Hanover, not at Zell; and the hotel, called the Furſtenhouſe, is fitting up with the greateſt ſplendor for her reception."

A private letter from the Hague concludes thus: "The people of this country have not for many years experienced ſuch a ſcarcity of money as at preſent. The great loans lately negociated have drained the rich of their money, and the heavy taxes have almoſt ruined the middling ſort."

We hear from the Hague, that a Ruſſian Nobleman of great diſtinction, is now there, negociating a loan for the ſervice of the Empreſs.

Orders have been iſſued for all the Officers belonging to the regiments in Ireland to join their reſpective corps by the 20th of next month.

A certain noble Lord in Adminiſtration has within theſe few days deſired leave to reſign, but received a peremptory denial.

Sunday laſt died, at Newnham in Glouceſterſhire, Mrs. Keith, aged 133, who retained her ſenſes till within a fortnight before her death. She has left 6000l. to her three daughters, the youngeſt of whom is 109 years of age: She has likewiſe left behind her about 70 grand-children and great grand-children.

Mr. Alexander, of Edinburgh, now in London, adverties that he is ready to pay all bills drawn or indorſed by the bank of Douglas, Heron, and Co. on ſuch houſes as have ſtopped payment.

Extract of a letter from Marienwerder, June 12.

"Our new Sovereign the King of Pruſſia, whoſe general wiſhes and deſires are only for the happineſs of his ſubjects, has found it highly intereſting as well for his new ſubjects in *New Pruſſia*, as for his ſubjects in *Sileſia*, to join the river *Oder* with the *Weichſel*; for the execution of which truly Royal undertaking, great preparations are already made; the Sieur *Brenckenhof*, his Majeſty's chief Engineer, arrived here yeſterday for that purpoſe; the ſum of 600,000 dollars, or 100,000l. is ordered from the Royal treaſury to defray the expences. The King ordered alſo, that none but inhabitants of this province ſhall be employed in this work, ſo that all the money will be expended in *New Pruſſia*.

June 26. *Yeſterday morning an expreſs was diſpatched from Kew to Queen Matilda, in Hanover, and had ſpecial orders to make all the haſte that was poſſible.*

A correſpondent ſays, the conſequences of the preſent failure in public credit will be ſeverely felt at Newcaſtle, where the merchants have been very free in the circulation of paper, and he hopes that for the future they will truſt to their real coal, inſtead of ſuch ideal wealth, for their credit with mankind.

They write from the Hague, that the preſent diſpute about Surrinam makes a great noiſe in Holland, and they are afraid the ſame may be productive of diſagreeable conſequences to the republic.

It is believed, that ſome of our continental friends were largely concerned in the late ſhocks our credit has received, and that they are much diſconcerted at the ſenſible and benevolent conduct of the merchants of London, in ſtepping forward to ſtop the torrent of deſolation, or univerſal bankruptcy, which ſeemed to threaten this land, and could no otherwiſe have been checked, than by their timely interpoſition.

June 27. A Correſpondent ſays, it may be depended on as authentic, that a patent is making out for a Peerage for Sir Robert Keith, lately arrived from Copenhagen; and that he is the perſon fixed on to ſucceed Lord Harcourt at Verſailles.

Letters from Cadiz ſay, that on the 4th of laſt month a fleet of 7 ſail of the line, and 2 frigates, ſailed out of the Bay, but their deſtination was not known.

June 29. *There are now fitting out in different yards, twenty-five ſail of ſhips for the Eaſt-India Company's ſervice.*

They write from Dunkirk, that the French, at this time, employ 1500 men in the yard at Breſt only.

It is ſaid that General Conway will be appointed Commander in Chief of his Majeſty's forces in North America, in the room of General Gage, who is to return to England.

Extract of a letter from Amſterdam, June 23.

"*Your two laſt favours of the 16th and 19th inſt. like many more advices, bring us terrible work among the principal claſs of merchants. No wonder, indeed, they ſhould avail themſelves of whatever valuable effects they can get at, in order to convert them into money. Such are the precarious conſequences on all occaſions of diſtreſs and ſtagnation of paper credit. Yet, alarming as your accounts appear, the principal houſes here are determined to weather the ſtorm, eſpecially now we find the* GREAT PILLARS *on our exchange ſtand their ground very coolly and firmly. This material circumſtance, when known on your ſide the water, will, no doubt, operate towards mending the ſtocks, ſeeing the fall in your funds ſeems to have been occaſioned by ſome groundleſs reports reſpecting a certain houſe here. I have ſent you the prices of your ſtocks, as they were done this day on our exchange, by which you will perceive, that we are not ſorry, that ſome rotten ſheep in your paſtures have been forced to fly away, and no longer infect the ſound flock.---India, 225 1-4th, Aug. Bank 151 1-4th, ditto; South Sea, 100 1-8th, ditto; 4 per cents. 94 1-8th, ditto; and 3 per cents. 90 ditto.*"

It is the opinion of many politicians, that the poſture of affairs in Germany renders it indiſpenſably neceſſary for Lord Chatham to take part in Adminiſtration; and they alledge, in ſupport of this opinion, that his Lordſhip, being moſt intimately acquainted with the intricacies of German connections, is the only perſon capable of negociating with the Princes of that quarter of the globe.---But others ſay, however well acquainted that nobleman may be with German intricacies, it ſeems rather too late in the day to ſet about to unravel them, as the Emperor, the Empreſs of Ruſſia, and the King of Pruſſia, ſeem to have ſettled the diviſion of Poland, at leaſt to their own mutual ſatisfaction.

Sir George Colebrooke and Mr. Arnold Neſbit, are gone to Dublin with a large ſum of Money, we hear, to ſupport a bank which they have in that city, and which in the preſent ſtate of public credit cannot be placed upon too ſolid a foundation.

Extract of a letter from Vienna, June 10.

"*An exact account of all the Imperial troops now in Poland is handed about here, by which it appears that our young and favourite Emperor has actually 50,000 forces already in Poland, beſides nearly an equal number who are on their reſpective marches for the ſame kingdom, from the different diſtricts of Bohemia, Sileſia, Hungary, and Tranſylvania. The ſeveral Poliſh diſtricts which the Emperor's troops have already taken poſſeſſion of, extend from Zoter, on both ſides of the river Weiſchel, all along Red Ruſſia, Pecutia, and Moldavia, quite to the mouth of the Black Sea. Mr. Janus, Firſt Engraver to the Imperial Court of Vienna, has engraved and publiſhed a map of theſe new-acquired dominions, under the name of New Hungary; it conſiſts of 12 capital towns, beſides 180 villages, adjoining to Sileſia only, without comprizing thoſe numerous other towns and villages in Red Ruſſia, Pecutia, and Moldavia, in which laſt mentioned province General Haddick is to have his head quarters.*"

June 30. Six Meſſengers arrived laſt night at the Secretary's Office in Cleveland-Row, with diſpatches from foreign parts.

It is reported, that the Duke of St. Alban's will ſhortly be created Lord Privy Seal, in the room of the Duke of Grafton.

Extract of a private Letter from the Hague, June 23.

"*The letters from Saxony cannot find terms to expreſs the extreme degree of miſery and want that prevails in that Electorate, eſpecially towards the mountains, where whole villages are deſerted by their inhabitants, in queſt of food, and the immediate neceſſaries of life.*"

July 1. Letters from Paris ſay, that 15,000 muſquets, of a new invention, are finiſhed at Vincennes; they fire fifteen times in a minute, carry 900 paces, and weigh nine pounds.

This day Sir Joſeph Yorke and Sir Robert Murray Keith, had the honour of a conference with his Majeſty, previous to the Levee. It is ſaid the latter is to go Ambaſſador Extraordinary to the Court of Vienna.

July 2. A Correſpondent ſays, "The conduct of the B-----s, in the late attempt to extend the Toleration of Proteſtant Diſſenters, however unjuſtifiable it may appear in a religious view, was quite agreeable to the uſual High-Church policy. If the ſpirit of the age will not permit the execution of the preſent penal Laws againſt Nonconformiſts, times more favourable to Intolerance may return; and future Lauds may convert refractory Diſſenters, by arguments of a very cogent nature, drawn from thoſe penal ſtatutes, ſo wiſely retained by the Governors of our Church."

Laſt night a courier arrived with ſome diſpatches from his Excellency Lord Cathcart, at Peterſburgh.

This morning two meſſengers were diſpatched from St. James's, one to Verſailles, and the other to Berlin.

Some letters from Rome mention, that a conclave of cardinals will be held there in a few days, to conſult on methods to oppoſe ſome meditated expulſions in Spain and Portugal, which, if they take place, will ſhake the papal power to its centre.

KINGSTOWN (St. VINCENT) *July* 4.

On Monday the 22d ult. arrived here from Grenada, a detachment (conſiſting of 70 men) of his Majeſty's 70th regiment, under the command of Captain Chamberlayne; and on Tueſday laſt arrived here his Majeſty's ſhips of war, the Creſcent, Captain Conner, the Kennington, Captain Clarke, and the Favourite, Captain Biggs, all from Antigua.

On Saturday laſt was publiſhed in Kingſtown, an Act of the Legiſlature of this iſland, entituled, "An Act to empower the perſon commanding in this iſland for the time being, by and with the conſent of the Council, to order out a certain number of negroes and mules, to be employed from time to time as occaſion may require." And,

On Wedneſday laſt was alſo publiſhed, "An Act for laying a duty of Powder on all veſſels trading to and from this iſland, for the protection and defence of the ſame."

Same day arrived here from Grenada, the Honourable Harry Gordon, his Majeſty's Chief Engineer in this government.

The ſloop Bottetourt, Captain Halliburton, arrived here on Sunday from Dominica, having on board a great quantity of ordnance ſtores, and a detachment of the Royal Regiment of Artillery, under the command of Lieutenant Roſs; and on Friday morning Captain Halliburton ſailed for Grenada with diſpatches from his Excellency the General.

QUEBEC, August 6.

On Sunday last Michael Due, a Canadian, was, at the Supreme Court, tried and convicted of the wilful murder of Mr. Tobias Isenhout, Merchant, at Detroit, on the 2d day of September, 1770, and on Monday last he was sent off, under a strong guard, for Montreal, where he is to be executed.

After he had committed the horrid Deed, he fled to the Ilinois, from whence being brought back to Detroit, he, in the Presence of the Commanding Officer, Philip Dejean, Esq; and several other witnesses, voluntarily confessed, that he had murdered Mr. Isenhout, by first giving him, as he lay asleep in his bed, two strokes on the head with a tomahawk, and then cutting off one of his legs; after which he put the body in a large trunk, and buried it in a cellar; notwithstanding this confession, at the bar he pleaded not guilty, but was convicted on trial, and sentenced to die; after which, the Chief Justice returned his thanks to Philip Dejean, Esq; of Detroit, for his great assiduity in bringing this wicked murderer to justice. At the place of execution he confessed the fact, but shewed not the least concern for it; he was executed according to his sentence.

Aug. 13. On Friday, the 11th inst. about two in the afternoon, a fire broke out in the Seminary at Quebec, which burnt about the 5th part of it: It began in the roof, but by what means is not certainly known. The wind blowing pretty fresh from the N. E. the greatest part of the town was in imminent danger, the sparks falling in showers on the houses, &c. to the leeward, which were several times on fire, particularly the chapel, and the church of the Jesuits college. There was a general consternation, occasioned by about 200 cords of fire-wood, which lay within ten feet of the college, and on which the fire fell like rain. But through the extraordinary efforts of the officers and troops in garrison, and the *Amiable Society*, the flames were at length suppressed, after the S. W. part of the N. wing of the edifice had been burnt to the ground.

NEW-YORK, *August* 31.

Extract of a Letter from Ireland, dated June 1, 1772.

"The law in force respecting flaxseed, has rendered the sales of that article very precarious, there having been a verdict against Mr. Usher, of Dublin, for the value of £ 3 per hogshead, on thirty hogsheads, because it did not produce a sufficient crop.--A precedent which makes that trade very dangerous: For instance, I suppose 100 hogsheads of flaxseed to be consigned to me; I sell them, and the seed, either from the badness of the season, improper culture, or soil, doth not grow, then I am liable to an action for its value, and the £ 3 per hogshead more. Pray how am I to recover the freight (and £ 3 per hogshead) from my employers?"

Captain Sprainger from Teneriffe, on his Voyage, touched at Fyall, where he was obliged to pay a heavy Duty for all the Cargoe he had on board, notwithstanding he had not the least Intention to dispose of any Part thereof. The same Imposition was some Time before laid on Captain Barclay of Boston, and a Captain from Rhode-Island. The 23d inst. Lat. 37, Long. 69, Captain Sprainger spoke with the Ship York, Captain Marvin, from Virginia, for London, 7 Days out, and the Captain at the Point of Death.

Saturday Evening last Major Etherington, arrived here from Detroit and Niagara, with 6 Companies of the Second Battalion of his Majesty's 60th or Royal American Regiment; and we hear a Detachment from the First Battalion of the same Regiment, sets out from hence for New-Jersey in a few Days.

PHILADELPHIA, *September* 2.

CORTLAND SKINNER, Esq; is chosen Speaker of the General Assembly of New-Jersey.

Early on the First Instant, departed this Life, in the Seventieth Year of his Age, the Reverend ROBERT HARDING, 23 Years Pastor of the Roman Catholic Congregation of this City. A Gentleman who, for the Integrity of his Life, and exemplary Conversation, is greatly lamented.

Captain Patterson, from Jamaica, on the 25th ult. about 33 Leagues from our Capes, spoke with Captain Allibone, in a Schooner, from this Port for Dominica, two Days out, all well.

By Captain Brown, from St. Vincent, we learn, that Part of three Regiments from Antigua and Grenada, were arrived at that Place, where they wait for the Arrival of the Forces from North-America, and then were to proceed in suppressing the Insurrection of the Indians there.

Captain Newman, from Anguilla, but last from Bermuda, on the 13th Instant, in Lat. 34, Long. 67: 37, spoke a Snow, from Virginia for London; and on the 22d, 40 Leagues from our Capes, spoke a Schooner, Capt. Goodwin, from this Port for Boston, out 3 Days.

By Captain Newman we are informed, that a Pilot arrived at Bermuda, who acquainted him, that a Ship from this Port, loaded with Lumber, on the 6th of August, struck on the Rocks of that Island, by which her Mizen-mast was carried away, but got off again, and was so full of Water, that the People had got some Sails for an Awning on the Quarter-deck, which was the only Part of the Ship above Water, and was proceeding for Cape Nichola, by the Assistance of a Schooner, who was to keep them Company, in case any further Accident should happen.

Captain Scott, from Grenada, on the 12th Instant, in Lat. 35, Long. 71, spoke a Snow, from Virginia for Liverpool, out 3 Days.

Captain Gutchius, from Newcastle on Tyne, on the 7th ult. in Lat. 42: 22, Long. 36: 30, spoke a Ship, from Liverpool for Boston, out 25 Days: On the 8th Instant, in Lat. 37: 32, Long. 63, spoke the Ship King of Portugal, Captain Buckley, of this Port, for Lisbon, out 7 Days: On the 16th, in Lat. 38: 40, Long. 67, spoke the Snow Shirley, Captain Curtis, from this Port for Waterford, out 4 Days; and on the 21st, in Lat 38: 11, Long. 72, spoke the Brig Henry, Captain Vickery, from this Port for Montserrat, out 1 Day, all well.

Captain Hardy, from Falmouth, on the 1st ult. in Lat. 49: 25, Long. 24: 30, spoke the Brig Industrious Mary, Captain Hallwell, from Virginia for London, out 42 Days; same Day spoke a Sloop of War, from Jamaica for England, out 37 Days: On the 8th, in Lat. 47: 46, Long. 34, spoke a French Ship, from Cape Francois for Nantz, out 25 Days; and on the 14th Instant, in Lat. 40: 16, Long. 62: 33, spoke a Schooner from Casco Bay, to Demerara, on the Spanish Main, out 5 Days, all well.

Captain M'Culloch, from Newry, on the 28th of June, in Lat. 50: 11, Long. 26, spoke a Brig, from Antigua for Liverpool: On the 4th Instant, in Lat. 39: 44, Long. 68, spoke a Brig, from Virginia for London: On the 11th, in Lat. 38: 54, Long. 62: 56, spoke the Ship Nancy, Captain Howard, from London for Virginia, out 32 Days: On the 12th, in Lat. 39: 32, Long. 65: 30, spoke a Schooner, from Boston for Jamaica, out 4 Days; and on the 22d, 48 Leagues from our Capes, spoke a Sloop, from this Port for St. Kitts, out 1 Day, all well.

Captain Robinson, from the Bay of Honduras, on the 5th Instant, in Lat. 23: 7, Long. 86, spoke a Ship, Captain Bartow, from Jamaica for London, out 16 Days.

On Wednesday, the 26th ult. was married, Mr. JOHN EVANS, of Uwchland Township, Chester County, Storekeeper, to Mrs. AGNES BARNARD, of said County, Widow.

Arrived at St. Christophers. Sloop Black Prince, Captain Campbell, from New-York; Sloop Sally, Wilson, from Maryland; and the Brig Dolphin, Captain Sparks, from New-London.

At Jamaica. Captains Gilbert and Finley, from Philadelphia; Guilford, from New-York; and Captain Lamount, from Virginia.

PRICE CURRENT *of the following* GOODS *in* Philadelphia.

Flour 21s. 9d. Wheat 8s. Indian Corn 3s. 9d. Ship Bread 21s. 6d. Middling Ditto 32s. 6d. White Ditto 60s. Pipe Staves 10l. Barrel Ditto 3l. 15s. Hogshead Ditto 6l. 10s. Red Oak Ditto 5l. Irish Beef 3l. 10s. Country Ditto 3l. Pork 5l. West-India Rum 3s. 2d. New-England Ditto 2s. 2d. Pennsylvania Ditto 2s. 2d. Madeira Wine 50l. to 70l. Muscovado Sugar 50s. to 60s. Melasses 20d. Pennsylvania Loaf Sugar 11d. Pitch 14s. Tar 14s. Turpentine 18s. Tobacco 25s. to 40s. Rice 24s. Lisbon Salt 20d. Bohea Tea 4s. Hemp 6d. Cotton 16d. Bar Iron 28l. Pig Ditto 8l.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, *Philadelphia.* INWARD ENTRIES.

Sloop Hannah, G. May, from Madeira. Brig Tobago, J. Scott, Grenades. Schooner Rachel, J. Newman, Anguilla. Brig Molly, J. Mullet, St. Kitts. Schooner Kingston, R. Patterson, Jamaica. Brig Isabella, J. Brown, St. Vincent. Snow Thomas and Mary, P. Le Hardie, Falmouth. Ship Hawke, J. Gutchius, Newcastle. Ship Hannah, J. Mitchell, and Ship Phœbe and Peggy, D. M'Cullough, Newcastle, on Delaware. Sloop Frugality, J. Barry, and Schooner Industry, M. Williamson, Halifax. Schooner Ann, R. Robinson, Newfoundland. Brig Charlestown Packet, S. Wright, and Brig Friendship, J. Blewer, S. Carolina. Brig Georgia Packet, J. Souder, Georgia. Schooner Bonaventure, J. Waterman, Nantucket. Schooner Lovely Lass, J. Stephen, Maryland. Sloop Molly, E. Rogers, and Sloop Peggy, S. Hinkly, Boston.

OUTWARDS. Brig Sophia, W. Haselton, and Ship James and Mary Ann, W. Budden, Lisbon. Sloop Patowmack, G. Rowe, Maryland. Sloop Beveridge, J. Walsh, Jamaica. Brig Tobago, J. Scott, Grenades. Brig Georgia Packet, J. Souder, Georgia.

CLEARED. Brig Lovely Lass, P. Bruster, Madeira. Sloop Favourite, J. Anson, Nevis. Brig Chance, D. Harra, St. Thomas. Brig Jenny, E. Moore, and Sloop Banister, Z. Burchmore, Grenades. Snow Stirling, G. Thompson, Jamaica. Sloop Peggy, G. Crombie, Virginia. Ship Mercury, J. Steel, Barbados. Schooner Betsy, A. Gurling, N. Carolina. Ship George, J. Martin, Lisbon. Sloop Molly, V. Wightman, R. Island.

To-morrow will be published, and sold by HALL and SELLERS, at the *New Printing-Office*, in *Market-street*,

POOR RICHARD's ALMANACK for 1773.

ON Thursday next, the 3d of this instant September, at one o' clock, at FOOTMAN and JEYES's Vendue-store, will begin the SALE of a large and neat assortment of MERCHANDIZE. And on Thursday, the 10th, will be sold, the following SILKS, consisting of blue, green, pink, and cloth-coloured English damasks; blue, green, and cloth-coloured paduasoys; flowered paduasoys and velures; black hair grograms; a variety of ribbons; changeable and Italian lutestrings and mantuas; masqueraded ditto; blue, green, orange, pink, and cloth-coloured sattins; peelings, of sundry colours; rich black sattins; blue India damasks; cloth coloured paduasoys; flowered sattins; black English mantuas, &c. &c. *N. B.* The above silks to be seen at RICHARD FOOTMAN's store, in Third-street, until the day of sale. ¶ 1W.

To the FREEHOLDERS, and others, ELECTORS for the City and County of PHILADELPHIA.

GENTLEMEN,

I RETURN you my hearty Thanks for the Honour you did me the last Year, in voting me on the Return for Coroners, and as I intend to stand a Candidate for the said Office, at the ensuing Election, I beg the Favour of your Votes and Interest, which shall be gratefully acknowledged by, GENTLEMEN,

Your obliged Friend, and humble Servant,

CALEB CASH, Coroner.

To the FREEHOLDERS, and other ELECTORS, for the County and Borough of CHESTER.

GENTLEMEN,

I STAND a Candidate for the Sheriff's Office, for which Purpose, I humbly request the Favour of your Votes and Interest, at the ensuing Election; which Favour shall be gratefully accepted, and thankfully remembered, by *Your sincere Friend*,

§ JOSEPH GIBBONS, junior.

To the FREEHOLDERS and others, ELECTORS in and for the County and Borough of CHESTER.

ESTEEMED FRIENDS,

I STAND a Candidate for the Sheriff's Office, and request the Favour of your Votes and Interest, at the ensuing Election, for the same; which Favour shall be gratefully acknowledged, and kept in remembrance, by *Your sincere Friend*,

August 31, 1772. NATHANIEL VERNON. ‖

To the FREEHOLDERS, and others, ELECTORS for the Borough and County of CHESTER.

GENTLEMEN,

I RETURN you my sincere Acknowledgments for the Honour done me, in choosing me one of your Assessors these three Years past; but, as a longer Continuance in that Station would be very inconvenient to me, I request the Favour of you to choose some other Person, at the ensuing Election, to serve in stead of, Your sincere Friend,

Newgarden, Aug. 31, 1772. ‖ SAMUEL MILLER.

Chester, August 31, 1772.

BY Virtue of a Writ to me directed, on the 21st Day of September next, at 1 o' Clock in the Afternoon, will be exposed to public Sale, A certain Messuage or Tenement, Plantation and Tract of Land, situate in Fallowfield Township, containing 129¾ Acres of Land, be the same more or less; bounded by Lands of Samuel Bailey, Andrew Scott, Andrew Olifant, and Robert M'Min; late the Estate of Robert Wason; seized and taken in execution, and to be sold, by JESSE MARIS, Sheriff.

BY Virtue of a Writ to me directed, on the 22d Day of September next, at 10 o' Clock in the Forenoon, will be exposed to Sale by public Vendue, A certain Messuage or Tenement, Plantation and Tract of Land thereunto belonging, situate in Sadsbury Township, Chester County, containing 177 Acres, be the same more or less; bounded by Lands of Samuel Miller, David Moore, and William Pusey; late the Estate of John Cooper; seized and taken in Execution, and to be sold, by JESSE MARIS, Sheriff.

BY Virtue of a Writ to me directed, on the 22d Day of September next, will be exposed to public Sale, on the Premises, at 2 o' Clock in the afternoon, A certain Messuage, Tenement, Plantation and Tract of Land thereunto belonging, situate, lying and being in Sadsbury Township, Chester County, containing 275 Acres, and the Allowance for Roads, be the same more or less; bounded by Lands of William Ferguson, Robert Patton, Joseph Walker, William Dickey, and Doe-run. The Dwelling-house is Part built with Stone, and Part with squared Logs, with a large Cellar under it, and is a licensed Tavern, with a Barn, Stables and Sheds, a good Spring, with a Stone-house over it, a Tan-yard, with a Tan-house, Bark-house, &c. erected thereon, a large Meadow, two bearing Orchards, &c. Late the Estate of Alexander Sumrall; seized and taken in Execution, and to be sold, by

JESSE MARIS, Sheriff.

BY Virtue of a Writ to me directed, on the 23d Day of September next, at 1 o' Clock in the Afternoon, will be exposed to public Sale, a certain Messuage or Tenement, Plantation, and Tract or Parcel of Land thereunto belonging, situate in East-Caln Township, containing 84 Acres of Land, be the same more or less; bounded by Lands of Thomas Green, James Eldridge, and John Culbertson, jun. late the Estate of John Culbertson, Esq; deceased; seized and taken in Execution, and to be sold, by

JESSE MARIS, Sheriff.

BY Virtue of a Writ to me directed, on the 24th Day of September, at One o'Clock in the Afternoon, will be exposed to Sale by public Vendue, a certain Messuage or Tenement, Plantation, and Tract or Parcel of Land thereunto belonging, situate in East-Nantmill Township, containing 274 Acres, be the same more or less; the above Plantation is capable of great Improvement; late the Estate of John Starrett, deceased; seized and taken in Execution, and to be sold by JESSE MARIS, Sheriff.

BY Virtue of a Writ to me directed, on the 25th Day of September, at One o'Clock in the Afternoon, will be exposed to public Sale, a certain Messuage or Tenement, Plantation, and Tract or Parcel of Land thereunto belonging, situate in Radnor Township, containing 174 Acres, be the same more or less, bounded by Lands of Jashur Roberts, John Lewis, and others; late the Estate of Elisha Thomas; seized and taken in Execution, and to be sold by JESSE MARIS, Sheriff.

BY Virtue of a Writ to me directed, on the 26th Day of September, at Three o'Clock in the Afternoon, will be exposed to public Sale, a certain Brick Messuage or Tenement, and Kitchen, with a Lot of Ground thereunto belonging, situate in Lower Chichester, alias Marcus-Hook, containing 40 Feet in Front, and 200 Feet in Depth, bounded by the River Delaware, Discord Lane, and Lands of Mary and Thomas Clayton; late the Estate of Robert Moulder; seized and taken in Execution, and to be sold by

JESSE MARIS, Sheriff.

Philadelphia, September 2, 1772.

To be SOLD, at public Vendue, at the London Coffee-House, THIS EVENING, at Six o' Clock,

TWO well built brick DWELLING-HOUSES, two stories high, two rooms on a floor, good garrets, and excellent cellars under the whole, containing about 17½ feet in front; the lots on which they stand are 99 feet deep, and are situated on the west side of Sixth-street, between Market and Arch-streets; they have an alley between them, and the privilege of a four feet alley, back of the lots, which leads into a 14 feet alley, running from Sixth to Seventh-street; each house rents for £ 20 per ann. Also a LOT of GROUND, containing 19¼ feet front, and 64 feet deep, on the east side of Fourth-street, near Lombard-street, with the privilege of a four feet alley, extending into said Lombard-street.----Also another LOT of GROUND, containing 18 feet front, and 77 feet in depth, on the north side of Lombard-street, bounded eastward by Mr. Thomas Wharton's lot, and westward by Edward Shippen Esquire's ground; they are free from all incumbrances. The purchaser, paying one half of the money down, may have six months credit, with interest, to pay the remainder, by giving sufficient security, if required. For further particulars enquire of PETER WIKOFF.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to all masters or owners of any vessel, coasting to or from any port, or creek, between the capes and Philadelphia, that from and after the date hereof, every such vessel, coming to my wharffs, or within my piers, at Chester, will be subject to the payment of *Eighteen-pence*, from their first coming to, and *Eighteen-pence* for every 24 hours they shall lie there in the summer, fall, or spring seasons; and in the winter months *Three Shillings*, from their first coming to, and the like sum for every day they so lie there afterwards. As these wharffs have been built by the subscriber, at a very great expence, and are of extensive service to the public, it is hoped it will be thought agreeable to the laws of reason and equity, that some consideration should be paid for the service. FRANCIS RICHARDSON.

September 3, 1772. ¶

To be SOLD to the highest bidder, in Leesburg, on the 4th Monday in November next, being Loudoun county Court day,

THE LOT and HOUSE wherein I now live, situate in the most public part of the said town, of Leesburg, a corner lot, and the public roads from Frederick county to Alexandria, and from Pennsylvania to Carolina leading thereby; it is conveniently improved, with a brick house two stories high, and all other houses and cellars, suitable for keeping a good tavern, as fine a well of water, with a good pump, as any on the continent; also eight acres of extraordinary good meadow, adjoining the said town, with the conveniency of being well watered by a very constant stream running through it. Twelve months credit will be allowed the purchaser, on giving bond, and approved security, to

August 8, 1772. CRAVEN PEYTON. ‡ 7s6.

JOSHUA CRESSON

Hath lately opened a NEW STORE, the upper end of Second-street, three doors above the sign of the Red Lion, where he hath for SALE,

LOAF, lump, and Muscovado sugars, bohea tea, coffee, chocolate, pepper, ginger, allspice, French indigo, Weston's and Adams's snuff, ground redwood, madder, braziletto, fustick, coperas, allum, cotton in bags, corks, brimstone, pipes in kegs, English rag-stones; likewise Madeira and Malaga wines, and Lisbon and Liverpool salt. ¶

WE take this method of informing the Public, that a STAGE is now carried on, between Philadelphia and Baltimore, by the way of Wilmington and Charles-Town.---- The advantages that will attend this stage, we hope will induce every person (that wants a quick dispatch to Baltimore) to favour us with their custom; as Wilmington is situated on Christine, 3 miles from Delaware river, and Charles-Town on North-East river, 8 miles from Elk river; we flatter ourselves, shall never be detained by contrary winds, as is too often the case with other Stages. FOUDREY and BUSH's Stage leaves the Billet Wharff, in Philadelphia, every Wednesday, and returns every Friday; PATRICK HAMILTON's Stage-waggon, every Thursday, and returns every Friday, and his Packet leaves Charles-Town every Saturday, and returns every Thursday. Passengers pay, from Philadelphia to Wilmington, *Two Shillings*; from Wilmington to Charles-Town, *Five Shillings*; from Charles-Town to Baltimore, *Four Shillings*.---- Goods are received in Philadelphia, by Messieurs EDWARDS and MARIS, near Chestnut-street wharff. PATRICK HAMILTON,

August 24, 1772. ¶ FOUDREY and BUSH.

N. B. Passengers are desired to take notice, that goods, &c. that come in any other shallop from Philadelphia to Wilmington, except in the one marked *The Wilmington and Baltimore Stage*, commanded by *Samuel Bush*, will not be received in the Stage-waggon.

THE CREDITORS of ISAAC DELYON, late of this city, Merchant, are desired to bring in their accounts, duly attested, before the 21st of this instant September, when a dividend is proposed to be made by the assignees.

PHILIP FRANCIS,
HENRY KEPPELE, JUNIOR,
JOSEPH DEAN,
THOMAS ASHETON,
EDWARD BATCHELOR.

THE CREDITORS of JOSEPH ABRAHAMS, late of this city, Merchant, are desired to bring in their accounts, duly attested, before the 22d of this instant September, when a dividend is proposed to be made by the assignees.

PHILIP FRANCIS,
DANIEL WILLIAMS,
JOSEPH DEAN,
THOMAS ASHETON,
BENJAMIN GIBBS.

To be SOLD, in Orange county, Virginia,

A TRACT, containing 840 acres, of well wooded and watered LAND, suitable for tobacco, or any kind of grain, situated on the branches of Swift Run, and very near the great road that leads from Augusta Court-house, to the towns of Fredericksburg and Falmouth, at the Falls of Rappahannock river, and where a ready market ever may be found for all kinds of country produce; the said land is distant from these towns only 60 miles, and both it and the neighbourhood of it, affords a range for every sort of stock, hardly to be exhausted, as the cattle that use thereon are well known to be as good for beef, or butter, as any in the colony. Any person inclinable to purchase the said land, may apply to Captain WILLIAM BELL, who lives adjoining, and with whom they may contract for the sum of £ 165, ready money; or, the sum of £ 173: 5: 0, on 12 months credit. The purchaser may have immediate possession, and an indisputable title, conveyed by JOHN ROWZEE, and ROBERT BROOKE, Executors of William Brooke. 4w.

FOUR DOLLARS Reward.

RUN AWAY, *about the middle of June last, from the subscriber's plantation, near New-Castle, an Irish servant* LAD, *named* GEORGE HENRY, *about 20 years of age, about 5 feet 3 inches high, of a yellowish complexion, has light brown curly hair, large nostrils, and a small scar on his upper lip; had on, when he went away, a tow shirt and trowsers, a felt hat, a dark grey kersey jacket, light coloured yarn stockings, and shoes, almost new. Whoever apprehends the said servant, and delivers him to the subscriber, at New-Castle, shall receive the above reward, and reasonable charges, paid by*

August 24, 1772. RICHARD M'WILLIAM.

*** *He is now supposed to be about Christiana Bridge* ¶

LISBON WINE, OLIVES, CAPERS, BOTTLING CORKS, &c.

To be SOLD, by

CHARLES WHARTON,

At his STORE, near the DRAW-BRIDGE. ¶

STRAYED away from the Commons of Philadelphia, the 23d of Auguſt, 1772, a black HORSE, 9 years old, ſhod all round, a natural trotter, in good order, has a full mane, and ſwitch tail, a blaze on his face, and ſome white on his off hind leg, limps on the ſame leg, ſlouch ears. Whoever takes up the ſaid horſe, and brings him to ISAAC LORT, in Strawberry alley, ſhall have TEN SHILLINGS reward. *N. B.* There is in my poſſeſſion a SURTOUT COAT, found.

ALL perſons having any demands againſt the eſtate of GEORGE STEVENSON, late of Philadelphia, Mariner, deceaſed, are deſired to bring them in; and all thoſe that are any ways indebted to the ſaid eſtate, are deſired to make ſpeedy payment to the ſubſcriber. And any perſon, or perſons, having in their cuſtody, or poſſeſſion, any monies, goods, or effects, belonging to the ſaid *George Stevenſon*, in his life-time, are deſired immediately, and without delay, to deliver the ſame to the ſubſcriber, to prevent further trouble.

¶ SARAH STEVENSON, Executrix.

FOUR DOLLARS Reward.

STRAYED away from the ſubſcriber, living in Charles-Town, Cæcil county, Maryland, the 29th day of June laſt, a black Gelding COLT, three years old, he has no brand, a natural trotter, the near fore foot white, has a ſtar with a large ſnip, is about 14 hands high, long mane, and ſwitch tail, had new ſhoes on the fore feet, when he went away. Whoever will take up ſaid Colt, and bring him to the owner, ſhall have the above reward, and all reaſonable charges, paid by

Auguſt 14, 1772. ALEXANDER W. DAVEY. ¶

Auguſt 28, 1772.

FIVE POUNDS Reward.

STOLEN out of the houſe of the ſubſcriber, laſt night, a ſuit of cloaths, the coat home made Wilton, of a red and white colour, with green lining and binding, home made ſtriped jacket, a new beaver hat, with blue lining, a reddiſh Barcelona handkerchief, with green round the edges, and two pair of pumps, &c. ſuppoſed to be taken by a certain JAMES BENNET, a Collier, an Engliſhman, about 5 feet 8 inches high, well built, thin viſage, with light coloured hair, and has a remarkable blue ſpot under his right eye; had on a beaver hat, with a black ribband, and a ſilver buckle ſet with diamond for a band, a frock, leather breeches, ribbed ſtockings, old ſhoes, with large plated buckles in them. Whoever takes up ſaid thief and cloaths, ſo that he may be brought to juſtice, ſhall receive the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by ADAM RAMSOWER. ¶

FOUR DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away, laſt night, from the ſubſcriber, in Londongrove townſhip, Cheſter county, an Iriſh ſervant GIRL, named JENNET SCOTT, about 20 years of age, a middle ſized woman, with light brown hair, freſh complexion, grey eyes, big wide mouth, large teeth before, ſmall hands and arms, a great laugher and talker, and very fond of all ſorts of men; had on, and took with her, when ſhe went away, three ſtriped lincey petticoats, one of them black and white ſtripe, three bedgowns, one calicoe, one ſtriped linen, the other lincey, two tow ſhifts, three aprons, two tow, and one flax, one pair of wooden heeled ſhoes, with buckles, one pair of pumps, a whale-bone bonnet, and a pair of white yarn ſtockings. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervant; and ſecures her in any of his Majeſty's goals, or brings her to her ſaid maſter, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by JOHN BALDWIN. *Auguſt* 20, 1772. ¶

PATAPSCO FURNACE, *near* ELK-RIDGE LANDING, *in* ANNE-ARUNDEL COUNTY.

To be SOLD at PUBLIC VENDUE, on the ſecond Day of November next, containing about Four Thouſand Four Hundred ACRES of LAND, in ſeveral TRACTS, *viz.*

ONE of 1700 acres, one of 1500, and another on the river ſide, with a valuable fiſhery for a ſeine, containing 466 acres, beſides ſeveral ſmall tracts, all on or near the river Patapſco. The three large tracts mentioned are ſituated only about ſix or eight miles from Baltimore-town, where is a ready-money market, twice a week, for all ſorts of proviſion.

There are on the premiſes one large PLANTATION, containing about 500 acres, another of 200, with convenient houſes, and cleared ground ſufficient to make a third Plantation of 400 acres, ſome grubbing and fencing only wanted; a large quantity of meadow-land; a Furnace built about the year 1760, with a ſtone and brick bridge, and caſting-houſe; a new griſt mill, fit for country work, ſtanding on a fine ſtream of water, and alſo a mill ſeat or ſituation on navigable water, where has been a mill formerly; its ſituation is perhaps as pleaſant and advantageous, for erecting a large merchant mill on, as any in the province, and lies convenient to all the back country of Elk-ridge, and Frederick county, for the purchaſe of wheat, the water carriage to Baltimore-town being not more than 10 or 12 miles.

There will likewiſe be expoſed to ſale, provided the Lands and Plantations are diſpoſed of, a number of valuable Servants and Negroes, ſeveral of which laſt have been employed in a Furnace, *viz.* one young fellow, a good workman as keeper, others as fillers and aſſiſtants to the founder and keeper below, and ſome uſed to raiſing ore, and cutting wood. As alſo horſes, cattle, ſheep, hogs, *&c.* with plantation utenſils of all kinds, as well as a crop of corn and wheat on the ground.

The whole will be ſold together or in parcels, as may beſt ſuit the purchaſers. Conditions of the purchaſe to be agreed on the day of ſale. For further particulars, enquire of the ſubſcriber, at Baltimore-town, or of JAMES WALKER, near Elk-ridge Landing, who will ſhew the lands and improvements, to any deſirous of ſeeing them. HARRISON, and COMPANY.

N. B. There is in the neighbourhood, adjacent to the land, a very fine and valuable range for ſtock. ‖ 9 *W.*

Philadelphia, Auguſt 24, 1772.

THIRTY DOLLARS Reward.

RAN AWAY, *yeſterday morning, from the ſubſcriber, two ſervant men; one a Frenchman, named* MICHAEL STEPHENS, *about 22 years of age, by trade a taylor, 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high, ſmooth round face, black curled hair, ſometimes wears a falſe tail; had on, when he went away, a half-worn hat, black ſilk neckcloth, check ſhirt, blue cloth coat, with yellow gilt buttons, nankeen waiſtcoat and breeches, ſpeckled cotton and worſted ſtockings, good ſhoes, Pinchbeck ſhoe and knee buckles. The other an Iriſh lad, named* THOMAS KELLY, *alſo a taylor, about 17 years of age, 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high, long faced, light hair, a little inclined to ſandy; had on a good hat, black ſilk neckcloth, white ſhirt, brown broadcloth coat and waiſtcoat, nankeen breeches, with a piece on one knee, ſpeckled cotton and worſted ſtockings, good ſhoes, Pinchbeck ſhoe and knee buckles: Both fellows are in general well dreſſed. Whoever takes up and ſecures the ſaid ſervants, or either of them, ſhall receive, if within* 100 *miles,* TEN DOLLARS *for each; if further,* FIFTEEN DOLLARS *for each, and reaſonable expences, paid by* THOMAS HARRISON.

N. B. All maſters of veſſels, and others, are forbid to harbour or carry off the ſaid ſervants, at their peril. ‖ 5*s. tbe.*

RUN away from his bail, living in Weſt Fallowfield townſhip, Cheſter county, a certain THOMAS M'DANIEL; had on, when he went away, a lightiſh coloured jacket, without lining, with large metal buttons on, a flax ſhirt, tow trowſers, and old ſhoes, an old felt hat, that has been worn by a miller; he has lately been a ſervant to Joſeph Thomas, under Sheriff, at Cheſter, and has his indentures with him, that they may ſerve for a paſs; he is about 5 feet 11 inches high, of a dark complexion, flat noſe, pock-marked, black hair, and is addicted to ſwear and drink. Whoever ſecures the ſaid Thomas M'Daniel in any goal, ſo that he may be brought to juſtice, ſhall have THIRTY SHILLINGS reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by us ROBERT BURNS, JAMES SMITH. ¶

ALL thoſe who are indebted to the eſtate of THOMAS COATES, late of the city of Philadelphia, deceaſed, are hereby requeſted to make immediate payment to the ſubſcribers; and thoſe having any demands, are deſired to bring them in, in order for ſettlement, by ANN COATES, Executrix, and SEYMOUR HART, Executor.

Agreeable to the laſt will and teſtament of the ſaid deceaſed, on the 16th day of September, at four o' clock in the afternoon, will be ſold by public vendue, on the premiſes, a lot of ground, ſituate on the weſt ſide of Fourth-ſtreet, near Race-ſtreet, 16 feet 6 inches front, on Fourth-ſtreet, and continuing that width, the diſtance of about 198 feet back to Crown-ſtreet, bounded north and ſouth by houſes of William Robinſon and Hudſon Burr, which muſt render it very commodious and eaſy to the purchaſer, when inclined to build. An indiſputable title will be made, clear of groundrent.

Alſo to be letr, on groundrent for ever, or for a term of years, the back part of the lot of ground, on which the aforeſaid Executrix now lives, 15 feet front, on Crown-ſtreet aforementioned, and 75 feet deep. Any perſon inclining to view the ſame, may apply to the ſaid Executrix, in Fourth-ſtreet, between Race and Vine-ſtreets. ¶

Kent County, Maryland, July 8, 1772.

THREE POUNDS Reward.

RUN away on the 20th of laſt month, from the ſubſcriber, an indented ſervant man, named WILLIAM VICKERS, born in Talbot county, Maryland, about 40 years of age, 5 feet 9 or 10 inches high, thin viſage, has loſt one of his eyes; he is very apt to get drunk, whenever he can get ſtrong liquor; he has been ſome years a Soldier, in the Royal Americans: Had on, when he went away, a coarſe brown jacket, with ſleeves, ozenbrigs ſhirt and trowſers, a felt hat, about half worn, but as he had ſome money with him, it is thought he has changed his clothes, and his name. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid ſervant, ſo that the ſubſcriber may get him again, ſhall have the above reward, and if brought home, reaſonable charges, paid by ISAAC PERKINS. § 6 W.

ISAAC HAZLEHURST

Imported in the laſt veſſels from England the following ARTICLES, which he will ſell very cheap for caſh, or the uſual credit, at his STORE, in Water-ſtreet, the fifth door above Market-ſtreet;

A Very large and neat aſſortment of EARTHEN WARE, conſiſting of Queen's ware in crates, well aſſorted for either the city or country, blue and white ſtone GR and white ſtone ware in crates, aſſorted, delph bowls, of different ſizes, in tierces, and a few crates of blue and white ſtone ware, with China glaze, conſiſting of table ſetts, &c.---A few hogſheads of beſt Liverpool ale in bottles; Engliſh ſail cloth; 8, 12 and 20d. nails; frying-pans; a large neat Bath-ſtone grate, very fit for a parlour; gunpowder; drop and mould ſhot, of different ſizes; Iriſh linens; ⅞ and yard and ⅞ cotton checks; ⅞ and yard houſewife checks; linen and cotton hollands; 6-qr. and 6½-qr. bed bunts; writing paper; ſuperfine black ſattinet and denim, fit for breeches; ſilk and thread laces; worſted garters; quality and ſhoe bindings; pins; bobbin; filleting; ſilk knee garters; Scotch and coloured thread; ſewing ſilk; check handkerchiefs; mens and boys felt hats; ribbons; printed cottons; black and coloured ſilk handkerchiefs; red and blue and white printed ditto; pillow fuſtians; jeanet; Mancheſter velvet; velverets and vellures; flowered dimities; ſhaloons; durants; white calimancoes, fit for ſtaymakers; ſtriped and flowered tobines; damaſcus; lorettas; mozeens; Turkey ſtripes; ozenbrigs; brown roles; japanned waiters, of various ſizes; bread baſkets; bottle ſtands, &c. &c.---A few pair of 4½ feet BURR MILL-STONES, thought by judges equal to any imported, to be ſold very cheap. 4w.

To be SOLD, by PRIVATE SALE, By the SUBSCRIBER,

A Commodious well-built three ſtory BRICK HOUSE, two rooms on each floor, with a piazza, and large kitchen, with rooms over it, and cellars under the whole; the lot is 17 feet ſix inches front, and 102 feet in depth, with a brick tenement at the back end of the lot, and a cellar under it; the whole rents for *Fifty Pounds* per ann. now in the tenure of Mr. *Moore Furman*; the houſe is inſured for ſix years to come, and is ſituated on the north ſide of Arch-ſtreet, near half way between Front and Second-ſtreets. Alſo a lot of GROUND, ſituate on Poplar-Lane, about one mile from the city, in the Northern Liberties, with a conſtant ſtream of water, never known to fail in the drieſt ſeaſons, containing three acres and 30 perches, now in good order for hay or paſturing, and produces as much hay as any one lot of the ſame quantity of acres on the lane. There is a good frame hay-houſe, which will contain ten tons of hay, and a horſe chair. The titles indiſputable. Any perſon or perſons inclining to purchaſe either of the above premiſes, may know the terms of ſale, by applying to

¶ EPHRAIM BONHAM, in Arch-ſtreet.

N. B. A conſiderable part of the purchaſe money may lie for a time, giving good ſecurity, and paying intereſt, if required.

Philadelphia, Auguſt 24, 1772.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of *the Corporation for the Relief of the Widows and Children of Clergymen in the Communion of the Church of England in America*, is to be held at Philadelphia, agreeable to Charter, on the 6th Day of October next, being the firſt Tueſday after the Feaſt of St. *Michael*, of which all the Members are requeſted to take Notice, and to give their Attendance accordingly. JONATHAN ODELL, Secretary.

To the FREEHOLDERS and others, ELECTORS of the City and County of PHILADELPHIA.

GENTLEMEN,

I RETURN you my ſincere Thanks for your Favours, ſhewn me the two laſt Elections, in chuſing me Sheriff for the City and County aforeſaid. A further Continuance of your Favours, at the enſuing Election, in chuſing me again to that Office, ſhall always be gratefully acknowledged by, Gentlemen,

Your Friend and humble Servant,

Auguſt 24, 1772. JUDAH FOULKE, Sheriff.

PURSUANT to the laſt will and teſtament of JARVIS JAMES, deceaſed, will be ſold, at public VENDUE, on Saturday, the 31ſt day of October enſuing, on the premiſes, a large two ſtory frame DWELLING-HOUSE, with a LOT thereunto belonging, together with every neceſſary convenience, ſituate in Cheſter-town, Maryland; it is a remarkable fine ſituation for the proſecution of any public buſineſs, being on the main ſtreet leading to the river, and a little above the market place in ſaid town. At the ſame time will be ſold, a very fine GRASS LOT, adjoining the ſaid town. Twelve months credit will be given, with intereſt, on giving bond and ſecurity, if required; an indiſputable title will be given the purchaſer, by SARAH JAMES, Executrix. ‖ 14*s.*

TWENTY DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away from Occoquan Furnace, in Virginia, a Negroe fellow, belonging to the eſtate of Preſly Thornton, Eſq; named LEAMAN (or CLEM) a ſhort well made fellow, yellow complexion, about 30 years of age, can turn his hand to many ſorts of trades, and particularly that of a Carpenter; had on, when he went away, a blue fearnought jacket, a hat with a white metal button to it, the reſt of his dreſs as is common for Negroes; he will probably paſs for a freeman, is now under the predicament of an outlaw, for not returning to ſervice. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid Negroe, ſo that I get him again, ſhall receive the above reward, and reaſonable charges, if taken out of the colony. THOMAS LAWSON. ‖ 6*W.*

TO BE SOLD,

A TRACT of LAND, containing about 800 acres, ſituate in Baltimore county, near to Hood's Mill, on Patapſco Falls, and within one mile of ſaid mill, and within four miles of two other Merchant mills, that always give Baltimore-town price for wheat, and within 10 miles of ſaid town; the ſoil is good for grain or graſs, and has an extenſive range.---For particulars, enquire of EDWARD COOK, at Mr. William Otley's, adjoining to ſaid land. ‖ 8 W.

ANN AMES,

LATELY arrived from England, is requeſted to practice MIDWIFERY in this city, as ſhe is informed many of the moſt experienced Midwives are infirm, and aged, and cannot attend with that aſſiduity, as ſo important an affair requires. She was inſtructed in that by a very eminent perſon in London, in a regular manner, and flatters herſelf, her conduct and ſucceſs with any Ladies that ſhall be pleaſed to apply, will entitle her to their countenance and recommendation. She lives in Fourth-ſtreet, between Cheſtnut and Market-ſtreets, at the Widow SOUMAIN'S, nearly oppoſite Mr. JOHN LITLE'S, at the Indian Queen. ¶

FIVE POUNDS Reward.

RUN AWAY *from the ſubſcriber, on Tueſday morning, the* 11*th ult. an Engliſh ſervant lad, named* JOHN SPRAGUE, *about* 20 *years of age,* 5 *feet* 6 *inches high, has dark curled hair, large eye-brows, a down look, a pretty good complexion, good teeth, a dent on one ſide of his mouth, a peak noſe, a large ſcar on his right leg, where it was broke, and is pretty thick; had on, when he went away, a check ſhirt and trowſers, and a light fuſtian jacket; he took with him one or two check ſhirts; he alſo had a large pair of oval ſilver ſhoe and knee buckles. It is ſuppoſed he will try to get off by water; but it was thought he was ſeen going down Paſſyunk road the ſame day. Whoever will take up ſaid ſervant, and ſecure him in any goal, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall receive the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by* ROBERT BASS.

*** *The ſaid boy writes a good hand, and will probably forge a paſs; he has been near* 3 *years in an Apothecary's ſhop, and will be likely to pretend a knowledge of Drugs, Medicines, &c.*

To be SOLD, by PUBLIC VENDUE, on the Premiſes, the Fifth of October next, at One o' Clock in the Afternoon,

THAT valuable FARM, whereon Thomas Barnſley, Eſq; deceaſed, did live (ſold purſuant to the directions of his laſt will and teſtament) ſituate in the townſhip of Benſalem, and county of Bucks, at the head of the tide water, on Neſhaminy creek, 18 miles from Philadelphia, and about ¼ of a mile from Rodman's landing, on ſaid creek, where flour, wood, &c. are tranſported to Philadelphia, containing about 360 acres of excellent land, about one half cleared, and in good fence, near 60 acres of which are extraordinary good meadow, lately drained, and more may be made; the other half is fine timbered land; there is erected on ſaid farm, a new genteel houſe, of brick and ſtone, 56½ feet by 44, with a 13 feet entry through the whole, a black walnut ſtair-caſe, 4 rooms on the lower floor, 6 rooms on the ſecond floor, and 3 garrets, all well finiſhed off, and painted laſt ſummer, extraordinary cellars under the houſe, alſo two large kitchens, and ſtore-houſe, with a cellar under the ſtore-houſe, piazzas in the front of ſaid kitchens, chambers over the ſame for ſervants, and a well of good water at the kitchen door, a carpenter's ſhop, a brick ſmoke houſe, 16½ feet ſquare, ſpring-houſe, with a flax and wool-houſe over it, two barns, one 66 feet by 33, a threſhing floor in the middle, and bays on each ſide, and good floors in them, and a granary over the threſhing floor; the other a ſmall barn, a threſhing floor and cow-houſes on each ſide, good ſtables ſufficient to hold 30 horſes, and lofts over them for hay, well floored, a commodious ſhed, coach-houſe and poultry-houſe, 4 compleat barracks, ſtanding on ſills, with cedar tops, made laſt ſummer, two orchards, one an old one of natural fruit, the other a young one, of 300 bearing trees, of the beſt grafted fruit; alſo is erected in one corner of the farm, a good ſquare log-houſe, ſuitable for a tradeſman. Attendance will be given by WILLIAM RODMAN, and GILBERT HICKS, Executors.

Talbot County, Maryland, Auguſt 1, 1772.

TWELVE POUNDS Reward.

STOLEN from the ſubſcriber, on Monday night laſt, a likely BAY HORSE, about 14 hands high, with a ſtar in his forehead, and a little white on one or both his hind feet, a ſwitch tail, a buſhy mane and foretop, they having been lately ſcraped, has been uſed in a carriage, paces a good travel under the ſaddle, and from that will go into a gallop, and trots out of hand, he is thin on the withers, and remarkably ſharp backed, though in good order. Whoever ſecures the horſe, ſo that I get him again, ſhall be paid, if taken in this county, Fifteen Shillings; Thirty Shillings, if in the neighbouring counties; and Three Pounds, if out of the province; and Nine Pounds for apprehending the thief, to be paid on his being convicted of this offence. JAMES LLOYD CHAMBERLAINE. ‖ 7*s* 6.

To the FREEHOLDERS, and others, ELECTORS in and for the Borough and County of CHESTER.

GENTLEMEN,

AS I purpoſe to offer myſelf a Candidate for the Sheriff's Office, at the enſuing General Election, I humbly requeſt the Favour of your Votes and Intereſt for ſaid Office, which Favour ſhall be had in Memory, and gratefully acknowledged, by

Your aſſured Friend,

Auguſt 19, 1772. ELISHA JONES. ‖ 6 w.

IN conſequence of the generous and unſolicited engagement of Mr. WILLIAM PETERS, of Aſton, in the county of Cheſter, for the payment of the ſum of Two Hundred Pounds, to be applied to the diſcharge of certain debts, due from his ſon William Peters, then of Lancaſter county: Public notice is hereby given, that a dividend of the abovementioned ſpirited donation, together with what can be collected, from the books of Peters, the younger, will be made by his aſſignees, on the 6th of October, amongſt thoſe of his creditors who have given in their demands, legally proved, agreeable to an advertiſement ſometime ago publiſhed.---It is hoped, that all perſons indebted to William Peters, junior, will immediately pay their reſpective balances to the ſubſcriber, or they will be proceeded againſt agreeable to law.

5 W. JOHN COX, junior.

Philadelphia, Auguſt 7, 1772.

HENRY BARNHOLD's Aſſignees having uſed their endeavours to collect the debts due him at the time he made an aſſignment, yet as a number of thoſe debts remain ſtill unpaid, we hope the perſons they are due from will excuſe us for taking the legal ſteps for recovering the ſame, as we are deſirous to cloſe that concern; and all perſons who have any demands againſt ſaid *Barnhold*, and have not yet brought in their accounts, are requeſted to do it before the 10th of September next, otherwiſe they will be excluded any ſhare in the dividend intended at that time to be made, and his creditors are requeſted to call on THOMAS CLIFFORD and SONS, and receive their proportions.

SARAH CHILTON,

BEGS leave to inform the PUBLIC, that ſhe hath opened TAVERN, in that large and commodious three ſtory houſe in Baltimore-ſtreet, Baltimore-town, oppoſite to the houſe where Meſſieurs Aſhburner and Place lately lived. She has furniſhed herſelf with a ſtock of excellent liquors, and other neceſſaries, and is provided with good ſtables, and provender for horſes. She humbly hopes for the favour and countenance of the Public, and flatters herſelf, ſhe will be able to give ſatisfaction to thoſe who may think proper to favour her with their company. ¶

PHILADELPHIA: Printed by DAVID HALL, and WILLIAM SELLERS, at the NEW PRINTING-OFFICE, near the *Market*.

September 9, 1772. NUMB. 2281.

The PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

Containing the Freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtic.

LONDON, *June* 27.

On the PRESENT BANKRUPTCIES.

LETTER I.

To LORD NORTH.

YOU ſeem, moſt worthy Peer, to forget that you are Miniſter in a Country which ſubſiſts by *Commerce*; you are unmindful that it is a duty incumbent upon you to provide every ſecurity for the trading part of the Nation. Public Credit once wounded, there is an end of our political exiſtence; therefore, to leave no method untried to preſerve Public Credit unhurt, is peculiarly the buſineſs which falls within your Lordſhip's ſphere.

The failures of ſuch numbers of our moſt opulent Citizens is a miſery of ſo calamitous a nature, that it is to be feared the Nation will feel the dreadful effects, and that the cauſes which have produced ſuch public evils, will operate in future to the detriment of the State. To ſtrike at the *root of the evil*, is an attempt worthy a Britiſh Statesman; the poſt your Lordſhip occupies renders it neceſſary that you ſhould be willing to receive every kind of information, which may enable you the better to diſcharge the duties of your office. I don't think you have encouraged men of abilities to give you their aſſiſtance, but there is ſomething we owe to the Community, which ſhould ſtimulate us to lend our aid in times of public danger, to extricate our Country from the diſtreſſes under which ſhe may labour.

Writers, acquainted with the ſtate of the Nation, have long foreſeen that ſomething like a general bankruptcy would ſhortly happen; they have, therefore, forewarned Miniſters, and endeavoured to rouſe them from their lethargy, to ward off the impending blow; but all in vain:---Your Lordſhip had nothing in view but forging chains for the preſent and future generations. The miſery foretold by perſons of ſagacity, has now, however, actually come to paſs; and ſince the event has happened, other Writers have been buſied in exploring the cauſes of ſo direful a calamity.

It has turned out in this, as in every ſimilar diſquiſition, that Speculative People have differed wholly in their opinion; one man would attribute the misfortune to one cauſe, another to a diſſimilar one; this Writer calls in Luxury to ſolve the phænomenon: That avers the ſource of the calamity to be too great an extenſion of Credit. With deference to theſe Scrutinizers, I think the cauſes they aſſign have *all* of them contributed to bring on the dreadful Cataſtrophe, but that not *one* of them *ſolely* has occaſioned the misfortune. In ſhort, I think the bankruptcies owing to a combination of cauſes, which I would arrange under the following heads:

STOCK JOBBING,
LUXURY, and
EXTENSIVE CREDIT.

The infamous practices of the Alley have long diſgraced us. The numerous families that from ſplendor have been plunged into the utmoſt extremity of diſtreſs, occaſioned by the villainies of Stock-jobbing adventurers: Theſe are national evils, which loudly call for parliamentary redreſs. But have we any reaſon to expect redreſs? The anſwer is obvious--NO. May I aſk your Lordſhip *why* the Parliament will not interpoſe? Be honeſt for once, and ſay, becauſe the *Miniſters are the very people, who by their daily practices are the greateſt encouragers of Stock-jobbing*. In times of war, not a piece of intelligence can be communicated to our Court, but the Miniſter and his favourites convert it to their private emolument, drive poſt to the Alley, ſell out, buy in, and fill their coffers with the differences. Nay, the Miniſter's *Valet de Chambre* is courted by ſome Broker to explore the ſecret; the Broker takes the hint, ſpeculates at Jonathan's, is frequently miſtaken in his opinion, and thouſands duped by his inſinuations, having adventured more than their all, are undone.

I will not treſpaſs upon the public's time, by wading through the variety of evils attendant upon that curſed practice of Stock-jobbing. I ſhall conclude this article with obſerving, that were we to examine into the *cauſe* of all the capital failures which have happened within this century, we ſhould find them chiefly brought on by STOCK-JOBBING.

Ought not then a Miniſter to provide ſome remedy for ſo notorious an evil? If a ſett of creatures will preſume to conduct our national affairs, they ſhould at leaſt diſcourage a practice which ſooner or later will bring this kingdom to deſtruction. Inſtead of that, our Miniſters, quitting the helm of State, deſcend ſo much beneath themſelves, as to commence *Change-Alley Brokers*. What immenſe ſums did Lord Holland clear by Stock-jobbing when he was in office! What thouſands were ruined by the *falſe* rumours of Peace, long before it happened! What thouſands of Beggars now ride in their coaches, who owe their fortunes to the *true* intelligence they received from a Frenchman, who had his account from Madame Pompadour! Little -----, the Member for ------, made *his* money at the time; a ſchemer, not worth a groat, who happened to run away with the ſiſter of a man of fortune, made free with his brother-in-law's caſh, ſucceeded; and inſtead of being Overſeer to a parcel of Negroes, is now a great man, and opulent Citizen. The keeper of a certain Coffee-houſe pocketed *two thouſand pounds*, by riding expreſs from Dover to London, and conveying *previous* intelligence to his party in waiting. But reverſe the medal, and we ſhall diſcover anguiſh, horror, deſpair, and poverty, depictured in the countenances of hundreds who failed at the time, not having ſuch powerful intereſt with the King of France's Miſtreſs. In ſhort, my Lord, STOCK-JOBBING is not only the cauſe of the *preſent* Bankrupt ſtate of the Nation, but it is an evil which muſt infallibly deſtroy any commercial kingdom in which it once gains a footing. Yet it is an evil countenanced by the very perſons who ſhould concert plans for its deſtruction. It is an evil practiſed alike by Kingſmen, and by Patriots, from Simon Luttrell, down to Edmund B--ke; the latter of whom, in conjunction with Lord Verney, attempted ſome Alley ſtrokes, but proving unſucceſsful, they left the difference to be paid by the Broker. How far "*Luxury*," and too "*extenſive Credit*," have operated to produce the preſent Bankruptcies, ſhall be the ſubject of another epiſtle. In the interim, though I have no opinion of Lord North's public virtue, I will put him in mind of his public profeſſions. He talks of reducing the National Debt, he parades about leſſening the Taxes, and the event has ſhewn it is all puff, and idle declamation: If the Miniſter really means to ſerve his country, let him ſtand forth, let him oppoſe the helliſh practice of STOCK-JOBBING; let him carry through a Bill to aboliſh it, and thus remove one of the evils which have contributed to bring on an almoſt GENERAL BANKRUPTCY.

A PLAIN CITIZEN.

College of Philadelphia, Auguſt 24.

THE LECTURES, upon the DIFFERENT BRANCHES of MEDICINE, will begin on Monday, the ſecond Day of November next.

Juſt publiſhed, and to be ſold by HALL *and* SELLERS, *at the New Printing-Office, in Market-ſtreet, Philadelphia,*

POOR RICHARD's ALMANACK, for the Year 1773; containing, beſides the uſual aſtronomical Obſervations, The viſible Eclipſes of the Satellites of Jupiter.---The four Quarters of the Year.---Sowing Wheat-ſeed unprepared, much more beneficial than uſing prepared Seed; An experienced Method of ſowing Clover on Barley, recommended to the Notice of Farmers; Manner of judging when Barley is fit to mow; Way of preventing Wheat Crops, ſowed on dunged Land, from being over-run with Weeds; Benefit of harrowing a foul Crop of Turnips; Eaſy Method of increaſing the Milk of Cows; Uſeful Directions in Regard to Peach Trees, to make them bear fine Fruit.---The Requiſites neceſſary to render the Married State happy.----An Antidote againſt miſpending Time.----Excellent Proof of Wiſdom.---A valuable Secret communicated.---A moſt important Leſſon.---Receipts from ſome of the moſt eminent Phyſicians.---Cures for Diſorders in Horſes; and for Diſeaſes in Cattle.---Anecdotes---Jeſts---Epigrams---Wiſe Sayings---Tables of Intereſt, at ſix and ſeven per Cent. Friends Yearly Meetings, Courts, Fairs, Roads, &c. &c.

The BURLINGTON ALMANACK, for the year of our Lord 1773, is juſt publiſhed, and to be ſold by ISAAC COLLINS, at his Printing-office, in Burlington; containing, beſides the uſual aſtronomical calculations, the following entertaining and uſeful matter, in proſe and verſe, viz.

A LETTER from Lentulus, Governor of Jeruſalem, to the Senate and people of Rome; giving a deſcription of the perſon of CHRIST.---A letter from Pontius Pilate to the Emperor Tiberius; acquainting him with the life, miracles, death and reſurrection of JESUS CHRIST.---On lowngirg.---On reputation. Dr. Franklin's propoſal for ſafety in a thunder guſt.---An account of the extraordinary ſalt mines, at Wiliſka, in Poland, about 5 leagues from Cracow.---Of a regimen of health, and of temperance and ſobriety.----On converſation:---Peace:---Duty. The character of a Rake, by a Lady.---On pride:---Divine love: Advice:---Law.---A table of intereſt, at 6 and 7 per cent.---A tide table, ſhewing the time of high water at Boſton, R. Iſland, Tarpauling Cove, New-London, New-York, Elizabeth-Town Point, Amboy, Cape-Henlopen and Reedy-Iſland.---A liſt of his Majeſty's Council of New-Jerſey.---Liſt of the Houſe of Repreſentatives of New-Jerſey:---Of the Officers of the Court of Chancery in New-Jerſey:---Of the Sheriffs of New-Jerſey.---A table of the value and weight of coins: Time of holding fairs: Time of holding the Courts of Chancery in New-Jerſey; and the Supreme, and other Courts in this and the adjacent provinces: The ſtated meetings of the eaſtern and weſtern Councils of Proprietors: Quakers general meetings: Diſtances on poſt roads, &c. Recipe for the heaves or windbrokenneſs in horſes----For a ſore throat----To make plate look like new----For the bloody flux---For a violent cough or cold---For the rheumatiſm---A diet drink to clear and cool the blood, and correct ſharp humours----For the pleuriſy----For the itch-----To make eye-water-----To prevent corns---To cure corns---To make cyder vinegar---To kill rats---To keep iron from ruſt---To deſtroy bugs, &c. &c.

To the FREEHOLDERS and ELECTORS of the Borough and County of LANCASTER.

GENTLEMEN,

I BEG Leave to remind you of my Requeſt on the Occaſion laſt Year, to be excuſed from ſerving in the Aſſembly any longer; I now expect, and again requeſt, you will grant me the Favour, by chooſing ſome other Perſon in my Room at next Election. I am, with due Regard, *Your reſpectful Friend*,

‡ EMANUEL CARPENTER.

To the FREEHOLDERS, and others, ELECTORS of the City and County of PHILADELPHIA.

GENTLEMEN,

I HAVE formerly ſolicited your Votes and Intereſt for the Sheriff's Office, in the City and County of Philadelphia; for the Favours I then received, I return my ſincere Thanks.---I now ſet myſelf up as a Candidate for that Office, and humbly ſolicit, that, at the enſuing Election, you will vote for me with Mr. Judah Foulke, now Sheriff, that after the next Year of his Sheriffalty, I may have your Intereſt to ſucceed him in ſaid Office, which Favours will be gratefully acknowledged, by

Your ſincere Friend, and humble Servant,

Philadelphia, Sept. 2, 1772. WILLIAM DEWEES.

WHEREAS the partnerſhip of *Jacob Winey*, *Chriſtian Lawer*, and *Henry Smith*, in the concern of Moſelam-Forge, is now ended, and all the bonds, notes, books, &c. belonging to ſaid company, are now in the hands of *Jacob Winey*, who alone is impowered to ſettle with all thoſe that are indebted to ſaid company, and alſo to pay all juſt demands againſt them: The ſubſcriber therefore gives this public notice, that all accounts againſt ſaid company muſt be brought in between this and the 5th of October next, from thence no accounts againſt them will be accepted, as by that time their company accounts will be entirely ſettled; and that no receipt, from this date, will diſcharge any perſon indebted to ſaid company, except from the ſubſcriber, or DANIEL UDREE, now Clerk at the Forge. ‡

Moſelam-Forge, Sept. 3, 1772. JACOB WINEY.

THE Subſcriber propoſing to fall into OTHER BUSINESS, and having on hand an aſſortment of mahogony, cherry-tree and walnut Cabinet and Chair-work, conſiſting of high cheſts of drawers, deſks, deſks and bookcaſes, breakfaſt, dining, pier, bureau and tea-tables; chairs, of different patterns, bedſteds, and ſundry other articles, all of the beſt ſeaſoned wood, and neweſt patterns; which he will ſell low for CASH, at his workſhop, near the Drawbridge, between Front and Second-ſtreets, in Spruce-ſtreet. Any perſon wanting any of ſaid articles, is requeſted to apply ſoon, as I propoſe ſome time in October to remove from Spruce-ſtreet, and would willingly diſpoſe of them firſt. WILLIAM ROBINSON, Cabinet and Chair-maker. *Philadelphia, Sept.* 9, 1772. ¶6w.

ROBERT CORREY, junior,

In THIRD-STREET, near MARKET-STREET,

MAKES and ſells all ſorts of Leather BREECHES, viz. Buck, Doe and Lambſkin, in the neateſt and moſt faſhionable manner. Such Gentlemen as pleaſe to favour him with their cuſtom, may depend on being well uſed. He hopes, that thoſe Gentlemen who lately favoured his father with their cuſtom, will continue their commands, which ſhall be thankfully received, and carefully executed.

N. B. Any Gentleman that may want neat Buckſkin Gloves, or a quantity of Breeches or Skins, may depend on being ſupplied on the moſt reaſonable terms. §

FOUR DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, living in Londonderry townſhip, Cheſter county, the 29th of Auguſt, 1772, a Dutch ſervant man, named RUDOLPH BROOKHOUSE, about 35 years of age, about 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, had a great ſcar on his left cheek, and ſeveral cuts on his forehead; had on, when he went away, a new 8oo ſhirt, coarſe tow trowſers, an old orange coloured ſtuff jacket, without ſleeves, a good wool hat, old ſhoes, with copper buckles; he is a ſtout likely fellow, and ſpeaks broken Engliſh; he ſerved one ſervitude with Iſaac Allen, Innkeeper, on Newport road, in ſaid county, when free from ſaid Allen he got a paſs, and it is likely he has it yet; he is a great chewer of tobacco, and was an old ſoldier in the laſt war. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervant, and ſecures him, ſo that his maſter may get him again, ſhall have the above reward, paid by me JOSIAH ALLEN. ¶

All SORTS of Wool and Cotton CARDS.

JAMES LONGDEN,

CARD-MAKER, from LONDON,

MAKES, in the neateſt and beſt manner, and has now ready for ſale, at his ſhop, in Pewter-platter-alley, between Front and Second-ſtreets, ALL the different kinds of CARDS made in Great-Britain, or are now made uſe of in America, particularly ſcribling and ſmall cards, in the greateſt perfection, the letter of which were never before attempted to be made in any part of America, and which he will warrant to be preferable to any imported.

N. B. The above will be ſold as cheap, or cheaper, than can be imported. *Philadelphia, September* 5, 1772. ‡

TO BE LETT,

A *Noted* TAVERN, *in Strawberry-Alley, with a large convenient ſtable in the yard, that runs from the houſe, and fronts Elbow-Lane, all under good repair, it was formerly kept by* Peter Sutter, *deceaſed, and now by his widow, who intends to leave it, as ſoon as taken. A number of reputable people, from the country, have uſed it for ſeveral years paſt, and of market days in particular; and with good uſage from the perſon who takes the houſe, the uſual cuſtomers may be kept. Any perſon that inclines to take the above deſcribed houſe, &c. may know the terms, by applying to the ſubſcriber, in the ſaid houſe, at the ſign of Queen Charlotte, or of* James Sutter, *in Front-ſtreet, below the Drawbridge; who may, if wanted, be ſupplied with beds, bedding, &c. fit for a tavern; if not wanted, will be ſold at public vendue, ſo ſoon as the houſe, &c. is lett.* ELIZABETH SUTTER.

N. B. It is requeſted of all thoſe that are indebted to the eſtate of Peter Sutter, deceaſed, to make ſpeedy payment; and thoſe who have any demands againſt the eſtate, to bring in their accounts, that they may be ſettled, by Peter Sutter, and James Sutter, Executors. †

APOQUINIMINK RACES.

TO to be RUN for, over the courſe at Bridge-Town, upon Apoquinimink Creek, commonly called Cantwell's Bridge, in New-Caſtle county, upon Delaware, on Thurſday, the 24th day of this inſtant September, A PURSE of TWENTY GUINEAS, free for any horſe, mare or gelding, paying One Guinea entrance, the beſt of three two mile heats, carrying weight for blood and age, as follows, viz.

	Aged. lb.	6 *yr. old.* lb.	5 *yr. do.* lb.	4 *yr. do.* lb.
Full blooded horſes to carry	154	144	128	111
Three quarter bloods ditto	148	138	122	105
Half bloods ditto - - -	142	132	116	99
One quarter bloods ditto -	136	126	110	93
Country horſes ditto - -	130	120	104	87

And on Friday, the 25th, will be RUN for, over the ſame courſe, a give and take Purſe of TEN GUINEAS, free for any horſe, mare, or gelding (excepting the winning horſe the preceding day) paying Twenty Shillings entrance, the beſt of three one mile heats. All horſes intended to ſtart, for either of the above Purſes, muſt be entered with MARTIN DULANY, at the above place, two days before the firſt mentioned RACE, or pay double entrance at the poſt. Proper certificates of the blood and ages, of the ſeveral horſes to ſtart, will be required, and any diſpute that may ariſe, will be determined by proper judges appointed for that purpoſe. Time of ſtarting preciſely at two o'clock; and proper care will be taken to have the courſe (which is perhaps one of the beſt in America) in delicate order.

N. B. Said *Dulany* will be provided with a number of ſtables, for the reception of running horſes, as well as others, upon the occaſion.

And on Saturday, the 26th, a ſcrub Purſe, for Country horſes.

SIX DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away on the 26th of Auguſt laſt, from the ſubſcriber, living in Leacock townſhip, Lancaſter county, an indented ſervant man, named CORMICK M'NAME, about 28 years of age, about 5 feet 5 inches high, of a ſwarthy complexion, with thiniſh black hair, and ſomewhat curly; had on a good wool hat, a half-worn blue jacket, without ſleeves, and the back parts of ſtriped lincey, blue and white; good ſhirt, tow trowſers, and half-worn ſhoes, with thongs in them; lived a year in Weſt-Caln townſhip, Cheſter county, and ſerved 1 year and 9 months with Peter Elliot, in Kingſeſs; followed ſhalloping ſome time before he was a ſervant; was ſeen in Cheſter, and ſuppoſed to be gone on board a man of war near Cheſter; all maſters of veſſels are forbid to carry him off at their peril. Whoever will ſecure him in any goal, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by me

‡ JAMES HAMILTON.

TO BE SOLD,

A VALUABLE *PLANTATION, ſituate in Norrington townſhip, Philadelphia county, containing* 216½ *acres, old meaſure, fronting Schuylkill* 200 *perches, whereon is a good ſhad fiſhery, there are about* 90 *acres cleared, the reſt is well timbered, ſome meadow is made, and more may be made; there is on ſaid plantation a ſtone houſe, ſtone barn and ſpring-houſe, with a never failing ſpring of water, a ſtone waggon-houſe and ſmoke-houſe, and other log-houſes very convenient, a good bearing orchard, and water in moſt of the fields, for benefit of the cattle; the whole in good repair; the title indiſputable. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe the ſame, may apply to the ſubſcriber, living on the premiſes.* ARCHIBALD THOMSON, *ſenior.* †

WANTS a PLACE,

A MIDDLE-AGED WOMAN, to teach two or three Children in a private Family; ſhe teaches grammatically, and with great Perſpicuity. She will learn them likewiſe plain Work and Marking. If the Friends want ſuch a Perſon, it might ſuit, as ſhe has been ſome Time with them. For further Particulars, enquire of the PRINTERS. †

[*For more new* ADVERTISEMENTS, *ſee the Fourth Page.*]

LONDON.

June 15. This morning an expreſs was ſent off to Lord Stormont, his Majeſty's Ambaſſador at the Court of Vienna.

The true reaſon that Meſſrs. Banks and Solander do not go to the South Seas is, the Court of Spain have ſtrongly remonſtrated againſt our navigating in thoſe ſeas, and our Court have given up the original deſign. And to cover the matter, the ſhip intended for Meſſrs. Banks, &c. was fitted out in ſo bad a manner, the Gentlemen could not go in her. This pitiful trick was contrived, to throw that blame upon them which really belongs to the Miniſtry.

June 20. Among the many encouragements given by the Empreſs of Ruſſia to the Engliſh artiſts, her Majeſty has given a large premium to Mr. Line, a celebrated naval painter, to execute capital repreſentations of the victories gained by her fleet over the Turkiſh armament, during the courſe of the war.

A Gentleman from Paris aſſures us, that the French King has not appeared in public for upwards of three weeks, and that he had refuſed to ſee any of the foreign Ambaſſadors, who are obliged to tranſact their buſineſs with the Prime Miniſters.

They write from Madrid, that a number of Jeſuits, to the amount of 170 perſons, were ſeized by order of the Government, in a convent of the Carmelites, at Almanza, on the 2d inſt. and impriſoned. Some of the principals are already condemned to die.

They write from Marſeilles, that on the 2d inſt. the Septentrion, a fine new ſhip of 70 guns, upon the ſtocks, and nearly finiſhed, accidentally catched fire, and was reduced to aſhes in a few hours.

We hear that the Dukes of Glouceſter and Cumberland intend paying a viſit in a ſhort time to their ſiſter the Queen of Denmark at Zelle.

June 23. Monſ. Ernſt, Secretary to the Britiſh Ambaſſador at Copenhagen, has the management of affairs there during the abſence of Sir Robert Murray Keith.

The Duke of Glouceſter viſits his brother the Duke of Cumberland in Pall-mall, and at Windſor, almoſt daily; and the ſtricteſt intimacy and friendſhip ſubſiſts between their two families.

This morning an expreſs was forwarded in great haſte to the Regency of Hanover, reported to be for an immediate augmentation of the troops of that Electorate.

June 24. Laſt week advice was received that three Ruſſian ſhips of war paſſed the Sound; we are now enabled to give a further account of them. The name of the firſt is the Orlow, the ſecond Cheſme, and the third Poboda; they are all bound for the Mediterranean, but not one of them is either half manned, or half provided with naval ſtores.

Beſides the Gentleman who cut his throat in conſequence of his loſſes by a late failure, we are informed that two others, who loſt almoſt their all by the ſame means, were ſo diſturbed in mind, that one of them abſconded, and has not been ſince heard of, and that the other threw himſelf out of a two pair of ſtairs window, and was ſo much hurt, that he has lain ſpeechleſs ever ſince.

Yeſterday afternoon, about five o'clock, a late Banker's Clerk drowned himſelf in a pond at Hampſtead. He went into a public houſe, and drank two glaſſes of brandy, for which he paid ſix-pence, refuſing any change; he then walked out, mounted the bridge, and was obſerved to prepare twice for jumping in, but as often his heart failed him; however, the third time he took the fatal leap, and was drowned. He was not found till ſix o'clock this morning, when ſeveral Bank notes were found upon him.

Extract of a letter from Portſmouth, June 18.

"The ſhips now in repair in this yard are the Courageux, 74; the Preſton, 50; Valiant, 74; and the Britannia of 100 guns; the Princeſs Royal of 90; the Lion of 64; and the Berwick of 74. Two new ſlips are going to be made for building ſhips, and many other improvements are making in the yard, and the fortifications on the Common are going forward with great vigour."

Extract of a letter from Rome, dated May 22.

"My deſign is to inform you of the ceremony of a late marriage, which was as great as that of a Prince indeed. The Chevalier, with Lord C----ll, and five ſervants, left Rome incog. and went to Macerati, from whence Lord C----ll ſet out for Loretto, where he received the Princeſs, an amiable Lady, of twenty years of age: He brought her to Macerati, and ſtayed there till Eaſter Sunday, at night, when they ſet out for the palace of Count de Spada, whoſe brother is in the Chevalier's ſervice, and the next day arrived in Rome. Their entry into Rome was as follows:---Firſt, four Couriers---Chevalier's poſt-chaiſe---then the Princeſs's coach and ſix, followed by two other poſt-chaiſes---the Chevalier and the Princeſs in their coach, followed by two other coaches and ſix, with their attendants---then two coaches and ſix with the Cardinal's attendants. The concourſe of people at the cavalcade was really ſurpriſing. Cardinal York paid a viſit to the Princeſs next morning, had a conference with her of an hour, and made her a preſent of a gold ſnuff-box, ſet with diamonds of great value; but the outſide, beautiful as it is, was nothing in compariſon of the beauty within; it contained an order upon his banker for 40,000 Roman crowns, nearly equal to 10,000 ſterling, with a ſettlement of 4000l. a year upon her. What think you of this affair? A race of Pretenders may ariſe, which will never end as long as the World laſts.------ "Honi ſoit qui maly penſe."

The departure of Queen Matilda from Cronenbourg for Stade was delayed by the expectation of a Courier from our Court to Copenhagen, relative to ſome objections which Sir Robert Murray Keith had made to the manner *of the Queen's departure. The Courier at length arrived, with advice that the Engliſh Court had* diſavowed *their Ambaſſador's objections, and had* given up *the point to the Daniſh Court.---Every thing being prepared for her Majeſty's departure, the Ambaſſador thought it his duty to ſettle the affair of the Queen's annual penſion from Denmark, as a proviſion for her houſhold, &c. on a firm footing, previous to her departure. He applied; and was told by the Grand Chamberlain of the Houſhold,* That it was not the cuſtom in Denmark, as in England, to provide for *divorced* Ladies. *Sir Robert Keith immediately took his leave, repaired to Cronenbourg, and embarked with the Queen for Stade.*

He did not return again to Denmark, but came directly from Hanover to London; a conduct which is as laudable for its ſpirit, as that of our daſtardly Miniſtry is deteſtable for its meanneſs.

The following is ſaid to be the cauſe of the preſent ſtoppage of payment among the mercantile intereſt: The gentlemen of Scotland are of a ſcheming and ambitious turn of mind.---Hence many of them traded greatly beyond their real capital by means of diſcounting bills.---The Engliſh did the ſame, though perhaps not to ſo great an extent. Thus it was difficult to tell who was or was not a man of actual property. The Bank, in order to aſcertain the point, and to trade upon the ſurer bottom, ſtopped the diſcounting of all Scots and Iriſh bills, hoping that this ſtep would check even the Engliſh, whom they durſt not diſoblige by the ſame treatment. It cannot, however, be denied that the conduct of the Bank was partial and oppreſſive; and it clearly proves that the charge of nationality is not ſo applicable to the Scots as to the Engliſh. The great Banker, who has lately ſtopped payment, being confeſſedly one of the moſt generous of men, undertook to accommodate his countrymen inſtead of the Bank; and they have out of revenge found means to undo him.

The Duke of Queenſberry, on the firſt intelligence of a late capital failure, repaired, we hear, into the city, and aſſured the Bank of England, that he had landed property, to the value of four millions ſterling, ready to produce, in caſe of neceſſity, to ſupport a Bank in which he was intereſted in Scotland; and therefore deſired that the directors would not by any means ſhake the ſecurity of public credit, as there could be no doubt but that other private Bankers, if called upon, were fully able to anſwer all demands that might be made on them by their creditors.

The illiberal are already fabricating national reflections from a failure of laſt week; and therefore we muſt not be ſurpriſed if the faults of a ſingle individual are made, in the preſent temper of the times, the characteriſtic criterion of a whole kingdom.

One gentleman drew out 60,000*l. on Tueſday laſt from a great Banker; and on his apologizing for drawing for ſo great a ſum at once, and proteſting it was for no other reaſon but to anſwer an immediate emergency in a conſiderable purchaſe, the Banker replied,* "*Sir, no apology is neceſſary, we are as glad to ſee our friends at their demanding as paying in their money, and ſhall certainly continue to be ſo.*"

Laſt night a Spaniſh Courier arrived at St. James's with ſome diſpatches from Lord Grantham at Madrid.

We believe it is not in the annals of the Gazette, that ever two Aldermen of the City of London appeared therein before Tueſday laſt at one time (if two ever did at all) in the liſt of bankrupts.

The French Ambaſſador has received orders from his Court, to lay a complaint againſt ſome officers of the men of war on the Newfoundland ſtation for their depredations, by ſeizing ſome French veſſels, and carrying them into St. John's, in Newfoundland; and to demand their releaſe, and ſatisfaction for the damages they may have ſuſtained by their detention.

Extract of a letter from Cracow, May 24.

"*The Grand Signor having been informed of the partition which the three united Powers intended to make of Poland, immediately diſpatched the Aga of Kiow to Vienna, with propoſals for being included in the league, not only on account of his vicinity to the kingdom in queſtion, but on account of the intereſt he had always taken in the fortunes of that kingdom. The Turkiſh Officer was received but very coldly by the Emperor, and received only for anſwer, that his Imperial Highneſs would communicate the propoſals to the other parties of the alliance. The Divan, however, not thinking this delay entirely ſatisfactory, has ſent* 20,000 *men, under the command of a Pacha, to take poſſeſſion of Kiow, Bialucerkiow, and its neighbourhood. A few weeks will probably diſcover in what light the Confederate Powers will view this ſtep.*"

Advice is received that orders are ſent from Madrid to Carthagena, and other ſea-ports lying by the Mediterranean, to countermand their former order to ſtop fitting out any more ſhips, and to prepare a fleet for ſea as faſt as poſſible; advice having been received at Madrid, that a powerful fleet is ſailed from hence for the Mediterranean ſeas, and that it is deſigned to make an attack on ſome place belonging to Spain.

Thirty thouſand pagodas worth of diamonds, it is ſaid, were imported in one of the Eaſt-India Company's ſhips, lately come into the river, the property of one gentleman.

It is now certain that a matrimonial union is intended to take place between the Courts of Sweden and Denmark, to which the late revolutions could alone have paved the way.

June 26. *The Grand Signor is ſending an Ambaſſador, with magnificent preſents, to the King of Pruſſia. The Ottoman Porte hath hitherto ſeldom, if ever before, ſent Ambaſſadors but to Emperors of Germany, and to Kings of France.*

This morning, between two and three o'clock, a dreadful fire broke out at the houſe of Mr. Watſon, Coach-painter, in Long Acre; which entirely conſumed the ſame, together with the houſe of Mr. Bluck, Silver Lace Weaver, and greatly damaged that of Mr. Nuttall, Engine-maker, and the Pawnbroker adjoining, all in front. The flames then ſpread to Broad Court, where they deſtroyed ſix houſes, among which was the celebrated Lucy Cooper's, and ſeveral more were greatly damaged. No water could be procured for full three hours, ſo that the fire raged all that time with uncontrouled fury. Mr. Sheriff Wilkes attended, with great aſſiduity, in order to aſſiſt the poor ſufferers. Two fellows had the impudence to pelt Mr. Wilkes, while he was aſſiſting the above unhappy ſufferers, for which they were ſoon ſeized by the populace, and carried before Sir John Fielding, who committed them to priſon. It is ſaid that when the above fire firſt broke out, a large dog ſet up a moſt terrible howling, which alarmed the family, otherwiſe they would have been all burned in their beds. During the fire two villains were taken into cuſtody, for ſtealing goods to a great value. During the confuſion at the above fire, a child was flung out of a two pair of ſtairs window, and killed on the ſpot. The above fire is ſaid to have been occaſioned by ſome lighted charcoal being left in a pan in a Warehouſe, which ſet fire to ſome oil in that place.

The ſhips fitted out, and now on the point of ſailing, are, it is ſaid, notwithſtanding the air of myſtery aſſumed, only intended to reconnoitre the coaſt of Africa, and touch at one or two of the ports, and then return to England.

Laſt night there was a meeting of ſeveral of the Privy Council at Lord North's, and it is ſaid that it was in conſequence of an expreſs which arrived yeſterday morning from a Northern Court.

Extract of a Letter from Cambridge, June 23.

"The Subſcription of Bachelors of Arts to the 39 Articles was this day removed, nem. con. inſtead of it is ſubſtituted the following Declaration: I A. B. declare that I am, bona fide, a Member of the Church of England, as by Law eſtabliſhed."

Yeſterday a meſſenger arrived at St. James's with ſome diſpatches of importance from Copenhagen.

This morning an expreſs was ſent off with ſome diſpatches to Hanover and Zelle.

Couriers are conſtantly paſſing between the Courts of Rome and Madrid, ſome cauſes of diſagreement having ariſen concerning the meditated expulſion of the Dominicans from Spain.

We learn from Paris, that a loan of four million of livres is now ſoliciting at Genoa, for the ſervice of the Court of Verſailles.

From the late rejection of the Diſſenters Bill, the Biſhops ſeem to have little to fear from malecontents, either in the Church, or out of it; while the epiſcopal College ſtick together, they are too conſequential to Government, to be diſobliged by conſenting to any innovation, however juſt and reaſonable.

Sir George Murray Keith is appointed Envoy Extraordinary to the Court of Vienna, in the place of Lord Stormont, who is appointed Ambaſſador Extraordinary to the Court of Verſailles.

A correſpondent ſays, that a perfect reconciliation is now effected between all the popular Gentlemen in the city, except the Aldermen Townſend and Wilkes, which, it is feared, will not be ſpeedily brought about.

Purſuant to his Majeſty's orders, the Doctors Jebb and Adair have received handſome preſents, for their care of his Royal Highneſs the Duke of Glouceſter's health while on his travels in Italy.

June 27. *The moment a late great failure in the city was known, a Gentleman rode off expreſs to Edinburgh to the bankers there, and back again, which is near* 850 *miles, in ſo ſhort a time as* 103 *hours; and in conſequence of that gentleman's return the bank of England, on Wedneſday, advanced* 400,000*l. to the bankers there, who, but for this timely ſupply, muſt have all become bankrupts.*

It is ſaid that part of Mr. Robinſon's view in going out with Major Rogers to America is, that he may have an opportunity of inſpecting ſome very valuable mines, which he is well informed are at the head of the River Miſſiſippi, and which, he thinks, may be worked with much greater eaſe and advantage than thoſe in the neighbourhood of Mexico; that, at the ſame time the Major ſhall be there engaged in exploring territory, the Miner may be employed in acquiring treaſure to the Britiſh Empire.

The Boſton man of war, Captain Parker, from Virginia, is arrived at Portſmouth.

The madman who formerly cut trees in Kew Gardens, made an attempt, it is ſuppoſed, to aſſaſſinate his Majeſty, in his way from one Garden to the other at Kew. He was, however, fortunately diſcovered by a treaſonable paper he had put into the Key-hole of the garden-door; and being apprehended, three loaded piſtols were found upon him, and a claſp knife, with which he wounded one of the keepers of the madhouſe (from whence he made his eſcape) in the belly.

It is ſaid that a treaty of marriage is really on foot between a certain Nobleman, and a patriotic Sheriff's daughter.

They write from Paris of the 22d inſtant, that Prince Stuart and his youngeſt brother arrived at Fountainbleau the 20th, and were very cordially received by his moſt Chriſtian Majeſty.

Saturday morning an eminent Barbary merchant ſhot himſelf, at his houſe at Rotherhithe.

It is aſſerted, that the Queen of Denmark will be in England in a few months, and reſide here till the Spring, when ſhe will return to Hanover, accompanied by ſeveral perſons of diſtinction of both ſexes.

July 1. They write from Brunſwick, that ſome grand apartments in the Duke's palace there are ordered to be fitted up immediately, which hath cauſed many conjectures; but it is generally believed, that they are for the reception of the Queen Dowager of Denmark and Prince Frederick, who have declared their deſire of ſpending a few weeks there as ſoon as all affairs are ſettled at Copenhagen.

The changes talked of to take place in Adminiſtration are entirely laid aſide, though ſuch a meaſure was in agitation a few days ſince. Lord Chatham was not ſent for to Court. His Lordſhip was there, but his buſineſs, we are informed, was ſolely to acquaint his Majeſty that he had two ſons, whom he ſhould be glad to ſee provided for, one of whom he intended for the army, and the other for the navy.

The Commiſſion of Bankruptcy againſt a certain Houſe, ſome think, will be ſuperſeded; and many even talk that, after ſatisfying all juſt demands, there will not only be a redundancy of 100,000l. but an eſtate of 4000l. a year.

BASSETERRE (in *St. Chriſtophers*) July 29.

By a veſſel which arrived yeſterday from St. Vincent, we are credibly informed, that the Indians were intrenching themſelves on the boundaries of that part of the iſland which they claim, and are reſolved obſtinately to oppoſe the entrance of our troops into their country, ſo that it is imagined there will be many lives loſt.

WILLIAMSBURG, Auguſt 27.

By a ſhip arrived at Norfolk, in ſix weeks from Whitehaven, we are informed that the panic, occaſioned by the late great bankruptcies, was pretty well over, and public credit began again to revive.

BOSTON, *Auguſt* 27.

Laſt Sabbath-day, towards evening, a gentlewoman ſat by a window fronting the ſtreet, eating bread and milk.---A bold fellow obſerving her, waited for her finiſhing, in hopes of ſeizing the porringer and ſpoon, which were both ſilver. He ſucceeded in the latter, for as ſhe put the ſpoon on the table, which was handy, and by the window, he reached his hand in, while the perſon ſtooped to give the cat what remained in the porringer, and carried it off. Had not the cat been by, and ſhe had put porringer and ſpoon on the table, he would very probably have ſtole them both. There was no man in the houſe, the woman cried ſtop the thief, in which chorus he loudly joined, and eſcaped.

NEW-YORK, *September* 3.

The Brig Charming Peggy, Captain Lawrence, from Amſterdam, but laſt from Shields, which he left the 1ſt of July, on the Paſſage ſpoke the following Veſſels, viz. July the 8th, Lat. 49, a Brig from Cape Fear; 11th, Lat. 47:30, a Ship, 7 Weeks from Jamaica, bound for London; 14th, Lat. 45:25, a Snow from London to Quebec; 21ſt, Lat. 45, a Brig from Senegal for London; Auguſt 2d, Lat. 42:22, Long. 35:30, a Ship, Captain Saltar, 4 Weeks from Briſtol, for Piſcataqua; 6th, Lat. 41, Long. 57:30, ſaw and took up a Hogſhead of Jamaica Rum, marked TF No. 2, and next Day ſaw another Hogſhead, ſuppoſed to be of the ſame Liquor, but it proved to be Water; 7th, Lat. 42, Long. 49, a Ship, from Carolina for London; 11th, Lat. 41:30, Long. 54:30, ſaw the Top of a Ship's Maſt, ſtanding right up, 7 or 8 Feet out of the Water---the Ship to which it belonged, ſuppoſed to be ſunk below it; 26th, Lat. 38, Long. 64:30, a Ship, from Jamaica for London; 28th, Lat. 39, Long. 67, a Sloop, 14 Days from St. Martins, for Boſton.

Sept. 7. Thurſday laſt the Lord Hyde Packet, Captain Goddard, failed from hence with the Mail for Falmouth.

Captain Deane, from St. Kitts, the 31ſt ult. in Lat. 31:48, Long. 70, ſpoke with Captain Fullerton, in a Ship of this Port, with three Brigs in Company, from St. Auguſtine for St. Vincents, having the 31ſt Regiment on board.

PERTH-AMBOY, *Auguſt* 26.

To his EXCELLENCY WILLIAM FRANKLIN, Eſq; *Captain General, and Governor in Chief, in and over the Colony of* NEW-JERSEY, *and territories thereon depending, in* AMERICA, *Chancellor and Vice-Admiral in the ſame,*

The HUMBLE ADDRESS *of the* REPRESENTATIVES *of the ſaid Colony, in General Aſſembly met.*

May it pleaſe your Excellency,

WE his Majeſty's dutiful and loyal ſubjects, the Repreſentatives of the colony of New-Jerſey, in General Aſſembly convened, truly ſenſible of the advantages reſulting to the good people of the colony, by his Majeſty's gracious allowance of the act for enlarging the number of the Repreſentatives, receive your Excellency's congratulations with great pleaſure, and rejoice at this freſh inſtance of the King's paternal regard to us.

Whenever any ſchemes are recommended to the Houſe, the utility of which appears more than adequate to the charge of an experiment, and ſuch as the ability of the colony will admit of, we hope your Excellency will find the preſent Aſſembly ever ready to conſult the true intereſt of the colony, and to exert themſelves in ſupporting every ſalutary meaſure.

Fully determined to conſider the general welfare of the colony, without injurious attachments to any part, the fatal ſentiment which your Excellency is pleaſed to ſay hath too much prevailed in the province, we think will find no place in our Houſe: And we flatter ourſelves, that our future conduct will evince our inclinations to be correſpondent with our preſent profeſſion.

As the act mentioned by your Excellency to have paſſed the Legiſlature for the raiſing a bounty on flax, hemp, and mulberry trees, as far as it regards the two firſt, which we conceive to be the moſt material objects of our notice and encouragement, will not expire until the end of the Seſſion of Aſſembly to be held after October next, we think it unneceſſary at this time to beſtow our attention on it, but muſt leave it to the care of a future ſeſſion, and as the bounty on the laſt, hath been never applied for, we apprehend no detriment will likely enſue to the colony, by poſtponing it at leaſt for the preſent. Whether the province is in ſuch a ſituation, as to enlarge the number of our bounties, we have not formed an opinion, but will take the ſame into our deliberation.

When we conſider the ſmall extent of the colony, that we are behind all others in trade, and ſo deficient in the principal ſource from whence opulence is derived---When we conſider that almoſt every officer here is dependant on the will and pleaſure of the Crown (though the goodneſs and regard we have experienced from our preſent moſt gracious Sovereign, induces us to hope that ſuch power will not be exerted to the diſadvantage of the colony)---we cannot agree with your Excellency, that the ſalaries of the officers of this government are greatly inadequate to the purpoſes for which they were given:---Some, we imagine, equal to the dignity of the ſtation, and others proportionate to the intereſt we have in them.

Warmly attached to the auguſt Monarch, who preſides over us by affection as well as principle; conſcious of the excellency of the inſtitution, under which we in part enjoy the liberty and privileges of Britiſh ſubjects; and earneſtly ſolicitous to preſerve all unaffected and unprejudiced---we truſt your Excellency will find us not only chearfully diſpoſed to ſhew our gratitude and loyalty to the one, but alſo fully determined to pay a proper attention, and carefully to maintain ourſelves in the other.

We heartily rejoice to find your Excellency poſſeſſed of the importance of the harmony you ſo kindly wiſh, and as we are fully reſolved to take every method to cultivate a good underſtanding between the ſeveral branches of the Legiſlature, ſo we hope we ſhall find each ready to concur with us in the adoption of every ſalutary meaſure to preſerve what appears ſo neceſſary to the welfare of the people we repreſent; and at the ſame time that we ſincerely thank your Excellency for the aſſurance, that we ſhall find you ready to exert yourſelf to the utmoſt in whatever may promote the true intereſt of the colony, we do aſſure you, that you will always find us diſpoſed to ſupport the government with honour, whilſt the methods, naturally to be expected from that inclination, are continued to obtain the regard and affection of the people.

By order of the Houſe,

CORT. SKINNER, Speaker.

Houſe of Aſſembly, Aug. 26, 1772.

The GOVERNOR's REPLY *to the above* ADDRESS.

GENTLEMEN,

I AM glad to find you ſo truly ſenſible of his Majeſty's goodneſs in allowing an additional number of Repreſentatives.

If any of the ſchemes which I have recommended to your Houſe, are either not adequate to the charge of an experiment, or beyond the ability of the colony, you are certainly right in rejecting them. I did flatter myſelf, indeed, that the encouragement of trade, the making of roads, the erecting of bridges, and ſuitable public buildings, and the granting bounties to promote the raiſing of ſundry valuable kinds of produce, would at leaſt be deemed "ſalutary meaſures," worthy of a trial, and within our power. The only motive I could have in recommending theſe matters to your attention was the public good; and if it is not agreeable to you to adopt all or any of them, I have only to ſay, that I am ready to co-operate with you in promoting any others which may be thought more likely to anſwer that deſirable purpoſe. All I wiſh is to have the pro-

vince roused, by some means or other, from that lethargic stupor which has hitherto benumbed its best faculties, and prevented it from improving those advantages which it has received from God and nature.

As you acknowledge that you "are behind all others in trade, and that trade is the principal source from whence opulence is derived," I shall hope that you will not fail to pay due attention to that object.

This colony is by no means so much inferior to the adjacent provinces, either in extent or opulence, as is the support allowed to the public officers of Government, and they hold their commissions by the same or the like tenor in this province, as they do in the others: Your assertion, therefore, that the "salaries are not inadequate, and that you imagine some of them equal to the dignity of the station, and others proportionate to the interest you have in them," needs no comment. It is a notorious fact, that none of them are proportionate to the ability of the province, and that most of them are so extremely low, that they would be thought a disgrace to any other colony on the continent. However, when I mentioned this subject to you in my Speech, it was not so much with an expectation of your deviating from the example of your predecessors in the Assembly, as to guard against any reflections that might hereafter be cast on me, for not having duly apprised you of the ill consequences which would probably ensue, from a continuance of the like conduct.

Your professions of attachment to his Majesty, and your resolution to cultivate a good understanding between the several branches of the Legislature, are very commendable. And, as I am convinced, that neither my inclinations nor endeavours to deserve and "obtain the regard and affections of the people," will ever be wanting, so I shall rely with confidence on your kind assurances, "that I shall always find you disposed to support the Government with honour."

August 26th, 1772.

PRINCETON, NEW-JERSEY, August 22.

From the uncertainty that some persons appear to be in, Whether the fixed Day for the Annual Commencement here, is the fourth or the last Wednesday of September, it has become necessary to inform the public, that it is always the last Wednesday, which indeed generally happens to be the fourth, but this year is the fifth Wednesday, and the last day of the month, when it will be held as usual. On the Monday preceding will be the public examination of the Grammar School, in presence of the Trustees and Faculty of the College, and such Ministers and Gentlemen as please to attend. The senior class in the school will be then tried for admission to the freshman class in College, and it would be very agreeable if those from other schools, to whom it is any way convenient, and who intend to enter the freshman class, would come and be admitted at the same time. The day following, viz. Tuesday the 29th, is to be wholly spent in a voluntary competition for prizes, open to all the undergraduates, on the following subjects. 1. Reading English with propriety and grace, and answering questions on the construction, orthography and punctuation of the language; the excellencies of reading to be clear and distinct articulation --just and natural tone, without either the theatrical rant on the one hand, or any whining cadence on the other---- due regard to the pauses and stops, and attention to the accent in words, and the emphasis in sentences. 2. Reading Latin and Greek with all the same properties as reading English, and with particular attention to true quantity. 3. Writing a Latin version. 4. Speaking Latin. 5. Pronouncing an English oration. There are to be three prizes on each subject, if a sufficient number of candidates appear, to consist of the best English authors in prose and poetry, neatly bound, to the value of 3l. 2l. and 1l. proclamation money; the superiority to be determined by a jury of some persons for each branch.

A gentleman of Pennsylvania has also given two prizes to be confined to the freshman class: These are to be bestowed, the one on the boy who shall shew himself best acquainted with Latin Grammar, and the other for the like superiority in English Grammar.

PHILADELPHIA, *September* 9.

On Monday next The GENERAL ASSEMBLY of this Province meets here.

On Friday last died suddenly, at his Seat at *Græme Park*, THOMAS GRÆME, Esq; M. D. Naval Officer for the Port of Philadelphia. "He was descended from an ancient Family in Scotland, and possessed all the natural Talents of a Gentleman, improved by a liberal Education. He was blest with a clear Head, a masculine Understanding, and a happy Sagacity, which justly placed him for Half a Century at the Head of his Profession, as a Physician, in this City. His Practice was fair and honourable, distinguished as well by his medical Abilities and communicative Temper, as by a natural Philanthropy, that led him equally to the most affectionate and diligent Attendance on all his Patients, and to the charitable Relief of the numerous Poor who applied to him. He likewise long filled an important *civil* Office, closely connected with the trading Interest of this Province; and, hating Covetousness, conducted himself therein with so much Justice and Moderation, that he carried to the Grave with him, a Character universally beloved for Integrity in his public Trust, as well as for the amiable Virtues of Humanity in his private Station. From *Temperance*, and an extraordinary Vigor of Constitution, he attained Fullness of Years; and his Dissolution at last seemed so easy, that he might be rather said to have waited till Death came, or to be as it were translated into Eternity, than to have *died*. There scarce appeared a Struggle between Soul and Body at parting----The former, in an Instant, took its Flight to the Region of Spirits, and the latter, without a Groan, dropped down to embrace its kindred Earth."

He was interred Sunday Forenoon, in Christ-Church-yard, in this City, and the Esteem in which he *lived*, was testified by the great Concourse of respectable Inhabitants of all Denominations, who attended his Funeral. A Sermon, suitable to the Occasion, was preached by the Rev. Dr. SMITH, from which we have had the Favour of extracting the foregoing Character of the deceased.

We hear that the Reverend CHARLES BEATTY, many Years a faithful Minister of the Gospel at Neshaminey, in this Province, departed this Life on the 13th Day of August last, in Barbados, where he went to solicit Benefactions for the COLLEGE OF NEW-JERSEY. This Gentleman's amiable Virtues in private, and active Spirit in public Life, render his Death universally lamented.

Captain M'Causland, from Londonderry, on the 13th ult. in Lat. 38: 17, Long. 53, spoke a Ship, from New-York for Madeira, out 4 Days. With Captain M'Causland came 300 Passengers.

The Ship General Wolfe, Captain Hunter, sailed for this Port 8 Days before Captain M'Causland; and the Brig Boscawen, Captain Marshall, was expected to sail soon after him, also for this Port.

Captain Neil, from Glasgow, on the 25th of July, in Lat. 47, Long. 31, spoke a Ship from Jamaica for London, out 5 Weeks: On the 3d ult. in Lat. 40, Long. 45, spoke a Sloop, a Whaler, from Boston, had one Fish, out 3 Months: On the 22d, in Lat. 39, Long. 66, spoke a Ship from Virginia for London, out 6 Days; and on the 27th, in Lat. 38, Long. 70, spoke a Sloop from St. Martins for Boston, out 3 Weeks, who had carried away her main Boom, by which Accident one of the People had his Thigh broke.

The Ship St. Andrew, Captain Ritchie, was to sail from Glasgow, the Beginning of August, for this Port.

Monday last the Sloop Tryal, Captain Gensell, arrived here in 14 Days from St. Croix. On his outward-bound Passage, on the 13th of July, in Lat. 28: 6, Long. 63: 40, he spoke the Ship White-Oak, Captain Caton, from this Port. [*This is the Ship mentioned in our last to have struck on the Rocks of Bermuda, where she lost her Mizenmast.*] She was then full of Water, but was in Company with the Schooner Hannah, Captain Woods, also of this Place, who had taken her in Tow, and was proceeding with her for Hispaniola; Captain Caton and his People all well. On the 31st of August, in Lat. 36: 30, Captain Gensell spoke a Brig, from Tortola for New-London, 14 Days out; and last Wednesday Evening, about 17 Leagues to the Southward of our Capes, came across the Brig Success, Captain Gilpin, from Wilmington for St. Christophers, who left the Capes the Day before, but about Three o'Clock that Morning was overset, by a Sea striking her, in a violent Gale of Wind at N. E. Soon after she overset, they cut away the Mainmast, and the Foremast went of itself, when she righted a little, but was so full of Water, that only Part of the Quarter-Deck remained free, and the People expected to perish every Moment, as the Sea made a constant Breach over them, till they happily met with Captain Gensell, who took them all on board, and landed them at New-Castle.

Lately two Persons blind with Cataracts, were couched by Dr. Graham, Oculist and Aurist, in this City.---One of them, a Gentleman advanced in Years, was couched in one Eye, but the Operation proved ineffectual.---The other, Son of Mr. Thomas Walling, of Croswicks, in New-Jersey, now at Mr. Allen's, nearly opposite the Coffee-House, 11 Years of Age, and who, for upwards of 3 Years, had been totally blind of both Eyes, was instantly restored to his Sight of both. Mr. Barton, of Baltimore County, Maryland, has likewise been restored to his perfect Hearing in one Ear.---We hear, that since the 1st of August, 23 Persons have been helped in their Sight or Hearing----of that Number 7 had lost their Sight by Beards of Rye, and other Grain, getting into their Eyes in Time of Harvest, of these 3 only have perfectly recovered.----This may be a Caution to that useful, though poor Sett of People, the Support of whose Families depends so much on the Possession of that invaluable Blessing, the Sight.

On Monday Evening last, one James Gordon, a Butcher's Servant in this City, was found hanging dead in his Master's Slaughter-house.

Arrived at Barbados. Captains Dyson, and Watlington, from Virginia; Butler, and Dunscombe, from Maryland; Sanders, from New-York; Pratt, from New-London; Denny, from Marblehead; Newcomb, from Boston; Gardner, from Salem; and Captains Lindsay, and Stackpole, from Piscataqua.

The Ship Fame, Captain White, is arrived at St. Croix, from this Port.

†‡† The Public are cautioned to beware of Counterfeit EIGHTEEN-PENNY BILLS, of the Bettering-House Money, as some of them are passing among us; they are done from a Copper-plate, and may readily be distinguished from the true Bills, as the Letters are very irregularly cut, and do not look so clear as the common printing Types.

There are likewise some of the ONE SHILLING BILLS of this Province altered to TEN, by pasting the Word *Ten* over *One* in the Denomination, but so badly done, that they may easily be discovered.

*** COLLES's HYDRAULIC LECTURES will begin again on Monday next, the 14th Instant, at the State-House, at 11 o' Clock in the Forenoon; the same Lecture will be also repeated at 7 o' Clock in the Evening, where he requests the Company of those Subscribers who have not yet attended, or have missed any particular Lecture, and such other Gentlemen as are curious in Exhibitions of so useful and entertaining a Nature.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, *Philadelphia.* INWARD ENTRIES.

Snow Neptune, T. Wallace, from Lisbon. Brig Ann, J. Robinson, Honduras. Brig Thomas, T. Bernard, Jamaica. Snow Barbados Packet, W. Sutton, Cadiz. Sloop Tryall, J. Gensell, St. Croix. Brig Dove, W. Allen, Barbados. Sloop Friendship, N. Boush, Virginia. Schooner Mary, J. Perott, Halifax. Sloop Friendship, A. Adderly, N. Providence. Sloop Russell, N. Martin, Maryland. Brig Hawke, R. Neil, Greenock. Ship Wallworth, C. M'Causland, New-Castle on Delaware.

OUTWARDS. Brig Ann, J. Eve, and Snow Dickinson, J. Johnston, for Jamaica. Schooner Gull, J. Ross, Nevis. Sloop Peggy, S. Hinckley, and Sloop Molly, E. Rogers, Boston. Schooner Bonaventure, J. Waterman, Nantucket. Sloop Charlotte, J. Cobourne, New-York. Sloop Friendship, A. Adderley, N. Providence. Brig Friendship, J. Blewer, S. Carolina.

CLEARED. Sloop Dispatch, S. Thompson, Schooner Ann, R. Robinson, and Schooner Molly and Fanny, B. Woods, to N. Carolina. Brig Prince of Wales, W. Moore, S. Carolina. Brig Georgia Packet, J. Souder, Georgia. Schooner Dolphin, N. Lewis, Halifax. Sloop America, N. Lamson, Boston. Ship Rebecca and Susanna, R. Casson, Lisbon. Sloop Beveridge, C. Stuart, Cape Nichola. Brig Molly, J. Mullett, St. Kitts. Schooner Charming Nancy, E. Hand, and Snow Sarah, S. Cortey, Barbados. Sloop Sally, T. Alberson, N. York.

To the FREEHOLDERS, and ELECTORS, of the Borough and County of CHESTER.

GENTLEMEN,

I RETURN you my sincere Thanks for your favourable Opinion, in thinking me worthy of a Seat in your House of Assembly, for these several Years past. Last Year I desired you to excuse me from serving you in that Office; and, as I find myself in a declining State of Health, cannot think of serving longer in Assembly; I beg you will be so kind as to chuse, at the ensuing Election, some Person, to represent you, in Stead of

Your obliged Friend, JOHN CROSBY. §

To the FREEHOLDERS, and others, ELECTORS, for the City and County of PHILADELPHIA.

GENTLEMEN,

I RETURN you my most sincere Thanks for your past Favours, and as I intend to stand a Candidate for the Sheriff's Office, when the present Sheriff's Time shall by Law expire, I do now request the Favour of your Votes and Interest, which will much oblige your Friend, and humble Servant,

JOSEPH REDMAN.

To the FREEHOLDERS, and ELECTORS, for the Borough and County of CHESTER.

GENTLEMEN,

I THANK you for your Favours past, and shall be further obliged to you for the Continuance of your Votes and Interest, at the ensuing Election, for the Coroner's Office; which shall be gratefully acknowledged, by Your humble Servant,

§ JOHN CROSBY, junior, Coroner.

To the FREEHOLDERS, and others, ELECTORS for the City and County of PHILADELPHIA.

GENTLEMEN,

I RETURN you my sincere Acknowledgments for the Honour done me, in chooling me one of your Assessors for several Years past; but as a longer Continuance in that Station would be inconvenient to me, I request the Favour of you to choose some other Person, at the ensuing Election, to serve you in Stead of, *Your sincere Friend*, ABRAHAM LUKENS. ¶

To be SOLD by

THOMAS LAKE,

In Second-street, near the New Market,

A FEW Barrels of IRISH BEEF, and a few Hogsheads of JAMAICA SUGAR. †

KITE-FOOT TOBACCO,

Of an excellent Quality, equal to any imported from EUROPE, MANUFACTURED and SOLD by

HAMILTON and LEIPER,

In Second-street, between Market and Arch-streets.

A Sample of the TOBACCO may be seen at the Bar of the London Coffee-House. ‖ *Philad. Sept.* 8, 1772.

FORTY SHILLINGS Reward.

RAN away, on the 31st of the Eighth Month (called August) last, from the subscriber, living in East-Caln township, Chester county, an English servant lad, named THOMAS HARRIS, about 20 years of age, about five feet five inches high, has light coloured hair, and a pale complexion: Had on, when he went away, a home-spun shirt, a grey serge double breasted jacket, lined with white flannel, a pair of striped linen trowsers, a pair of strong half worn shoes, the soals remarkably full of pegs, and a good felt hat. Whoever takes up said servant, and delivers him to his master, or secures him in any goal within this province, shall have the above reward, and reasonable charges, paid by † ROBERT VALENTINE.

TO BE SOLD,

A BRICK MESSUAGE, situated on the west side of Second-street, near the corner of Walnut-street, now in the tenure of Messieurs Duffield and Dulany. The house has been used as a Druggist's shop for several years, and has a good opening upon Walnut-street. The purchaser, on paying down one third of the purchase money, may have a reasonable time for the payment of the remainder, giving sufficient security, with interest. For terms, apply to SAMUEL POWEL. 6*w.*

TO BE DISPOSED OF,

THE Time of an ENGLISH SERVANT GIRL, about 15 Years of Age, who has three Years and an Half to serve. She is very capable for all Kinds of House-work, and will suit for either Town or Country. Enquire of the Printers.

To be SOLD, or LETT,

A PLANTATION, situate in Waterford township, Gloucester county, West New-Jersey, about six miles from Philadelphia, containing 250 acres, one half cleared, the rest well timbered, bounded by Penshawkin creek, about a mile above the Bridge, and by land of Joseph Armstrong, the Widow Hosier, and others, there is on the place a good stone house, two stories high, two rooms on a floor, a stone kitchen, and a well of good water at the door, 11 acres of drained meadow, and as many more may be made, a frame barn, and stables, an orchard of 200 apple-trees, and other fruit trees; it is very convenient to mill and market. Time will be given for the payment of one half the purchase money; for further particulars, enquire of Mr. SAMUEL COOPER, at the Ferry, or of ROBERT TOWERS, in Market-street, Philadelphia. ‡

Manufactured by JOHN ZANE, at TRENTON,

Of the most approved IRON, and now on Hand, to be disposed of by JOHN PEMBERTON, in Philadelphia,

A QUANTITY of STEEL, supposed to exceed former Parcels in Goodness. Merchants, Shopkeepers or others, may be supplied on moderate Terms; and any that should not prove, on Trial, equal to Expectation, will be received back, and the Money returned. There is some neatly drawn for Springs to Carriages, in thin Plates, which will save the Smiths much Labour; also for Mill and Cross-cut Saws. Likewise for Sale, Chambers for Pumps, Iron Kettles, Bake-Irons, Cart, Waggon, and Chaise-boxes. ‖

Philadelphia, September 4, 1772.

RUN away, on Thursday, the 25th of June last, from on board the brig Morning-star, Thomas Callender, master, an apprentice lad, named WILLIAM OWENS, about 16 years of age, born in Maryland, 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, thin visage. Whoever brings him to his said master, shall have a reward of FIVE SHILLINGS, and no other charges. ‡

THOMAS CALLENDER.

WHEREAS a certain HECTOR M'CLAIN has left sundry articles in possession of the subscriber, as a security for a debt, due by said M'Clain to me; this is to inform him, that unless he discharges the said debt, in three weeks from the date hereof, they will be exposed to public sale, by

Philad. Sept. 7, 1772. BERNARD LAWERSWYLER. ‖

Just imported, and to be sold, by

FRANCIS CASPAR HASSENCLEVER,

At his store, in Second-street, midway of Arch and Race-streets, Philadelphia,

A VERY large and general assortment of superfine, fine, middling, and coarse, warranted BOULTING-CLOTHS; where storekeepers and millers in the country, may be supplied, at as low a rate as ever any has been sold in this city; he receives them from the manufactory, consequently can give them a great deal cheaper than any other merchant; he engages that if the cloths should not turn out according to expectation, to exchange them, or return the money. ‖ 5*w.*

TO be SOLD by the subscriber, in Baltimore county, in the province of Maryland, 216½ acres of patent LAND, about 30 acres of which are lately cleared, and under good fence, the remainder remarkably well timbered and watered, there being sundry fine springs on the same; the soil is good for tobacco, Indian corn, wheat, rye, or other grain; several acres of fine meadow may be made at small expence; there are two small tenements thereon, and some peach-trees; the said land lies within ten miles of the flourishing town of Baltimore, and on the great road leading thereto. Any person wanting to view the land, may be shewn it, by Mr. William Ede, living near the premises, and for further particulars, enquire of the subscriber, living about two miles from Nottingham Forges, and six miles from Joppa.

Sept. 5, 1772. JOHN HOWLAND. ¶ 10*w.*

FIVE POUNDS Reward.

RUN AWAY *the* 8*th day of May last, from the subscriber, living in East Pennsborough, Cumberland county, an Irish servant man, named* JOHN GREEN, *about* 21 *years of age, 5 feet* 8 *or* 9 *inches high, with short red bushy hair, cut on the top of his head, a rediish complexion, sour look, and a scar on the right side of his head, near the crown; his cloathing uncertain, as he has been since seen with different clothes; he kept some time at Mr. Grubb's Furnace, privately with his wood-cutters; is an artful fellow, a good scholar, a great rogue, much given to strong drink, and may forge a pass; he formerly lived with Mr. Humphreys, at the Middle Ferry, on Schuylkill, and has been some time at sea, and may perhaps try to get on board some vessel again, therefore all masters of vessels are requested to apprehend said servant, and not to carry him off. Whoever secures said servant, and brings him to the owner, shall have the above reward; or Three Pounds, and reasonable charges, if secured in any of his Majesty's goals, so that the owner may have him again, paid by*

Sept. 2, 1772. WILLIAM KELSO.

*** *All owners and managers of furnaces and forges, are requested to apprehend said servant.* ‡

CAME *to the plantations of the subscribers, living in Cheltenham township, Philadelphia county, three stray creatures; the one of them a light grey* HORSE, *about* 14½ *hands high, shod before; one other of them a black* HORSE, *about* 14½ *hands high, with a blaze in his face, shod all round; and, the third of them a grey* MARE, *about* 13 *hands high, shod before. The owner is desired to come and prove his property, pay charges, and take them away.*

JACOB LEECH,

August 28, 1772. ‖ WILLIAM SHOEMAKER.

FIVE POUNDS Reward.

RUN AWAY *from the subscriber, on Tuesday morning, the* 11*th ult. an English servant lad, named* JOHN SPRAGUE, *about* 20 *years of age,* 5 *feet* 6 *inches high, has dark curled hair, large eye-brows, a down look, a pretty good complexion, good teeth, a dent on one side of his mouth, a peak nose, a large scar on his right leg, where it was broke, and is pretty thick; had on, when he went away, a check shirt and trowsers, and a light fustian jacket; he took with him one or two check shirts; he also had a large pair of oval silver shoe and knee buckles. It is supposed he will try to get off by water; but it was thought he was seen going down Passyunk road the same day. Whoever will take up said servant, and secure him in any goal, so that his master may have him again, shall receive the above reward, and reasonable charges, paid by* ROBERT BASS.

*** *The said boy writes a good hand, and will probably forge a pass; he has been near* 3 *years in an Apothecary's shop, and will be likely to pretend a knowledge of Drugs, Medicines, &c.*

ALL those who are indebted to the estate of THOMAS COATES, late of the city of Philadelphia, deceased, are hereby requested to make immediate payment to the subscribers; and those having any demands, are desired to bring them in, in order for settlement, by ANN COATES, Executrix, and SEYMOUR HART, Executor.

Agreeable to the last will and testament of the said deceased, on the 16th day of September, at four o' clock in the afternoon, will be sold by public vendue, on the premises, a lot of ground, situate on the west side of Fourth-street, near Race-street, 16 feet 6 inches front, on Fourth-street, and continuing that width, the distance of about 198 feet back to Crown-street, bounded north and south by houses of William Robinson and Hudson Burr, which must render it very commodious and easy to the purchaser, when inclined to build. An indisputable title will be made, clear of groundrent.

Also to be lett, on groundrent for ever, or for a term of years, the back part of the lot of ground, on which the aforesaid Executrix now lives, 15 feet front, on Crown-street aforementioned, and 75 feet deep. Any person inclining to view the same, may apply to the said Executrix, in Fourth-street, between Race and Vine-streets. ¶

To be RENTED or LEASED, for a term of years,

A VALUABLE PLANTATION, ſituate on Elk-Ridge, in Anne-Arundel county, Maryland, on which is a new merchant-mill, lately erected, upon a fine ſtream of water, and in a plentiful wheat country; alſo other convenient buildings, and a young thriving orchard: The ſoil is of the beſt kind, either for planting or farming, and upwards of 100 acres of watered meadow may eaſily be made thereon: There are about 60 or 70 acres of wheat now in the ground, which the tenant may have the benefit of; likewiſe a number of Negroes, and ſome ſtock. For further particulars, apply to THOMAS DORSET, Eſq; on Elk-Ridge; or the ſubſcriber, in Annapolis.

Sept. 1, 1772. RICHARD SPRIGG.

IN PURSUANCE of an Order of Orphan's Court, on Friday, the 25th day of September inſtant, will be expoſed to ſale, by public vendue, at the houſe of James Alexander, in Third-ſtreet, a certain double wooden meſſuage, or tenement, ſtable, and lot of ground, thereunto belonging, ſituate on the north ſide of Spruce-ſtreet, between Fifth and Sixth-ſtreets from Delaware, containing in breadth, on Spruce-ſtreet, 32½ feet, and in length, or depth, 94½ feet; ſubject to a groundrent of £ 4:17:6 currency; late the real eſtate of Jacob Horner, deceaſed. The ſale to begin at ſix o'clock in the evening. Attendance will be given, at the time and place of ſale, by

JACOB VANREAD, Adminiſtrator.

N. B. The ſtable is large enough to contain five horſes, and has a ſuitable hay-loft; and the houſe is inſured in the ſum of Sixty Pounds, for near a year to come. The money to be paid on delivery of the deed. *Philad. Sept.* 5, 1772. ¶

EIGHT DOLLARS Reward.

RUN AWAY *from the ſubſcriber, in Lower-Merion townſhip, Philadelphia county, on the 30th of Auguſt laſt, an Iriſh ſervant man, named* JAMES DOWDEL, *about 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high, dark curled hair; he has a ſcar under his right eye, and ſeveral on the fore part of his head, under his hat, and is a very ill-looking fellow; ſays he is a butcher and tallow-chandler; he is very fond of ſtrong drink; had on, and took with him, a check ſhirt, a blue coattee, with yellow metal buttons, homeſpun trowſers, white cotton breeches, ribbed thread ſtockings, good ſhoes, with Pinchbeck buckles in them, and a half-worn hat. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervant, and ſecures him, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by* SILAS JONES. ¶

Fell's Point, Auguſt 27, 1772.

To be SOLD, at public VENDUE (if not before ſold at private ſale) on Wedneſday, the 4th of November next, at the houſe of Mr. William Douglaſs, on Fell's Point, the following LOTS or PARCELS of LAND, viz.

ONE lot of ground, on Fell's Point, 40 feet front on Thames-ſtreet (with a very good wharff) whereon is built a very large and commodious brick houſe, 3 ſtories high, compleatly finiſhed.

One other lot of ground, 40 feet front on ſaid ſtreet, and adjoining to ſaid houſe.

One other lot of ground, 23 feet front on ſaid ſtreet, and alſo adjoining to ſaid houſe.

Alſo ten acres of land, adjoining to Baltimore-town; a remarkable pleaſant ſituation, being a hill, that affords a beautiful proſpect of both town and point, and has great appearance of iron ore in it.

The abovementioned lots, and ten acres of land, are free from groundrent, and the title to the whole is indiſputable. Any perſon inclinable to purchaſe any of the abovementioned lots, or ten acres of land, before the day of ſale, may know the terms, by applying to Thomas Bond, ſon of John, or to the ſubſcriber.

¶ JOHN BOND.

To be SOLD, by the SUBSCRIBER, living in Frederick county, Maryland,

A Valuable TRACT of LAND, containing about 1700 acres, lying on Conecocheague creek, about 80 miles from Baltimore, 30 miles from Frederick-town, and 6 miles from Huger's-town. There are ſeveral good improvements on the ſaid tract, on one of which the ſubſcriber now lives, whereon is a good new ſtone dwelling-houſe, new ſtone kitchen, good new griſt-mill and ſaw-mill (the mill-houſes built of ſtone) an extraordinary good orchard, that produces 60 hogſheads of cyder yearly, there are already 80 acres of good meadow made, and in very good order, and 200 more may eaſily be made, about 200 acres of upland cleared on the ſaid plantation, it lies in a populous part of the country, and is well ſituated for any public buſineſs; the land is well known, and needs little to recommend it; the ſoil is rich, well watered with ſprings, and extremely well timbered; it commands a beautiful proſpect of Conecocheague creek, being nearly ſurrounded by it; it is well ſituated to divide in 4 or 5 plantations. Terms of ſale may be known, by applying to the ſubſcriber, who will give an indiſputable title to the purchaſer, free from any incumbrance, with the quitrents paid up to the day of ſale. ISAAC BAKER. ‖ 8*w.*

LAST Saturday, *the 29th of Auguſt, was taken away from the ſubſcriber, living in Manor townſhip, Lancaſter county, a roan MARE, about two years old, a little blackiſh on the head, and a ſtar on the forehead, has very ſmall hoofs, about* 13 *hands high, paces and trots. The ſaid mare was taken away by a certain man, named* MICHAEL MAYER; *he is lame in his right ſide; had on, when he took her, a red ſtriped jacket, without ſleeves, a pair of ſtriped trowſers, new ſhoes, and fine white ſhirt. Whoever takes up ſaid mare, and brings her to the owner, or ſecures her, ſo that the owner may have her again, ſhall have* THIRTY SHILLINGS *reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by* JOHN CORRELL. †

Gloucеſter, New-Jerſey, September 1, 1772.

WERE *committed to my cuſtody two men, one on ſuſpicion of being a runaway ſervant, and calls himſelf JOHN HANDLIN, about* 30 *years of age, a ſhort well ſet fellow, of a dark complexion, and black curled hair; had on, when committed, a pair of new ſhoes, coarſe ſhirt and trowſers, ſtriped jacket, without ſleeves, and old felt hat, and ſays he was born in Ireland. Likewiſe a Negroe man, ſays he belongs to BENJAMIN CLARKE, in Hanover townſhip, Lancaſter county, calls himſelf ANTHONY WELSH, and ſays he was born in Burlington, in the Jerſeys. This is therefore to deſire their maſters or miſtreſſes, if any they have, to come within three weeks from this date, pay charges, and take them away, or they will be ſold out for the ſame, by me*

RICHARD JOHNSON, *Goaler.*

NOTICE is hereby given, to all ſuch who are any ways indebted to MICHAEL WAYNE, late of the townſhip of Eaſt Whiteland, in the county of Cheſter, to meet at the houſe of Iſaac Webb, on Lancaſter road, in the ſaid townſhip, on Monday, the 14th day of September next, at 10 o'clock A. M. in order to make payment; and all ſuch that have any demands againſt ſaid Wayne, are requeſted to bring in their accounts, properly authenticated, at the time and place aforeſaid; where ANTHONY WAYNE, Attorney of the ſaid Michael Wayne, will attend, to receive in, and pay off, the reſpective balances.

N. B. There is an immediate neceſſity of cloſing the accounts of ſaid Michael Wayne; therefore, both debtors and creditors are requeſted to be punctual. *Auguſt* 20, 1772. §

JAMAICA and SPANISH DRY HYDES,
Juſt imported, and to be ſold, by
DAVID BEVERIDGE,
At his STORE, on the BIRD-IN-HAND Wharff.

THE ſubſcriber takes this method to inform the PUBLIC in general, not to truſt any perſon, except his family, on his credit, without his order in writing for that purpoſe.

† GEORGE REINHOLDT.

To be SOLD, by PUBLIC VENDUE, at the London Coffee-Houſe, on Monday evening, the 14th day of this inſtant September, at ſix o'clock,

A LOT of GROUND, within the limits of this city, juſt beyond the improved parts of it; it is bounded eaſtward with the Seventh ſtreet from Schuylkill, 396 feet, ſouthward with Pine-ſtreet, 183 feet, weſtward with a lot of Samuel Morris, Eſq; northward with ground belonging to the honourable Proprietaries; it has on it a good two ſtory dwelling-houſe, with three rooms on each floor, well ſituated for a gentleman's country ſeat; there are alſo on the ſaid lot, an excellent well of water, a good oven, ſtable and chaiſe-houſe, with an orchard of apple, peach, and pear trees, beſide ſome good mowing ground. One third of the purchaſe-money will be expected on executing the deed, and the other two thirds in ſix months (except a ſmall part, which may remain in the purchaſer's hands ſome years, on intereſt.) Any perſon deſirous to view the premiſes, may apply to the ſubſcriber, living thereon; or to Mr. George Morgan, living in Arch-ſtreet, Philadelphia. EVAN MORGAN. §

WHEREAS JONATHAN TAYLOR and WIFE, of Upper Dublin, in the county of Philadelphia, by their deed, dated in April, 1758, for the conſideration of £ 265, did grant and convey unto a certain BENJAMIN LANCASTER, a TRACT of LAND, and PLANTATION, ſituate, lying and being in the townſhip of Whitemarſh, in the ſaid county, and bounded as follows, viz. Beginning at a ſtone for a corner, thence ſouth 49 degrees weſt 117 perches, to a ſtone; thence ſouth-eaſt 135 perches, by lands of Edward Stroud, and Patrick Menan, to a ſtone; thence by land of Thomas Lancaſter, north-eaſt 115 perches, to a ſtone, corner to Thomas Lancaſter's land; thence north 47 degrees weſt 126 perches, to the beginning corner, ſtanding in Thomas Shepherd's line, containing 93 acres and 66 perches, be the ſame more or leſs. And whereas the ſaid tract of land, as the property of the ſaid Benjamin Lancaſter, was taken in execution, and ſold at public auction, by Joſeph Redman, Eſquire, late Sheriff of Philadelphia county, who, by his deed poll, bearing date the 7th of September, 1762, did convey the ſame unto Robert Waln, in conſideration of the ſum of £ 204:17:0, he having been the higheſt bidder. And the ſaid Robert Waln, and Rebecca his Wife, by indenture, bearing date the 29th day of Auguſt, 1764, did grant and convey the ſame unto Nathan Bewley, of Abington townſhip, and county of Philadelphia, yeoman, in fee, who, by his laſt will and teſtament, dated the 7th day of the Third Month, called March, 1766, did direct his wife Mary Bewley, his ſon Iſaac Bewley, and John Shoemaker (his Executors) to ſell and diſpoſe of all and ſingular his lands, for the beſt prices that could be reaſonably gotten for the ſame, to be divided among his children. And whereas the ſaid deed, from Jonathan Taylor and Wife to Benjamin Lancaſter, is loſt or miſlaid, whereby the Executors of the ſaid Nathan Bewley are prevented from making a clear title to the premiſes, agreeable to the will of the teſtator; and the ſaid Jonathan Taylor and Wife do refuſe to ſupply the defect, although thereunto repeatedly requeſted, and a reaſonable ſatisfaction has been offered to them for their trouble: The ſaid Executors do therefore hereby give public notice, that they intend to apply to the Legiſlature, for relief, at the next ſeſſion of Aſſembly; of which all perſons concerned are deſired to take notice. *Auguſt* 12, 1772.

PATAPSCO FURNACE, *near* ELK-RIDGE LANDING, *in* ANNE-ARUNDEL COUNTY.

To be SOLD at PUBLIC VENDUE, on the ſecond Day of November next, containing about Four Thouſand Four Hundred ACRES of LAND, in ſeveral TRACTS, *viz.*

ONE of 1700 acres, one of 1500, and another on the river ſide, with a valuable fiſhery for a ſeine, containing 466 acres, beſides ſeveral ſmall tracts, all on or near the river Patapſco. The three large tracts mentioned are ſituated only about ſix or eight miles from Baltimore-town, where is a ready-money market, twice a week, for all ſorts of proviſion.

There are on the premiſes one large PLANTATION, containing about 500 acres, another of 200, with convenient houſes, and cleared ground ſufficient to make a third Plantation of 400 acres, ſome grubbing and fencing only wanted; a large quantity of meadow-land; a Furnace built about the year 1760, with a ſtone and brick bridge, and caſting-houſe; a new griſt mill, fit for country work, ſtanding on a fine ſtream of water, and alſo a mill ſeat or ſituation on navigable water, where has been a mill formerly; its ſituation is perhaps as pleaſant and advantageous, for erecting a large merchant mill on, as any in the province, and lies convenient to all the back country of Elk-ridge, and Frederick county, for the purchaſe of wheat, the water carriage to Baltimore-town being not more than 10 or 12 miles.

There will likewiſe be expoſed to ſale, provided the Lands and Plantations are diſpoſed of, a number of valuable Servants and Negroes, ſeveral of which laſt have been employed in a Furnace, *viz.* one young fellow, a good workman as keeper, others as fillers and aſſiſtants to the founder and keeper below, and ſome uſed to raiſing ore, and cutting wood. As alſo horſes, cattle, ſheep, hogs, *&c.* with plantation utenſils of all kinds, as well as a crop of corn and wheat on the ground.

The whole will be ſold together or in parcels, as may beſt ſuit the purchaſers. Conditions of the purchaſe to be agreed on the day of ſale. For further particulars, enquire of the ſubſcriber, at Baltimore-town, or of JAMES WALKER, near Elk-ridge Landing, who will ſhew the lands and improvements, to any deſirous of ſeeing them. HARRISON, and COMPANY.

N. B. There is in the neighbourhood, adjacent to the land, a very fine and valuable range for ſtock. ‖ 9*W.*

Cheſter-Town, Maryland, Auguſt 18, 1772.

RUN away from the ſubſcribers, living in Cheſter-Town, on the 16th inſtant, two ſervant men, viz. WILLIAM FAGAN, born in Ireland, about 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, of a fair complexion, dark brown hair, tied behind, full ſmooth face, has a mole on his upper lip, and is a Taylor by trade; had on, and took with him, a blue broadcloth coat, with yellow buttons, a ſcarlet lappelled jacket, with buttons of the ſame, brown holland breeches, broad chequered trowſers, and ſundry other cloaths. ROBERT CAMPBELL, born in the north of Ireland, about 5 feet 10 inches high, of a dark complexion, ſhort black hair, has a tolerable education, and will probably forge a paſs; he is alſo a Taylor by trade; had on a raven grey cloth coat, ſhort jacket, ticken breeches, and new ſhoes, with ſilver buckles, marked I. S. Whoever apprehends the ſaid ſervants, ſo that their maſters may have them again, ſhall receive SIX POUNDS reward, if taken within this province; if out of the province, TEN POUNDS, and all reaſonable charges, paid by EDWARD SCANLAN, and CHARLES ALLEN. § 7*t*6.

Cæcil county, Maryland, Auguſt 1, 1772.

WHEREAS *MATTHEW SEDGWICK* has abſconded from his ſpecial bail, in an action brought in the Provincial Court of this province, we, the ſubſcribers, who are his bondſmen, do engage the reward of TEN POUNDS to any perſon who may take up and ſecure ſaid *Sedgwick*, ſo that he may be rendered up in diſcharge of his bail. Said *Sedgwick* is about 45 years of age, and about 5 feet 10 inches high; had on, when he went away, a blue coat, of country cloth, and jacket of the ſame, without ſleeves, pretty fine, half-worn ſtriped linen trowſers, new 80*c* linen ſhirt, no ſtockings, half-worn ſhoes, with braſs buckles, and a coarſe half-worn hat. He went away the 13th day of July, and is ſuppoſed to be gone towards Philadelphia. ANDREW BARROT, ARTHUR ALEXANDER. ¶

N. B. The ſaid Sedgwick underſtands the weavers and tanners trades. All maſters of veſſels are deſired not to carry him off.

To be SOLD, by PUBLIC VENDUE, on the Premiſes, the Fifth of October next, at One o'Clock in the Afternoon,

THAT valuable FARM, whereon Thomas Barnſley, Eſq; deceaſed, did live (ſold purſuant to the directions of his laſt will and teſtament) ſituate in the townſhip of Benſalem, and county of Bucks, at the head of the tide water, on Neſhaminy creek, 18 miles from Philadelphia, and about ¾ of a mile from Rodman's landing, on ſaid creek, where flour, wood, &c. are tranſported to Philadelphia, containing about 560 acres of excellent land, about one half cleared, and in good fence, near 60 acres of which are extraordinary good meadow, lately drained, and more may be made; the other half is fine timbered land; there is erected on ſaid farm, a new genteel houſe, of brick and ſtone, 56½ feet by 44, with a 13 feet entry through the whole, a black walnut ſtair-caſe, 4 rooms on the lower floor, 6 rooms on the ſecond floor, and 3 garrets, all well finiſhed off, and painted laſt ſummer, extraordinary cellars under the houſe, alſo two large kitchens, and ſtore-houſe, with a cellar under the ſtore-houſe, piazzas in the front of ſaid kitchens, chambers over the ſame for ſervants, and a well of good water at the kitchen door, a carpenter's ſhop, a brick ſmoke-houſe, 16½ feet ſquare, ſpring-houſe, with a flax and wool-houſe over it, two barns, one 66 feet by 33, a threſhing floor in the middle, and bays on each ſide, and good floors in them, and a granary over the threſhing floor; the other a ſmall barn, a threſhing floor and cow-houſes on each ſide, good ſtables ſufficient to hold 30 horſes, and lofts over them for hay, well floored, a commodious ſhed, coach-houſe and poultry-houſe, 4 compleat barracks, ſtanding on ſills, with cedar tops, made laſt ſummer, two orchards, one an old one of natural fruit, the other a young one, of 300 bearing trees, of the beſt grafted fruit; alſo is erected in one corner of the farm, a good ſquare log-houſe, ſuitable for a tradeſman. Attendance will be given by WILLIAM RODMAN, and GILBERT HICKS, Executors.

PURSUANT to the laſt will and teſtament of JARVIS JAMES, deceaſed, will be ſold, at public VENDUE, on Saturday, the 31ſt day of October enſuing, on the premiſes, a large two ſtory frame DWELLING-HOUSE, with a LOT thereunto belonging, together with every neceſſary convenience, ſituate in Cheſter-town, Maryland; it is a remarkable fine ſituation for the proſecution of any public buſineſs, being on the main ſtreet leading to the river, and a little above the market place in ſaid town. At the ſame time will be ſold, a very fine GRASS LOT, adjoining the ſaid town. Twelve months credit will be given, with intereſt, on giving bond and ſecurity, if required; an indiſputable title will be given the purchaſer, by SARAH JAMES, Executrix. ‖ 14*s.*

To be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE, on Wedneſday, the 30th of September next, at 7 o'clock in the evening, at the houſe of Mr. William Hick, the ſign of the College, in Princetown, being the day of the annual Commencement at Naſſau-hall,

A VERY valuable plantation, ſituated within one mile of Princetown College, containing 116 acres, 25 whereof is good meadow, and 11 acres of choice woodland; there is on ſaid plantation a new and elegant dwelling-houſe, which, with the other buildings, are 70 feet front, and 30 feet deep; an extraordinary good barn, 40 feet ſquare; a fine ſpring and milk-houſe, within a few yards of the manſion-houſe; a large pailed garden, and good bearing orchard. Conditions will be made known, and attendance given, at the time and place of ſale, by

WILLIAM COATS.

N. B. Any perſon inclining to view the premiſes, are deſired to apply to Mr. William Hick, or Mr. Joſeph Horner, at Princetown. *Auguſt* 18. ‖ 5 w.

To be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE, on the 23d of September next, at 6 o'clock in the evening, at the London Coffee-houſe, Philadelphia,

A CERTAIN tract of good LAND, containing 18 acres and 23 perches, with a good two ſtory brick houſe, two ſmall brick out-houſes or offices, a good barn, ſtable and coach-houſe, a good large garden and orchard; the place is generally called Monckton Hall, ſituated in Poplar Lane, in the Northern Liberties, within two miles of this city, finely ſituated for a gentleman's country ſeat; a plan to be ſeen at ſaid Coffee-houſe, at the Indian King, and Queen. Any perſon inclinable to purchaſe the ſame by private ſale, may know the terms, by applying to MICHAEL GRATZ, in Fourth-ſtreet, Philadelphia.

To be SOLD to the higheſt bidder, in Leeſburg, on the 4th Monday in November next, being Loudoun county Court day,

THE LOT and HOUSE wherein I now live, ſituate in the moſt public part of the ſaid town, of Leeſburg, a corner lot, and the public roads from Frederick county to Alexandria, and from Pennſylvania to Carolina leading thereby; it is conveniently improved, with a brick houſe two ſtories high, and all other houſes and cellars, ſuitable for keeping a good tavern, as fine a well of water, with a good pump, as any on the continent; alſo eight acres of extraordinary good meadow, adjoining the ſaid town, with the conveniency of being well watered by a very conſtant ſtream running through it. Twelve months credit will be allowed the purchaſer, on giving bond, and approved ſecurity, to

Auguſt 8, 1772. CRAVEN PEYTON. † 7*t*6.

VIRGINIA, July 15, 1772.

THE ſubſcribers hereby give notice, that they have to diſpoſe of TWO TRACTS of LAND, lying nearly contiguous, in the county of Culpepper, on Stanton river, containing about 3200 acres; part whereof is level, and part mountainous; and a conſiderable part is as rich as any to be found among the Great Mountains. On one of the ſaid tracts of land there is a rich mine of iron ore, which, in the opinion of good judges, has an uncommon advantage in its ſituation, on account of theſe eſſential articles wood and water, and almoſt every other neceſſary for erecting and ſupporting iron works.

On the other tract of land there is a ſmall though valuable Griſt-mill, to which the water is conveyed from the river by a canal. The ſaid Mill has lately been rebuilt, and is kept in repair with very little trouble or expence, being quite out of danger from any freſhes. There is alſo a new dwelling-houſe, 32 feet by 18, and ſundry other houſes.

There are plantations on each tract, ſuitable for either farming or planting, and good apple-orchards on both. There is a good waggon road from the ſaid land to Frederickſburg and Falmouth, the neareſt trading towns on Rappahannock river, being about 65 miles. Any perſons inclinable to purchaſe are deſired to apply to the ſubſcribers, in Spotſylvania county, who will ſhew them the land, and make known the terms, which will be reaſonable; they live within 25 miles of Frederickſburg, where directions may be had of Mr. James Maury, Merchant, or Mr. Benjamin Johnſon. JOHN LEWIS.

¶ 8W. WALLER LEWIS.

For LIVERPOOL immediately,

The SHIP
PHILADELPHIA,
JAMES MALCOM,
MASTER;

NOW lying at Mr. Rundle's Wharff, the North Side of Market-ſtreet. For Freight or Paſſage, apply to M'NEILE and TOLBERT, or ſaid Maſter on board.

Philadelphia, September 2, 1772.

PHILADELPHIA: Printed by DAVID HALL, and WILLIAM SELLERS, at the NEW PRINTING-OFFICE, near the *Market.*

September 16, 1772. NUMB. 2282.

The PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

Containing the Freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtic.

LONDON, *June* 30.

To LORD NORTH.

LETTER II.

On LUXURY, *as one of the Cauſes of the* PRESENT BANKRUPTCIES.

IN all Ages, and in all Countries, peculiar Follies have prevailed, which have afforded ample Scope for the Reprehenſion of Moraliſts. The Greek and Roman Satyriſts are laviſh in their Cenſures upon the Vices then in Vogue; the public Declaimers of both Nations lament the extreme Degeneracy of the Times, and prognoſticate the Fall of thoſe mighty Empires, to be brought about by that LUXURY which, like an epidemical Diſeaſe, preyed upon the Vitals, and thus in Time deſtroyed the Body Politic. As theſe Men prognoſticated, ſo it happened; Luxury *was* the chief Cauſe which brought on the Diſſolution of the Grecian and Roman Empires; and of ſuch a baneful Nature is this dire Diſeaſe, that it has deſtroyed, or in a great Degree impaired, the Conſtitution of every political State which hath exiſted ſince the Creation of the World. In different Governments, however, its Operations are different, and it affects the Inhabitants variouſly, as they are diſpoſed to *Arts*, to *Arms*, or to *Commerce*.

Italy ſeems the prolific Soil for *Artiſts* to flouriſh in: When that State firſt immerged from Barbariſm, when the Rays of Science diſperſed the thick Miſt of Monkiſh Ignorance, a Spirit of Enterprize was viſible amongſt the Inhabitants; each ſtrove to excel his Neighbour in the *fine Arts*, and an univerſal Emulation prevailed to make the *modern* vie with the *antient* Rome. After ſome ſtrenuous Exertions of Genius, the Artiſts attained almoſt the Summit of Perfection. They were ſucceeded by a Race more indolent, and more luxurious; a Race that were content to *copy* the Models left by their Progenitors, and who wanted that Stimulative which enabled their Anceſtors to reach the greateſt Degree of Perfection, of which, perhaps, the human Intellect is capable. Hence Luxury, by enervating, brought on firſt the *Declenſion*; and future Generations being ſtrongly tainted with the Infection, it, at laſt, terminated in the *total Deſtruction* of the Fine Arts in Italy, more particularly Painting and Statuary. Muſic, in ſome Meaſure, preſerved itſelf, becauſe there is that ſoft, debilitating Effeminacy in Muſic, which renders it a fit Companion for, and powerful Promoter of Luxury. Such is the Effect this debauching Principle will have in a State diſpoſed to ARTS: It deſtroys all Exertion of Genius, baniſhes *Originality*, introduces in the Stead ſervile Imitation, and deprives the World of thoſe noble Monuments of mental Excellence, the *Creations* of the Mind *diſplayed upon the Canvas*.

Sparta and antient Rome are Inſtances of the Effects Luxury will have upon a *warlike State*, devoted to ARMS.

The Situation of Sparta required, that her Citizens ſhould be regularly diſciplined, and trained to military Exerciſe. Surrounded with a numerous Group of petty States, ever ready to take Advantage of her Weakneſs, it became neceſſary that her Inhabitants, of whatever Rank or Condition, ſhould be prepared, and able to make a ſtout Reſiſtance, againſt every Attempt made by the Enemy to conquer their Territories, or enſlave their Country. The Flame of Liberty alſo kindled in the Breaſt of every Spartan, made him determined to LIVE FREE, or die in Defence of the Cauſe.

Agreeable to this Neceſſity, and this Principle, the Spartans were educated in all that military Enthuſiaſm and Contempt of Death, which rendered them the Dread of their Enemies. Their Boys were *inured* to Torments, and even from their Infancy were accuſtomed to be whipt until the Blood guſhed out of the Wounds; and taught to ſmile with Complacency at the purple Torrent. The *Spartan Women*, would have been aſhamed of producing ſuch an Animal as an *Engliſh Maccaroni*; they brought forth *Heroes* for the Cloſet, the Senate, and the Field. Whilſt this Spirit predominated, the Spartans were independent; they were Free, they were Happy. When this Spirit evaporated, a Liſtleſſneſs, Languor, and Indifference for public Concerns prevailed; their Nerves were unſtrung, owing to their Minds being contaminated with Luxury, and they became an eaſy Prey to their Enemies.

The ſame Cauſe produced the ſame Effect amongſt the *Romans*.

A Writer on the Riſe and Fall of the Roman Empire, has accurately inveſtigated the Cauſes of that Empire's Declenſion; he has marked the gradual Introduction of Luxury; has ſhewn its Movements through every minute Branch, every Fibre of the Body Politic, and has clearly pointed out the Effect it had in the Downfal of the Weſtern Empire. I intend not to recapitulate that Writer's Argument; ſuffice it to ſay, he has eſtabliſhed his Facts upon ſure Data, even upon Experience, which renders his Reaſoning quite concluſive.

Thus then it appears that Luxury affects in a *different* Manner,

States addicted to Arts, or
States addicted to Arms;

but that it effectually deſtroys *both*, by deſtroying that *Vigour of Mind* neceſſary to make a Proficiency in the fine Arts; and that *hardy Robuſtneſs of Body*, as well as Vigour of Mind, with which, in States like Athens and Rome, addicted to *Arms* as well as *Arts*, it is neceſſary that the Inhabitants ſhould be furniſhed, in order to preſerve their political Exiſtence.

If this Subject wanted any farther Illuſtration, we need but take a curſory Survey of *modern* Greece, compared with the *Antient*. What Sloth! what Supineneſs! what an indolent dragging on of Life! Can theſe be the Deſcendants of thoſe more than mortal Heroes who fought at *Marathon*, and whoſe Shades inſpired the Grecian Orator with this Thunder of perſuaſive Eloquence! Forbid it, Heaven, for their Fathers Sakes. Yet Nature has not been leſs bountiful to the modern than the antient Greeks; their Faculties are not leſs excellent, their Memories as retentive, or their Judgments leſs acute. No! the Canker-worm LUXURY hath fed upon them, and in Time hath corroded, and almoſt quite defaced each mental Excellence. The Fact is, that the Mind like the Body has its ripening Time; and as Exerciſe gives Strength to our *Limbs*, ſo conſtant Habit and Exertion ſtrengthens our *Faculties*, enlarges our Intellects, and ſubjects all Nature to their Power. No Man knows to what a Pitch of Excellence his Abilities will attain, until he has been forced to exert and *vigourize* them, if I may ſo ſpeak, upon various Occaſions. Hence Luxury, by teaching us to place Happineſs in Supineneſs, by deceiving us into an *erroneous* Notion of Eaſe, renders us a Prey to every Evil which can befal us as *private* Individuals, or Members of a great Community.

How it brings on the Deſtruction of *States addicted to Arts and Arms*, has been already ſhewn; how it deſtroys *commercial States*, remains to be pointed out. This may be done in few Words. LUXURY *deſtroys that Spirit of* PARSIMONY, *which every Member in a trading Community ought to practiſe*. An Habit of Expence is, in its very Idea, oppoſite to what conſtitutes the Happineſs of a mercantile Country. Trade and Extravagance are Things incompatible in their Natures, and an extravagant *thriving* Tradeſman, is a Soleciſm in Terms. The Frugality of the Dutch is become proverbial, and the Conſequence is, that the Dutch are a thriving People. The Misfortune ariſes from that baneful Kind of Luxury which leads us to copy Faſhions, Diverſions, and other Modes of Diſſipation from the French. Our Men of Fortune viſit Paris, in order to bring home *Pariſian Follies*. Our wealthy Cits, to pleaſe their Wives, ape theſe Fooleries, and thus a Spirit of Diſſipation prevails from the firſt Miniſter, to the Cobler of Cripplegate. Now, if we conſider how truly detrimental and ridiculous this is, we ſhall be inclined to laugh at, if not deſpiſe ourſelves. France is an arbitrary Country, a *military* Government, if Luxury renders her a Bankrupt, the Conſequence is not dreadful; public Credit in *that* Kingdom is of little Conſequence, the Monarch can at any Time annihilate it, and by his *Fiat* put a Period to the Funds; the Reverſe is the Caſe in England; how dreadful therefore is it for a Sett of *Traders* (for we are no more) to practice the Faſhions, Diſſipation, and Extravagance of a People, amongſt whom public Credit is nothing, though we are ſure that ſuch Faſhions and Extravagance muſt in the End deſtroy public Credit amongſt us, with whom it is every Thing; France may be but *ſlightly* injured, by what would *ruin* us to all Intents and Purpoſes.

Theſe looſe Hints, my Lord, I have thrown together for the Service of my Country, they ſhould be well weighed, and maturely conſidered, at this important and truly alarming Criſis. The Spirit of Parſimony has left us; all is Diſſipation; all is Folly; all is Luxury; all is Extravagance, and *Frugality* is fled. But wherefore is it fled? Whoſe Example do our People copy? The Example of the Nobility, the Gentry, the Senators, and (to the Shame of every Man in Office I ſpeak it) our People in practiſing Folly, Debauchery, and Extravagance, only copy the Example of their *Miniſters of State*. For God's Sake, my Lord, timely interpoſe, or we are undone: Set us a Pattern of *Frugality*, enjoin it as a Duty upon your Dependants, diſcountenance that ſpurious Race of *Monkeys* called *Maccaronies*; for though they are as fooliſh as fooliſh can be, yet ſome of them have juſt Senſe enough to debauch the Principles of our wanton Dames of Quality.

Would you, my Lord, and your Colleagues in Office, or about the Court, adopt Frugality in your Table, your Dreſs, your Houſes, and your Family, it might in Time become faſhionable for the Citizens Wives not to plunge their Huſbands into ſuch enormous Expences for Routs, Drums, Maſquerades and Pantheons; until this is done there is no Hopes of our retrieving our loſt Condition. The Remedies applied to ſtop the *Progreſs* of Bankruptcy are inadequate to the Diſeaſe. Next to Stock-jobbing, Luxury and Extravagance have occaſioned theſe Miſeries, and unleſs a timely Frugality prevails amongſt *all* Orders and Ranks of People, an *univerſal Inſolvency* will take Place, and future Hiſtorians will ſay, "England was ruined by Luxury, and Luxury was countenanced and introduced amongſt the People by the *Miniſters*, who were the moſt laviſh, extravagant, and diſſipated Perſonages of the Age."

A PLAIN CITIZEN.

To the FREEMEN, ELECTORS of the City and County of PHILADELPHIA.

GENTLEMEN,

I AM much obliged to you for the good Opinion you have entertained of me, in chooſing me one of your Repreſentatives. Nevertheleſs, I muſt again repeat my laſt Year's Requeſt, and deſire you will, at the enſuing Election, chooſe ſome other Perſon to repreſent you in my Stead: The weighty Affairs of that important Truſt, being not only very injurious to my own private Buſineſs, but ſo prejudicial to my Health, that I can by no Means ſerve. THOMAS LIVEZEY.

THE ſubſcriber hereby gives notice, that the Apoquinimink RACES are to begin on Tueſday, the 22d day of this inſtant September, inſtead of Thurſday, the 24th, as advertiſed in this paper, as that time is thought to be too near the match to be run between Meſſieurs Delancey and Lloyd, which is ſaid to be on the 26th; and, as ſome objections have been made to the weight the running horſes are to carry for the Apoquinimink purſes, it is hereby made known, that, for the firſt day's purſe, full blooded horſes are to carry ten ſtone, and ſo in proportion; as alſo for the ſecond day's purſe, &c. MARTIN DULANY.

Alloway's Creek, September 7, 1772.

WHEREAS EZEKIEL MULFORD, and JACOB BENNET, of Cape-May, did leave the one half of an Oyſter-boat, and ſeveral other things, in my care, laſt December, and as I am going to move from the place I now live on, I am under the neceſſity of taking this method of informing them, that if they do not both of them, or at leaſt *Ezekiel Mulford*, come with an order from *Jacob Bennet*, and take them, pay coſt, and ſettle other affairs between us, that I will ſell them by the firſt day of October. SAMUEL OAKFORD. ¶

THIS is to give Notice to all the Employers of JOSEPH READ, Meſſenger between Philadelphia and Nottingham, that he is abſolutely determined to quit riding, on the 30th of this inſtant September; owing to the bad encouragement (he is ſorry to ſay) he has met with, he cannot poſſibly continue it longer; he therefore requeſts all who are in arrears to him would diſcharge the ſame, and that thoſe to whom he is indebted would render him their accounts, that they may be ſettled.

WARRANTED BOULTING-CLOTHS,

A LARGE Aſſortment of fine, ſuperfine, middling and coarſe, the beſt in kind, ſuitable to every branch of that buſineſs, and ſold as low as any in this city, by ISAAC MELCHER, in Second-ſtreet, midway between Arch and Race-ſtreets, PHILADELPHIA, where Millers and others may depend always on being ſupplied with the beſt of Cloths, on the loweſt terms, wholeſale and retail. A conſiderable abatement will be made to thoſe who take a quantity. §

THREE POUNDS Reward.

RUN AWAY *from the ſubſcriber, in Providence townſhip, Philadelphia county, about two miles from the Trap, an Iriſh ſervant man, named* JOHN FROUNDS, *he is a thick ſet fellow, about 5 feet 3 or 4 inches high, pretty much pitted with the ſmall-pox, has ſhort ſandy hair, has loſt one or two of his under-jaw fore teeth, has a kind of a ſcar at the left ſide of his face, is a ſtocking-weaver by trade, and was lately bought out of jail; had on, when he went away, a white cloth coat, no buttons upon the ſleeves, a ſhort waiſtcoat, rather darker than the coat, half-worn buckſkin breeches, with ſtrings at the knee bands, light blue ribbed ſtockings, new ſhoes, and an old felt hat, with one corner of it torn, and ſowed up. Whoever apprehends ſaid ſervant, and ſecures him, or brings him to me, ſhall have the above reward of Three Pounds, beſides reaſonable charges, paid by* HENRY EWALD. ‖ Sept. 7, 1772.

To be SOLD, by the SUBSCRIBER,

A PLANTATION, ſituate in the townſhip of Waterford, and county of Gloceſter, New-Jerſey, containing 140 acres, twenty whereof rich meadow, well banked in; there is upon ſaid plantation a good ſtone HOUSE, with a good dry cellar, and a convenient kitchen adjoining, a well at the door, and alſo the frame of a barn raiſed, but not covered in; there is on ſaid plantation near 100 apple-trees, old and young, and a large bed of aſparagus; the place near 5 miles from Philadelphia by land or water, and will admit of very great improvement, lying convenient for getting mud off the flats adjoining, and it is thought the purchaſer may have conſiderable advantage of a ſhad-fiſhery, as part of the land joins upon the river; the place exceeding convenient for tending Philadelphia market, either by land or water, and the land well adapted for raiſing produce ſuitable. To prevent trouble, the price will be Four Pounds per acre; the purchaſer may have ſeveral years to pay the major part, paying only Pennſylvania intereſt. None need apply, but ſuch as bring a good recommendation. SAMUEL EMLEN.

Said *Emlen* continues to ſell the Medicines he hath been in practice of ſelling for many years paſt, and the genuine ſorts may be depended on, wholeſale and retail; he hath alſo for ſale, one piece of ſuperfine black hair pluſh, at his dwelling, between Fifth and Sixth-ſtreets, Philadelphia. 4*w*.

Leeſburg, Loudoun County, Virginia, Auguſt 15, 1772.

PURSUANT to a Decree of the Court of Loudoun county, in Chancery, will be ſold to the higheſt bidder, for ready money, on Monday, the 23d of November next, on the premiſes, Four Lots or Half Acres of Land, in the town of Leeſburg, on one of which ſtands a genteel ſtone houſe, 40 by 32 feet in the clear, has four rooms, with three fire places, and a paſſage below ſtairs, one of which, fronting the moſt public ſtreet, is completely fitted out for a ſtore, four rooms, with two fire places above ſtairs, a convenient dry cellar the ſize of the whole houſe; there are alſo a good garden, well pailed in, a lumber houſe, a kitchen, a ſtable, and other neceſſary houſes; together with a well of exceeding fine water, walled up, on this lot. The other three ſtand on ſtreets alſo, are encloſed, and with a ſmall expence may be rendered very valuable. At the ſame time will be ſold, 258½ acres of land, adjoining the ſaid town, the ſoil of which is peculiarly adapted to grain, and inferior to none in the county, one third of it is well fenced in, and fit for the plough, about 15 acres of meadow may be made, and the reſt well timbered; there are on this tract of land, a large new barn, with other neceſſary houſes for farming: The country round about, is remarkable for raiſing large quantities of wheat, and manufacturing flour, all of which is carried through Leeſburg, about 40 miles to Alexandria, conſequently this place is as well ſituated for trade as any in the colony: A merchant or tavernkeeper would find his account in ſettling here. The lots of land will be ſold either together or ſeparate, as may beſt ſuit the purchaſers, to whom a good title will be made, and immediate poſſeſſion given.

WILLIAM ELLREY, GEORGE JOHNSTON, Truſtees.

WHEREAS in purſuance of an Act of General Aſſembly of this province, intituled, *An Act for granting the ſum of Sixty Thouſand Pounds to the King's uſe, and for ſtriking Fifty-five Thouſand Pounds thereof in bills of credit, and to provide a fund for ſinking the ſame*, the following tracts of located and unimproved land were duly valued and rated by the Aſſeſſors for the county of Northampton, as follows; a tract of land, containing 700 acres, in Mount Bethel townſhip, in the county of Northampton, formerly belonging to William Craig, deceaſed, adjoining William Beard, rated at Five Pounds per hundred. A tract of 100 acres, in the ſame townſhip, in the county aforeſaid, rated at Five Pounds the hundred. A tract of 400 acres, in Penn townſhip, in the county aforeſaid, rated at Five Pounds per hundred, adjoining the lands of Nicholas Waln, Eſq; James Boon, and Samuel Rhoads, the property of William Logan, Eſq; of the city of Philadelphia. Another tract of 300 acres, in Lower Smithfield townſhip, rated at Five Pounds per hundred, for which tract Richard Freeman has paid the tax ſeveral years, but now the ſaid William Logan, Eſq; claims the right of the ſaid tract of land. And whereas the owners of the aforeſaid tracts of land have neglected and refuſed to pay the Collector, the ſum of Five Pounds Twelve Shillings and Six-pence, which according to the ſaid valuation was aſſeſſed and laid upon ſaid lands, as the proportion thereof for one year for ſaid tax, by the ſaid act impoſed: We, the Commiſſioners, of the county of Northampton aforeſaid, in purſuance of the aforeſaid act, do hereby give notice, that on the 8th day of December next, at the houſe of Jacob Emrich, in Mount Bethel townſhip, the two tracts; and on the 9th day of December next, the tract in Lower Smithfield townſhip, at the houſe of Jacob Stroud, in the ſaid townſhip; and the tract in Penn townſhip, on the 10th day of December next, at the houſe of John Everitt, we will expoſe to ſale, by public vendue, the aboyementioned tracts of located and unimproved lands, or ſuch part thereof as will be ſuffitient to anſwer ſaid tax, and all charges accruing by reaſon of the non-payment or refuſal thereof, to the higheſt bidder. The ſale to begin at ten o'clock in the forenoon. Given under our hands, at Eaſton, this 7th day of September, 1772. JACOB MORRY, SIMON DRIESBACH, HENRY BARNET. ¶3*M*.

EIGHT DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, living in Sadſbury townſhip, Cheſter county, an Iriſh ſervant man (being but 2 weeks in the country) named JOHN MORRISON, aged 22 or 23 years, 5 feet 10 or 11 inches high, of a dark complexion, when he laughs he ſhews the under part of his upper lip, has black curled hair, tied behind; had on and took with him, a blue coat and jacket, the coat being too ſhort in the waiſt, light coloured breeches, grey worſted ſtockings, old ſhoes, carved braſs buckles, one ſhirt fine, and one coarſe, a pair of trowſers, and an old ſmall wool hat. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervant, and ſecures him in any goal, ſo as his maſter may get him again, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by JOHN SHARP.

*** He came from Newry; all maſters of veſſels, and others, are forbid to carry him off, at their peril. *Sept.* 11, 1772. ¶

FOR SALE,

A LIVELY hearty NEGROE Wench, about 17 Years of Age. It not ſuiting the Family ſhe is in, to keep a breeding Negroe, is the only Cauſe of her being ſold. Enquire of the PRINTERS. ‖

The AMERICAN PHILOSOPHICAL SOCIETY, *held at* Philadelphia, *for promoting* Uſeful Knowledge, *have lately been favoured with the following* Communications *and* Preſents.

1. AN Account of the Country of the Illinois, by Lieutenant THOMAS HUTCHINS, Engineer, and Member of this Society; communicated by the Rev. Mr. *Ewing*.

2. Obſervations on the *Maculæ*, or Spots on the Sun's Diſk, for the Space of thirteen Months, viz. from November 15, 1770, to December 25, 1771; by Mr. HUMPHREY MARSHALL, of Weſt-Bradford, Cheſter County, Member of this Society; communicated by Mr. *Iſaac Bartram*.

3. Various aſtronomical Obſervations made in Canada, by Captain SAMUEL HOLLAND, Surveyor-General of the Diſtrict of Quebec, Lieutenant HALDIMAND, and Enſign SPROWLE, from June, 1765, to May, 1770; communicated by Mr. *Rittenhouſe*.

4. A Letter from the Reverend SAMUEL WILLIAMS, of Bradford, in the Maſſachuſetts-Bay, containing---Accounts of the Tranſits of *Venus* and *Mercury*, a Solar Eclipſe, and meteorological Obſervations, from January 1, to December 31, 1771.

5. A Letter from Dr. LORIMER, of Penſacola, Member of this Society, with Seeds and dried Flowers of the *Somo* or *Skimmi*, and ſome Branches of the *Emetic* Bear. Both theſe communicated by Dr. *Williamſon*.

6. An Enquiry into the Methods of preventing the *Effects of Cold* on the Human Body; by BENJAMIN RUSH, M. D. Profeſſor of Chemiſtry in the College of Philadelphia, and Member of this Society.

7. A Letter from TAYLOR WHITE, Eſq; Treaſurer of the Foundling-Hoſpital, London; with ſix Specimens of *Coloured Prints*, being the firſt yet finiſhed of a *great Work*, in which he has been 50 Years engaged, and now to be ſoon publiſhed, intituled MUSÆUM BRITANNICUM. The Specimens he has ſent are thoſe of the *Female Carelo Pardelis*, the *Rein-deer*, *Elk*, *Tarandus*, and the Male and Female of a Beaſt called by the Eaſt-Indians the *Cow-deer*. The above Letter and Specimens addreſſed to *Thomas Coombe*, Eſq; as Treaſurer of the Society, and communicated by him.

8. A Letter from the Rev. Mr. LUDLAM, with his aſtronomical Obſervations, made at Cambridge; his Eſſays on ultimate Ratio's, and the Power of the Wedge, and his Theory of Hadley's Quadrant, with Directions for its Uſe.

9. A Letter from Mr. JOHN REINHOLD FORSTER, of London; preſenting to the Society his Tranſlations of Profeſſor *Kalm*'s Travels through North-America, *Boſſu*'s Travels through Louiſiana, a Catalogue of North-American Plants, another of North-American Animals, and a Centuria of new Inſects, not deſcribed by Linnæus. Both the above communicated through the Hands of *Benjamin Franklin*, L. L. D. Preſident of this Society.

10. A Letter from SAMUEL MOORE, Eſq; Secretary to the Society inſtituted in London for the Encouragement of Arts, Manufactures and Commerce.

11. Mr. SMALL's circular Scheme for noting the Variations of the Barometer; communicated by Dr. *Franklin*.

12. The 59th and 60th Volumes of the Tranſactions of the *Royal Society of London*, preſented by that learned Body to this Society.

13. A Latin Letter from Profeſſor Bergius, of Stockholm, addreſſed as follows, viz.

"Illuſtriſſimæ Societati Scientiarum, quæ Philadelphiæ floret "Americanæ;

S. pl. d.

"Petrus Jonas Bergius, M. D. Hiſt. Natur. & Pharmac. Prof. "Stockholm. Reg. Colleg. Med. Aſſeſſor; Societatum Scientiar. "Americanæ; Stockholm. Londin. Cæſar. Nat. Curios. Nidroſ. "Helvetiæ; Roterod. Vliſſing, & Zellen; Membrum; & Mon- "ſpel. Correſpondens."

This Letter returns Thanks to the Society, in a very polite Manner, for having choſen him a Member, and is accompanied with another Letter in Engliſh, preſenting his Deſcription of the Plants at the Cape of Good-Hope, and communicating a Manuſcript Eſſay, intituled, "Some Remarks on the IPECACUANHA ROOT."

14. A Letter from WILLIAM SANDIFORD, M. D. of Barbados, Member of this Society, with his Account of a late epidemical Diſtemper in that Iſland. Both the above communicated by Dr. *Thomas Bond*, one of the Vice-Preſidents.

15. Dr. PRIESTLY's new Treatiſe on *Optics*, preſented to the Society thro' the Hands of *Samuel Rhoads*, Eſq; one of the Vice-Preſidents.

16. A Letter from CHARLES MAGNUS WRANGEL, D. D. Member of this Society (now Almoner to the King of Sweden, Preſident in Ordinary of the Royal Conſiſtory, and Chaplain to all his Majeſty's Orders) giving an Account of the Method of Bathing in Sweden.

17. A Letter from ANDREW OLIVER, junior, Eſq; of Salem, in New-England, Member of this Society, with his Eſſay on Comets; and alſo ſome Manuſcript Remarks of his own, relative to that Eſſay. The two laſt communicated by the Rev. Dr. *Smith*.

These are the chief Communications and Preſents lately come to Hand, and it is hoped that the Notice of ſo many reſpectable Individuals, as well as learned Bodies, in different Parts of the World, will ſhew that this Society is growing in *Reputation*, and deſerves the Encouragement of all who intereſt themſelves in the Proſperity of *Arts* and uſeful Improvements in America. It is not out of any Vanity therefore, but to keep alive this Spirit of Improvement, that the Society have ordered the following Extracts from ſome of the above Letters to be publiſhed, in order to ſhew in what Eſteem and Demand the Volume of Tranſactions they have already publiſhed is, among the *Literati* in Europe.

Dr. WRANGEL, in his Letter to Dr. *Smith*, dated at *Stockholm*, October 18, 1771, writes thus-----"I have been agreeably ſurprized to obſerve the rapid Progreſs of your AMERICAN SOCIETY; of which I eſteem it a great Honour to be counted a Member, and ſhall not omit ſending you whatever may fall in my Way here, worthy of your Notice. Your accurate Obſervations of the *Tranſit of Venus* have given infinite Satisfaction to our [Swediſh] Aſtronomers, as will the reſt of your Tranſactions to the Literary World, when they come to be further known. For this Purpoſe, I ſhall take Care that your uſeful Inſtitution, which reflects ſo much Honour on your Country, be made known among us, by inſerting an Account of its Riſe and Progreſs in our Literary Gazette; for I am ſo much a Friend to America, that I have a Pleaſure in every Thing I hear of, intereſting and honourable to that Part of the World-----"

Dr. FRANKLIN, in his Letter to Dr. *Bond*, dated Feb. 5, 1772, writes thus; "I ſend you a Box from the Rev. Mr. LUDLAM, containing ſome Books, which he preſents to the Society. Mr. Ludlam is a moſt learned Man, and ingenious Mechanic. I wiſh the Box, which I am promiſed, with Copies of your *Tranſactions* for the learned Societies abroad, were come to Hand---I am often aſked by the Curious, how it happens that none are to be bought here. I hope ſoon to receive them, and have no Doubt but it will procure the Correſpondence of thoſe Societies."---

Mr. LUDLAM, in a Paper publiſhed in the Gentleman's Magazine, which he has ſigned with his own Hand, and ſent to the Society, giving an Account of their *Tranſactions*, and particularly their Obſervations of the *Tranſit of Venus*, applauds both the *Provincial Aſſembly*, and Honourable *Proprietors*, for the Countenance and Aſſiſtance they gave to the making theſe Obſervations---"No "Aſtronomers, ſays he, could better deſerve all poſſible Encou- "ragement, whether we conſider their Care and Diligence in mak- "ing the Obſervations, their Fidelity in relating what was done, "or the Clearneſs and Accuracy of their Reaſonings on this cu- "rious and difficult Subject." He then mentions, with great Honour, the Papers of Mr. *Rittenhouſe*, Mr. *Ewing*, Dr. *Smith*, and Mr. *Biddle*, who drew up the Accounts of the Obſervations at *Philadelphia*, at *Norriton*, at *Cape-Henlopen*; and adds, that "they "have very *honeſtly* given not only the Reſult of their Obſerva- "tions, but the Materials alſo, that others may examine and judge "for themſelves---an Example worthy of Imitation by thoſe Eu- "ropean Aſtronomers, who are ſo very ſhy of giving Particulars, "and vouch both for their Inſtruments and Obſervations in gene- "ral Terms." Speaking of the other Part of the Society's Tranſactions, he ſays, "it would take too much Time to give even the "Title of the curious and valuable Papers it contains, which he "conſiders as no inconſiderable Earneſt of the great Progreſs the "Sciences will one Day make in this NEW WORLD."

The ſame Gentleman, viz. Mr. LUDLAM, in a Letter, dated Leiceſter, January 25, 1772 (tranſmitted to the Society by Dr. FRANKLIN) writes thus----

"The more I read the Tranſactions of your *Society*, the more I "honour and eſteem the Members of it. There is not another So- "ciety in the World, that can boaſt of a Member ſuch as Mr. "RITTENHOUSE; *Theoriſt* enough to encounter the Problem of "determining (from a few Obſervations) the ORBIT of a Co- "MET; and alſo *Mechanic* enough to make, with his own "Hands, an *Equal-Altitude Inſtrument*, a *Tranſit-Teleſcope*, and a "*Time-Piece*. I wiſh I was near enough to ſee his *Mechanical Ap- "paratus*. I find he is engaged in making a curious ORRERY---- "May I aſk," &c. Mr. *Ludlam* then goes on to aſk a Number of intereſting Queſtions, relative to Mr. *Rittenhouſe*'s Apparatus, and the Numbers made uſe of in the Conſtruction of his *Orrery*; to which that Gentleman is appointed to give a full and reſpectable Anſwer.

By Order of the Society,
WILLIAM SMITH, R. STRETTELL JONES, *Secretaries.*
September 14, 1772.

NOBLE BEHAVIOUR of the Preſent EMPRESS of RUSSIA.

A GENTLEMAN, named Carlowinſki, *on an Excurſion to his Country Seat, which was but a few Miles from* Peterſburgh, *accidentally ſaw a young Woman of about twenty, Daughter to one of his Vaſſals, with whoſe Perſon he was ſo much pleaſed, that he ſent an Order to her Father, deſiring that ſhe might be brought to his Houſe that Evening, very plainly declaring for what Purpoſe he made the Requeſt.---The old Man, who was not utterly deſtitute of natural Honour, was greatly ſhocked at the Command, and took the Liberty of waiting on his Lord, at whoſe Feet he inſtantly fell, and implored, in the humbleſt Manner, that he would not inſiſt upon the Violation of his Daughter. Inſtead of being moved with the Tears and Intreaties of his Vaſſal, M.* Carlowinſki *was enraged to the laſt Degree to find the ſmalleſt Oppoſition to his Will, and immediately ordered his Servants to give him the Knout, a very ſevere Kind of Puniſhment, which is inflicted by tying the Offender down upon his Face, and beating him with Sticks, upon the naked Back, till he is rendered totally inſenſible through the Exceſs of Pain, and extreme Loſs of Blood. The young Woman hearing by ſome Means of her Father's Treatment, and perhaps imagining ſhe might be uſed with equal Severity, poſted immediately off to* Peterſburgh, *to wait for an Opportunity of throwing herſelf at the Feet, and begging the Protection of the Empreſs.---- Very fortunately, as ſhe entered the City, ſhe met her Imperial Majeſty returning from Church, and followed the Royal Coach ſo cloſely to the Palace Gate, that ſhe found it no Way difficult to execute her Purpoſe as the Empreſs ſtepped out, which ſhe accordingly did, and with the greateſt Succeſs.---Her Majeſty was obſerved to be greatly affected at the Recital of the poor Girl's melancholy Story, and ordered her to be properly taken Care of, till the Arrival of M.* Carlowinſki, *for whom ſhe immediately ſent. The Moment he appeared her Majeſty ordered the young Woman to be called in, and finding her Complaint in every Circumſtance to be juſt, reprimanded him in the ſevereſt Terms, and ordered him inſtantly to make a proper Attonement for the ſcandalous Injuſtice and Inhumanity of his Conduct. M.* Carlowinſki *endeavoured to excuſe himſelf as well as he poſſibly could, and mentioned ſomething of the cuſtomary Right which every Nobleman had to the Perſon and Property of his Vaſſals: To which her Majeſty made this remarkable reply: "Right,* Carlowinſki! *Nothing can be right which is repugnant to the Laws of Juſtice and Nature.--Would it not appear very extraordinary in me, if I was to ſeize upon your Property and Life, without having the ſmalleſt Reaſon for ſo great a Severity? And can you poſſibly have ſo great a Claim to any Thing belonging to your Vaſſal, or your Tenant, as I have, both as Miſtreſs and Sovereign, to every Thing which is my Subject's? I am ſorry to ſay,* Carlowinſki, *you are a Fool as well as a Libertine; but know this from me, Sir, that your Vaſſals are my People; and be aſſured, that I ſhall ſoon take ſuch Meaſures as ſhall make the greateſt Man in my Dominions tremble, who thinks of exacting an Obedience to his Power from the unhappy Peaſant, which is not due to his Virtues.---The pooreſt Wretch in my Empire, as a Man, is entitled to my warmeſt Protection, and ſhall always find a Refuge in me, as long as he continues by Honeſty and Juſtice to deſerve it.*

The Conſequence of this Affair was, that the old Man and his Daughter were declared immediately free, and Carlowinſki *obliged to ſettle a hundred Rubles a Year upon them for ever, to which her Majeſty was pleaſed to order as much more to be added out of the Public Revenues; and though a few of the Nobility appeared diſſatisfied at this Abridgement of their antient Power, yet the Empreſs had the Satisfaction of hearing her Behaviour loudly applauded by the general Voice of the Beſt and Wiſeſt in the Kingdom."*

LONDON, June 9.

AT a meeting of the Officers, who ſerved during the laſt war under Admiral Boſcawen, held on the King's Birth-day, at Will's Coffee-houſe, Spring-gardens, above 20 Gentlemen were preſent, who ſerved above 20 years in the Navy, and are now moſt nobly provided for on *Three Shillings* a day, which enables them to live almoſt as well as any Journeyman Shoemaker or Taylor within the bills of mortality.

We hear from Liſbon, that all the hopes entertained ſome time ſince of the re-eſtabliſhment of the Britiſh trade on its former footing in Portugal are for the preſent entirely vaniſhed. The French and Dutch are now the two moſt favoured nations in that country, though it is known that the former attempted to make it a province of Spain; and the latter laid the foundation of their preſent greatneſs, by diſmembering it of its valuable poſſeſſions in the Eaſt-Indies. A ſtriking inſtance of Portugueſe faith, and Portugueſe gratitude, in return for 30,000,000 *of our treaſury, and the blood of above* 50,000 *of our brave countrymen, ſpent in defending them againſt theſe very nations to whom they have given this unnatural preference.*

On Monday laſt as one Back, a labouring man, was playing at ſkittles at a public-houſe, at Wandſworth, he was ſeized with a fit, and expired in a few minutes, to the great aſtoniſhment and terror of the ſpectators, who about a week before had heard him, with horrid imprecations, wiſh that he might be ſtruck dead if ever he played at ſkittles again.

The fire in Caſtle-ſtreet, Oxford-road, is ſaid to have been occaſioned by a young man belonging to Mr. Haſter, who had been reading in bed, and fell aſleep with the candle burning, by which indiſcretion he was terribly ſcorched before he eſcaped, which he did with great difficulty. Two children are miſſing, who, it is feared, are deſtroyed by this calamitous circumſtance.

Extract of a Letter from Bruſſels, June 2.

"*The diſtemper among the horned cattle having made its appearance in French Flanders, this government ordered a cordon to be formed in the neighbourhood of Bruges, to prevent all communication with the places infected. This order was ſo rigorouſly obſerved, that the country Farmers, who came to attend the Bruges market with corn, abſented themſelves for two market days, ſo that the inhabitants were a week without any corn to be bought, upon which they imagining the commanding officer to be the ſole cauſe of this ſcarcity, went in a tumultuous manner to his quarters, demanding him to be delivered up to them, which being refuſed, they forced into the houſe, which they almoſt deſtroyed.---By this time the guard of ſoldiers came, who having cleared the houſe, dreſſed the officer in queſtion in a ſoldier's uniform, and by that means ſaved him from the fury of the populace.*

"*Since the above affairs General Murray has marched to Bruges with two battalions, and ſix pieces of cannon; and we hear that every thing is quiet at preſent.*"

By the Maſter of a ſhip lately arrived from Oporto we learn, that four Spaniſh men of war were in the harbour, bound for the Eaſt-Indies.

We learn from Toulon, that ſeveral French veſſels trading in the Mediterranean, have been taken by three Salletine Rovers, and carried into Sallee.

June 30. On Friday morning came on before Dr. Betteſworth, in the Prerogative Court, Doctor's Commons, the final pleadings relative to the citation of Lady Warren againſt Sir George her huſband, for cruelty, and thereby requiring a ſeparate maintenance and ſeparation, *a menſa et toro*.

The Council for the Defendant reſted the cauſe in reply to the Plaintiff's Counſel, by going into the queſtion at large, and examining, from the principles of chriſtianity, the civil and canon laws, what cauſes ſhould eſtabliſh divorces. In reſpect to the firſt, they obſerved, that our Saviour had ſettled that matter in his reply to certain ſects, when aſked for what reaſons a woman ſhould be divorced from her huſband, who anſwered, "exeept a woman commit Adultery, ſhe ſhall not be put away;" and in reſpect to the latter, both the civil and canon laws ſaid, that nothing but a ſeries of cruelty, in which it could be fairly proved a woman run an evident riſque of her life, could legally obtain a divorce. Now, ſaid they, on the whole of this matter, nothing appears, on theſe principles, that can juſtify a ſeparation. They likewiſe obſerved, that the preſent charge principally turned on two particular points; the one, an aſſault made by Sir George on his Lady, one morning, on the 11th of March, 1771, as a huſband, and the other on the 8th of May following, and that in both theſe caſes he was juſtified in ſo doing.

The pleadings being finiſhed, Dr. Betteſworth gave ſentence to the following purport: He obſerved, "That it always gave him great pain to interfere on deciding in the intereſts of two people, whoſe happineſs and concerns ſhould be ſo inſeparably connected as man and wife, but that ſitting in his then capacity, he was obliged to do it. Being therefore under this predicament, he ſaid he could not conſult his own particular feelings as a man, but give opinion according to the written laws as they preſcribed. He then read a Latin quotation, the purport of which was, that nothing but Adultery, or a ſeries of cruel treatment, whereby it could be fully proved a woman riſqued her life in cohabiting with a man, could licence a divorce, *a Vinculo Matrimonii*, or a ſeparation *Menſa et Toro*; that though there were ſome witneſſes, on the part of the Plaintiff, who appeared, ſaid they believed the latter, yet it evidently appearing to him, from their poſitive teſtimony, that no ſuch danger was to be dreaded, he was therefore induced to diſmiſs the citation in favour of Sir George Warren, the Defendant.

The pleadings on this cauſe took up 11 hours, beginning at 9 o' clock in the morning, and ending at 8 at night.

After the deciſion, her Ladyſhip's Proctor ſtood up, and gave notice that he ſhould appeal to the Court of Arches.

On Saturday laſt a country Gentleman came to town to aſſiſt his brother, a reputable Tradeſman, near Rotherhithe, who had a draught of 800l. to pay, but in going to him he unluckily dropped a bank note of 500l. which a perſon who lodged in the Old Bailey picked up, and went immediately to the Bank and received the caſh, and went off with the ſame. When the news was conveyed to the unfortunate Tradeſman, he was ſo affected that he ſhot himſelf.

The perſon who found the Bank note of 500l. on Saturday afternoon on London Bridge, and received the money for it at the bank, ſent a letter to his wife on Sunday with two guineas, informing her, that he will never more live in Prujean-ſquare in the Old Bailey. It is ſaid, that they have two children; and that he was cleared as an inſolvent debtor on Tueſday laſt, at Guildhall.

It is reported at the weſt end of the town, that in ſome conferences which one of our Secretaries of State had lately with the Miniſters of two Great Northern Powers, his Lordſhip having preſſed cloſely for certain explanations, could obtain no ſatisfactory anſwer. And we are aſſured, by a reſpectable correſpondent, that no intimations on our part, will have the leaſt effect on that quarter. Theſe powers having determined to perſevere in ſuch meaſures, as will be the means of eſtabliſhing the peace of that part of Europe, on the moſt permanent and reſpectable footing---*as they are pleaſed to term it.*

Whatever may be aſſerted to the contrary, there are letters in town which ſay, that military and naval preparations in France are by no means ſuſpended. At Breſt in particular, there are at preſent 12 men of war of the line, ſeveral frigates and bomb veſſels, moſt of which have undergone a thorough repair this ſpring and ſummer, and may be compleatly ready for actual ſervice within a fortnight.

We are informed, that Lord Chatham's Advice to the Miniſtry, was to inſiſt immediately upon the German Powers Avowal of their real Intentions with reſpect to Poland.

We can aſſure the Public, that, amidſt the Diſſipations and Extravagance of the preſent Age, the Heir and Hope of a preſent noble Family (Lord Hertford's) has adopted ſo contrary a Syſtem, that, ever ſince the Death of his Lady, he carries about him a Liſt of the greateſt Heireſſes in this Kingdom, to prevent his being unprovided, at any Time, with a good Wife, and regularly marks them off as they are married, to ſave himſelf the unneceſſary Trouble of Application.

It was yeſterday confidently ſaid, at the Smyrna, that a Treaty of a very extraordinary Nature is negotiating between the Courts of France, Portugal, Spain, and the Republic of Genoa; and that the King of Sardinia is apprehenſive theſe Powers will join their Forces, and break in upon him, without a formal Declaration of War.

Various are the conjectures of different Perſons about the Steps neceſſary to be taken to ſtop the Progreſs of Bankruptcy. A Report has prevailed, that, at the Inſtance of his Majeſty, a Council is to be ſummoned, in order to conſider of, and put in Execution, a Plan for the Support of public Credit. It is certain, ſays a Correſpondent, that ſuch a Meaſure would, at all Times, be ſalutary, but could, at no Time, be more neceſſary than the preſent. The Meeting of the principal Merchants at this critical Juncture, and the Reſolutions they have entered into to indemnify the Bank for diſcounting, is judiciouſly calculated to heal the Wounds public Credit has received. But the Conduct of the Directors of the Bank, during the late Calamities, has been highly meritorious; and no Man, in his ſober Senſes, can blame them for refuſing to diſcount any Bills, until they ſaw how Matters were likely to turn out. The Outcry made againſt the Directors, when they firſt gave public Notice that they would not diſcount, was fomented by thoſe whoſe chief Dependence being upon Paper Credit, naturally induced them to complain of a Meaſure by which they were Sufferers. Yet this very Meaſure ſhewed the penetrating Sagacity of the Directors; they ſaw the Evil whilſt yet in Embryo, and prudently therefore reſolved, at all Events, to preſerve the public Funds immaculate. In ſhort, the Bank Directors have proved themſelves Men every Way qualified to diſcharge the national Truſt repoſed in them, to the Advantage of the Public; and as their Aſſiſtance in the preſent Emergency has, in all Probability, been the Means of preventing a general Bankruptcy, ſo, had they aſſiſted at firſt, or aſſiſted afterwards, without Security, they would, in one Caſe, have betrayed an incautious Raſhneſs, and in the other, a Species of Imprudence, to the laſt Degree dangerous, in Men who, from the Nature of their Office, may be conſidered as the Guardians of public Credit.

SALEM, September 1.

We hear that Captain Webber, who arrived at Marblehead laſt Friday, in Lat. 44: 41, *about* 25 *Leagues to the Weſtward of the Grand Bank, came acroſs a Raft Ship, which had foundered. She was commanded by Captain John Savage, and, it is ſaid, had been out three Weeks from Philadelphia. The Captain and Crew quitted her, and were brought into Marblehead by Captain Webber.*

BOSTON, September 3.

We hear from Providence, Rhode-Iſland, that an Aquaduct is now compleated there, from Mr. Field's Fountain to that Part of the Town called the Point, which was carried by wooden Pipes through Hills and Valleys in a ſubterraneous Manner, the Diſtance of three Quarters of a Mile: The Water was conducted with ſuch Rapidity as to deliver One Hundred Gallons in a Minute, thereby ſupplying the Inhabitants of the Point (who before were deſtitute) by ſmall Conductors leading therefrom, with freſh Water in their Cellars, Kitchens, and Chambers, only by the Turn of a Braſs Key. This Affair is the firſt of the Nature ever attempted and effected in Engliſh America. Captain Field generouſly granted the Inhabitants one Half of the ſaid Fountain for the Term of 999 *Years: And the General Aſſembly have incorporated the Inhabitants into a Body Politic, by the Name of* FIELD'S FOUNTAIN SOCIETY.

NEW-HAVEN, September 4.

Last Wedneſday, Moſes Paul was executed, agreeable to his Sentence, about a Mile from this Town. The Rev. Mr. Occum preached a Sermon, previous to the Execution, in the Brick Meeting Houſe (from Rom. vi. 23.) and attended the Criminal to the Place of Execution, where he made a ſhort, but well-adapted Prayer to the Occaſion. The Criminal behaved with Decency and Steadineſs, and appeared to be in the Exerciſe of fervent ſecret Prayer all the Way from the Goal to the Gallows. A little While before he was turned off, he took a moſt affectionate Leave of his Countrymen, the Indians (many of whom were preſent) and exhorted them to ſhun thoſe Vices, to which they are ſo much addicted, viz. Drunkenneſs, Revenge, &c. He acknowledged that he killed Mr. Cook, though not with a Flat-iron, as was ſuppoſed, but with a Club.

NEWPORT, September 7.

Laſt Tueſday arrived here the Brig Spywood, Captain William Rhodes, from Anguilla, who on the 24th ult. Lat. 31:17, Long. 69:33, ſpoke with two Ships and two Brigs, with Troops on board, from St. Auguſtine, bound to the Iſland of St. Vincent, to aſſiſt in ſubduing the Indians of ſaid Iſland.

An armed Schooner arrived here laſt Night, and we this moment hear that another is ordered from Boſton, to lie cloſe before the town of Providence.

NEW-YORK, September 14.

Captain Shourt, in 34 Days from Madeira, acquaints us, that Commodore Cook, in the Reſolution Frigate, in Company with the Adventure Store Ship, touched at that Iſland, and ſailed from thence, in order to make Diſcoveries in the South Seas, &c.

The Ship Buchanan, Captain Moodie; and a Snow from Virginia, belonging to Philadelphia, arrived at Madeira the Day Captain Shourt ſailed from thence.

Captain Miles, in a Brig belonging to Georgia, from Jamaica for this Port, was caſt away about 3 o' Clock in the Morning of the 2d Inſtant, at Barnagat, the Veſſel, in Ballaſt, is entirely loſt, but the Crew ſaved.

By Captain Brown, in 4 Weeks from Cape Nichola, we are told, that above 20 Sail of the Jamaica Fleet had put into that Place in Diſtreſs, having, on the Second of Auguſt, met with ſuch bad Weather, that the greateſt Number of them loſt ſome of their Maſts; among them were the Ship Milford, Captain Watſon; the Homecaſtle, Captain Mackintoſh; and the Kepple, Captain Curling.

The ſecond Inſt. Captain Brown ſpoke with Captain Aſh, in a Schooner from this Port for North-Carolina, who had been overſet in a Gale of Wind, and loſt his Mainmaſt.

Captain Guilford, in 28 Days from Green-Iſland, in Jamaica, the 20th of Auguſt, off Cape Anthony, ſpoke with a Brig from Jamaica for Norfolk, in Virginia.

The Raft Snow that ſailed from Rhode-Iſland for London, the 10th ult. commanded by Captain Smith, ſprung a Leak about a Week after ſhe got out, which increaſed ſo faſt, that the Captain and Crew were obliged to abandon her, having remained on board until the Sea was level with her Deck: They were luckily taken up by a Whaler, and brought into Newport laſt Wedneſday.

PHILADELPHIA, *September* 16.

Captain Belford, from Jamaica, on the 26th of July, off the Little Commanders, ſaw 14 Ships, which he ſuppoſed to be a Spaniſh Fleet: On the 8th ult. off Cape Anthony, ſpoke the Ship Unanimous, from Kingſton for London: On the 30th, in Lat. 32:34, ſpoke the Brig Induſtry, Captain Gueſt, from Briſtol for Georgia, out 10 Weeks: On the 4th Inſtant, in Lat. 36:39, ſpoke the Schooner Carolina Packet, Captain Aſh, from New-York for Carolina, who had carried away his Main-maſt, and was going back to New-York: On the 5th, in Lat. 37:17, ſpoke a Brig, Captain Panton, from Virginia for Barbados, out one Day; the ſame Day ſaw a Moſes Boat, Bottom upwards, with two Kegs of Bread, one Barrel, and an Oar, along-ſide: And on the 6th, in Lat. 37:24, he ſaw two Wrecks to the Southward, and bore down for them; one was a Veſſel, Bottom upwards, her Bottom payed with white Stuff, many of her Spars along-ſide, ſaw her Top-gallant and Royal Yards, but could not diſcover whether ſhe was a Brig or a Snow; the other proved to be the Brig Succeſs, Captain Gilpin, which was overſet, as mentioned in our laſt.

Captain Wilſon, from Hiſpaniola, acquaints us, that on the 4th of Auguſt, when he was lying at Aux-Coys, a violent Hurricane came on, which drove aſhore 25 Veſſels, 13 were French, 7, of whom were entirely loſt: Captain Wilſon was aſhore 4 Days, but luckily got off, without ſuſtaining any Damage; alſo, a Sloop from New-York, Captain Emery, and a Schooner from Rhode-Iſland, Captain Chace.----Captain Wilſon on the 2d Inſtant, in Lat. 25, Long. 72, ſpoke a Brig, Captain Moore, from Cape-Fear for Jamaica.

Captain Canby, from Jamaica, on the 27th of laſt Month, off Cape Florida, ſpoke a Ship, Captain Moore, from the Bay of Honduras for New-York, out 23 Days; alſo a Brig, Captain Kellin, from the Bay for London, out 22 Days, all well; and on the 8th Inſtant, off Chincoteague, he ſpoke a Sloop, from Ocracock for New-York, 6 Days out, the Maſter of which informed him, that ſeven Sail of Veſſels out of eight, were loſt in Beacon Iſland Road, on the Firſt Inſtant, but he could not learn further Particulars.

Captain Shewell, from Hiſpaniola, on the 22d ult. off Crooked Iſland, ſpoke the Schooner True Blue, Captain Packwood, from the Mole, for New-London, out 3 Days; and on the 4th Inſtant, in Lat. 37:5, Long. 73:9, ſpoke the Brig Chance, Captain Craig, from this Port for St. Euſtatia, out 2 Days; who ſaid, that on the Day preceding, he was cloſe upon Cape Henlopen, with the Wind at N. E. when it blew exceſſive hard, and with much Difficulty could clear himſelf; but Captain Shewell left him well, 65 Leagues from our Capes.

Captain Biddle, from Hiſpaniola, on the 20th ult. in Lat. 24, Long. 74, ſpoke the Ship Sunbury, Captain Bayne, from Port au Prince for this Port, who left that Place 6 Days before Captain Biddle; he was very leaky, and intended to put into Georgia; and on the 3d Inſtant, in Lat. 32:40, Long. 75, ſpoke the Brig Aurora, Captain Rowe, from Newfoundland, for Cape Fear, out 7 Weeks: The Captain and Crew were in great Diſtreſs for Want of Proviſions, had ſtove his Boats, and was in a perilous Situation.---Captain Biddle ſupplied them with Neceſſaries, and gave them all the Aſſiſtance in his Power.

The Sloop Adventure, Captain Powell, was to ſail in 8 Days after Captain Biddle for this Port.

Captain Branthwait, from Potowmack River, Maryland, bound for Glaſgow, on the 2d Inſtant, in Lat. 36:11, Long. 73:31, met with a heavy Gale of Wind, and was near foundering; ſhe loſt her Foretopſail, and Foreſail, cut away the Main-maſt, got the Ship to wear, and 4 Pumps to work; afterwards, ſhe ſhipped a heavy Sea on the Quarter, which carried away the Tryſail-boom and Gaff, and one Man from the Helm was waſhed overboard, but luckily got him in again; a ſhort Time after, ſhe ſhipped another Sea in the Waſte, which ſtove the Long-boat, carried away three Water-caſks, Maintopſail-yard, and all the Stock: The Day following, in Lat. 36:55, Long. 73:18, loſt all their Lumber, the Yawl, and ſeveral Bolts out of the Deck, likewiſe Compaſſes, Glaſſes, Cheſts, Candles, and moſt Part of the other Materials; and on the 5th, in Lat. 37:47, Long. 74:37, ſpoke the Schooner Pompey, Captain Leads, from New-London for Hiſpaniola, who met with the Hurricane in Lat. 28, and continued to Lat. 35; ſhe had carried all her upper Works away, and was on her Return for New-London.

Captain Scott, from Liſbon, informs, that on his Arrival at Caſh Cales on the 16th of July, he found lying there, 9 Ships of the Line, and three French Frigates; they ſailed in 5 Days thereafter, with an Engliſh Frigate in Company, but could not learn their Deſtination-----Captain Scott, on the 26th ult. in Lat. 30, Long. 52, ſpoke a Schooner, Captain Allen, from Boſton for Dominica, out 20 Days: On the 28th, in Lat. 30:16, Long. 55, ſpoke the Schooner Return, Captain Jackſon, from Piſcataqua for Barbados, out 25 Days: On the 2d Inſtant, in Lat. 32:55, Long. 67, ſpoke a Sloop from Virginia, out 9 Days: On the 3d, in Lat. 32:55, Long. 67, ſpoke the Brig Mary, Captain Leacraft, from this Port for Antigua, out 10 Days: On the 8th, 10 Leagues from our Capes, ſpoke a Sloop from Nantucket for North-Carolina, out 4 Days.

The Captains Cooke, Nuttle, Bell, Adams, and Cox, were expected to ſail for this Port, in a few Days after Captain Scott.

Captain Burrows, from Liſbon, on the 7th ult. in Lat. 30:24, Long. 22:29, ſpoke the Ship Priſcilla, Captain Jones, from Viana for this Port, out 10 Days.

John Matthews, one of the Sailors that belonged to the Raft Ship, Captain Savage, from this Port for London, writes a Gentleman here from Marblehead, that about 20 Leagues to the Weſtward of the Grand Bank, having 16 Feet Water in her Hold, they were taken on board by a Schooner, belonging to that Place, and carried in there.

From St. Chriſtophers we learn, that Admiral Parry arrived at Engliſh Harbour, in Antigua, on the 31ſt of July laſt, to relieve Admiral Man, on that Station; and that Admiral Man was to ſail for England on the Third of Auguſt.

The Ship Otter, Captain Caton, from this Port, is arrived at Cape Nichola Mole.

Captain Brown, arrived at New-York from Cape-Nichola, on the Third Inſtant, ſpoke a Ship, from Glaſgow for Virginia, out eight Weeks.

Within three Weeks paſt the Store of Meſſieurs Frieſe and Foulke, in Third-ſtreet, was twice broke open and robbed, which determined them to keep Watch; and on Monday Night, between 11 and 12 o' Clock, it was again broke open, when, with the Aſſiſtance of the Watchmen, &c. the Thief was ſecured in the Store, after he had put up a Quantity of Tea, and other Things, in order to carry off. He proved to be a Man, who was ſome Time ago Hoſtler at the Inn next the Store. And Yeſterday he was examined before THOMAS WILLING, Eſq; who committed him to Goal.

Laſt Wedneſday ended the Court of Quarter Seſſions for the County of Philadelphia, at which were convicted for Felony, The following Perſons, viz. *John Dennis, William Bowen, William Livingſton, Richard Bruckhouſe, Ann Johnſon,* and *Judith Connor,* who were all whipped on Saturday laſt, agreeable to their Sentence.

PRICE CURRENT *of the following* GOODS *in* Philadelphia.

Flour 20s. 6d. Wheat 8s. Indian Corn 3s. 9d. Ship Bread 21s. Middling Ditto 30s. White Ditto 60s. Pipe Staves 10l. Barrel Ditto 3l. 10s. Hogſhead Ditto 6l. 10s. Red Oak Ditto 5l. 10s. Iriſh Beef 3l. 10s. Country Ditto 3l. Pork 5l. Weſt-India Rum 3s. 4d. New-England Ditto 2s. 2d. Pennſylvania Ditto 2s. 2d. Madeira Wine 50l. to 70l. Muſcovado Sugar 50s. to 60s. Melaſſes 20d. Pennſylvania Loaf Sugar 11d. Pitch 14s. Tar 14s. Turpentine 18s. Tobacco 25s. to 40s. Rice 24s. Liſbon Salt 20d. Bohea Tea 4s. 3d. Hemp 6d. Cotton 14d. Bar-Iron 28l. Pig Ditto 8l. 10

CUSTOM-HOUSE, *Philadelphia.* INWARD ENTRIES.

Sloop Rachel, S. Parker, and Sloop Sea-flower, M. Freeman, from Virginia. Schooner Pennſylvania Packet, J. Dougherty, and Sloop Betſy, A. Dawes, N. Carolina. Brig Paragon, J. Burrows, Liſbon. Ship Lark, C. Biddle, and Schooner Hebe, J. Wilſon, Hiſpaniola. Schooner Deborah, B. Canby, Jamaica.

Outwards. Sloop Dove, D. Ferguſon, for New-York. Brig Dolphin, J. Ruſſel, and Schooner Mary, J. Perott, for Dominica.

Cleared. Brig Ann, J. Eve, to Jamaica. Schooner Leopard, T. Church, Liſbon. Brig Harmony, J. Fairy, Gibraltar. Ship Hawke, R. Neil, S. Carolina. Sloop Peggy, S. Hinckley, and Sloop Molly, E. Rogers, Boſton. Sloop Rachel, R. Parker, and Schooner Nancy, D. Badger, Virginia. Brig Iſabella, J. Brown, St. Vincent. Sloop Charlotte, J. Cobourne, N. York. Sloop Potowmack, G. Rowe, to Maryland.

Juſt publiſhed, and ſold by HALL and SELLERS,
The POCKET ALMANACK, for the YEAR 1773.

To the FREEMEN of the City of PHILADELPHIA.

GENTLEMEN,

I AM much obliged to you for the Mark of your Confidence, in chuſing me one of your Repreſentatives in Aſſembly laſt Year; my Acceptance of the Office, at that Time, was rather determined by my Reſpect to you, than my own Judgment; and as my Continuance in it will be not only againſt my Inclination, but extreamly inconvenient to me; I muſt deſire you will chuſe, at the enſuing Election, ſome Perſon to repreſent you, in Stead of, Your moſt reſpectful Friend,

SAMUEL SHOEMAKER.

To the FREEHOLDERS, and ELECTORS, for the City and County of PHILADELPHIA.

GENTLEMEN,

I HAVE ever thought it my Duty to ſerve the Public to the beſt of my Knowledge and Judgment, when my private Affairs admitted of it; but as that is not the Caſe now, I muſt again earneſtly entreat you, at the next General Election, not to chooſe me for one of your Repreſentatives in Aſſembly. I am, with the higheſt Sentiments of Gratitude, for the Confidence already placed in me, the Public's ſincere Friend,

¶ ROWLAND EVANS.

To the FREEHOLDERS and ELECTORS of the County of BUCKS.

GENTLEMEN,

THE Confidence you have been pleaſed to repoſe in me, by chuſing me one of your Repreſentatives, for ſeveral Years paſt, deſerves my ſincere Acknowledgments; but as it will not ſuit me to attend any longer, I requeſt you to chuſe ſome other Perſon to repreſent you in my Stead, and you will thereby much oblige, Your Friend, JOSEPH WATSON. ¶

To the FREEHOLDERS, and other ELECTORS, for the County of BUCKS.

GENTLEMEN,

I RETURN you my ſincere Thanks for the Honour you have done me, in chooſing me one of your Repreſentatives in Aſſembly, for ſeveral Years paſt; and now deſire you would, at the enſuing Election, chooſe ſome other Perſon to ſerve in my Room, by which you will much oblige your real Friend,

¶ BENJAMIN CHAPMAN.

To the FREEHOLDERS, and other ELECTORS, of the City and County of PHILADELPHIA.

GENTLEMEN,

ENCOURAGED (by the favourable Opinion you have heretofore had of me, by voting me into the ſeveral Offices of Warden, County Commiſſioner, and Manager of the Houſe of Employment) I at this Time humbly beg the Favour of your Votes and Intereſt for the Sheriff's Office, when Mr. Judah Foulke's Time, the preſent Officer, ſhall by Law expire; and your Favours therein, will very much oblige, GENTLEMEN,

Your Friend and Servant, ENOCH STORY.

SAMUEL SANSOM, junior,

HAS for SALE, at his Store, in Water-ſtreet, near the Old Ferry-houſe, A Parcel of 8-qr. 9-qr. and 10-qr. BLANKETS; a conſiderable Variety of other MERCHANDIZE; and expects an additional Supply, on the Arrival of the firſt Engliſh Veſſels. ¶

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be expoſed to ſale, on Monday, the 5th day of October next, at 2 o' clock in the afternoon, and to be ſtruck off preciſely at 5, at the houſe of Matthias Lukens, at the Falls of Schuylkill, a certain meſſuage, or tenement, and tract or piece of land, ſituate in Blockley townſhip, containing one acre three quarters and twenty perches, bounded by the river Schuylkill, and by lands late of Robert Roberts, Lawrence Garrett, and others; alſo a certain other tract, or piece of ground, ſituate in Blockley townſhip aforeſaid, containing by computation 15 acres and 154 perches, bounded by lands of Ann Garrett, John Garrett, Lawrence Garrett, and others; alſo the reſidue of a term of 99 years, of a certain other piece of land, ſituate in Blockley townſhip aforeſaid, adjacent to the firſt deſcribed tract, containing 28¼ acres, bounded by the river Schuylkill, and by the firſt above deſcribed tract (excepting 1 acre of the laſt mentioned piece, leaſed to Robert Roberts) late the eſtate of William Denny, Eſq; deceaſed; ſeized and taken in Execution by JUDAH FOULKE, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be expoſed to ſale, on Tueſday, the 6th of October next, at 6 o' clock in the evening, at the London Coffee-houſe, a certain meſſuage, or tenement, and lot of ground, ſituate in the Diſtrict of Southwark, containing in breadth 12½ feet, and in length or depth about 15 feet, bounded by Vernon-ſtreet, Shippen-ſtreet, and by ground of Zachariah Nieman, and others; alſo a certain meſſuage, or tenement, and two lots of ground, ſituate in the Diſtrict of Southwark aforeſaid, one of them containing in breadth 15 feet, and in depth 15 feet, bounded by Vernon-ſtreet aforeſaid, and by ground of Robert Carr, William Dickinſon, and others; the other of them, containing in breadth 8 feet, and in depth 15 feet, bounded by Vernon-ſtreet aforeſaid, and by ground of Zachariah Nieman, William Dickinſon, and others; late the eſtate of John Dennis, ſeized and taken in execution by

JUDAH FOULKE, Sheriff.

IMPORTED in the laſt Veſſels from ENGLAND, and to be SOLD by

ALEXANDER BARTRAM,

Next Door to the Indian King, in Market-ſtreet,

A LARGE and general Aſſortment of enamelled and plain Queen's ware, enamelled blue and white, and white ſtone ware, delph bowls, of different ſizes, glaſs ware, of different ſorts, both Engliſh and country made; all of which he is determined to ſell on the moſt reaſonable terms; as the above goods are laid in with ready money, at the different manufactories in England, he has them much lower than they formerly came to this place. He has likewiſe a large aſſortment of potters ware, made at his pot-houſe, equal in quality, and as cheap as any made in this place. Orders ſent will be carefully forwarded, on the ſhorteſt notice. 6 *W.*

Philadelphia, September 14, 1772.

TO THE PUBLIC.

THE ſubſcriber, having lately returned to this City from New-York, purpoſes to follow COOKING, in all its branches; as ſhe is well acquainted in this city, having for ſeveral years paſt been employed by ſome of the moſt noted Gentlemen and Ladies here, ſhe thinks it unneceſſary to ſay much by adverſtiſement; only, that any Gentleman or Lady that wants a Cook, for a day or more, at any time, by applying to the ſubſcriber, living about the middle of an alley, or ſtreet, called South-ſtreet, between Market and Arch-ſtreets, and Fifth and Sixth-ſtreets, may be ſupplied, by ELIZABETH RUSH. ¶

WILLIAM MONTGOMERY, near ALLEN-TOWN, EAST-JERSEY,

HAS to LETT, for a Term of Years, a TANYARD, in the Town of GLOUCESTER. Whoever wants to rent the ſame, may apply to ſaid *MONTGOMERY,* or Captain *ELLIS,* in the Town of Glouceſter. ‖5*W.*

TWENTY-FOUR DOLLARS Reward.

RUN AWAY *from his ſpecial bail, a certain* WILLIAM HEADLESTONE, *an Iriſh man, about 5 feet 6 inches high, about 26 years of age, red faced, ſmall eyes, ſtrait yellow hair; had on, and took with him, a brown home made coat, lincey jacket, and leather breeches; a half rifle gun, ſtocked rifle faſhion. Strayed or ſtolen, on the night of the ſaid 28th of Auguſt, ſuppoſed to be ſtolen by ſaid* Headleſtone, *a dark bay Mare, about 14 hands high, branded on the near buttock with the letters I. L. has a ſaddle mark, ſwitch tail, paces, trots, and hand-gallops, is newly ſhod before. Whoever takes up ſaid* Headleſtone, *and ſecures him in any of his Majeſty's goals, ſo that his ſpecial bail may have notice thereof, or brings him to Cæcil county goal, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by* JOHN ALEXANDER. ¶

N. B. Twenty Shillings for the mare only. All maſters of veſſels are forbid carrying him off. Auguſt 28, 1772.

To be SOLD, by public VENDUE, on the premiſes, on the 15th day of October next, by the ſubſcriber,

A PLANTATION, lying near the ſign of the Boot, in Goſhen townſhip, Cheſter county, Pennſylvania, containing 114 acres of good land, be the ſame more or leſs, with the uſual allowance for roads, about 80 acres thereof are cleared, and the woodland well timbered, about 20 acres of meadow made, ſome part of which is well watered, and water in every field, a good young bearing orchard, of about 150 trees, of good fruit; thereon is a good brick dwelling-houſe, 30 feet by 20, two ſtories high, and a cellar under the whole, with a good well of excellent water at the door, a good ſpring-houſe, barn, ſtables, ſheds, and other out-houſes. Likewiſe a lot of ground, adjoining the ſaid plantation, containing 50 acres of good land, about 12 acres thereof cleared, and the woodland well timbered, about 4 acres of extraordinary meadow made, a good young bearing orchard; thereon are two good log dwelling-houſes, with ſtone gable-ends, both cellared under, and a well of good water near each door, alſo a ſmith and wheelwright's ſhop; the great road leading from Lancaſter and the Iron-works to Cheſter, goes through it. The titles are indiſputable, and the terms of ſale will be made known, on the day aforeſaid, by AMOS DAVIS. §

N. B. The quitrent on all the aforeſaid land is but One Shilling ſterling per hundred. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe the premiſes, may view the ſame before the day of ſale, and enter thereon the firſt of April next.

STOLEN or STRAYED away, on the 23d ult. from the ſubſcriber, living in the Northern Liberties of Philadelphia, a dark cheſtnut coloured HORSE, a natural trotter, 14 hands high, with a white face, and ſeveral white ſpots or ſaddle marks on his back, branded with a croſs on the near thigh, about 8 or 9 years old. Whoever takes up ſaid horſe, and ſecures the thief in any of his Majeſty's goals, ſhall have *Three Pounds* reward, or for the horſe only *Thirty Shillings,* and reaſonable charges, paid by JOHN LENOX, in Front-ſtreet, near Pool's Bridge, Philadelphia.

Some time ago was found, by one of ſaid *Lenox*'s family, a Silk UMBRELLOE; whoever comes and proves their property, paying charges, may have it again. §

TO BE SOLD,

A STAGE COACH, a moſt agreeable and delightful carriage, calculated for the buſineſs of a STAGE, with harneſs for ſix horſes, late the property of Joſeph Hart, deceaſed. Said coach has been employed in running from hence to New-York, accommodating eight perſons with the greateſt eaſe, and may be ſeen at Capt. John Litle's, in Fourth-ſtreet. The purchaſer may have ſix months credit, if required, on the uſual conditions of intereſt, &c.

All perſons indebted to the eſtate of ſaid Hart, are deſired to make immediate payment; and thoſe who have any demands, to bring in their accounts properly adjuſted for ſettlement, by ABRAHAM KINTZING, and WILLIAM KENLY, Adminiſtrators. §

Philadelphia, Auguſt 24, 1772.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of *the Corporation for the Relief of the Widows and Children of Clergymen in the Communion of the Church of England in America,* is to be held at Philadelphia, agreeable to Charter, on the 6th Day of October next, being the firſt Tueſday after the Feaſt of St. *Michael,* of which all the Members are requeſted to take Notice, and to give their Attendance accordingly. JONATHAN ODELL, Secretary.

To be RENTED or LEASED, for a term of years,

A VALUABLE PLANTATION, ſituate on Elk-Ridge, in Anne-Arundel county, Maryland, on which is a new merchant-mill, lately erected, upon a fine ſtream of water, and in a plentiful wheat country; alſo other convenient buildings, and a young thriving orchard: The ſoil is of the beſt kind, either for planting or farming, and upwards of 100 acres of watered meadow may eaſily be made thereon: There are about 60 or 70 acres of wheat now in the ground, which the tenant may have the benefit of; likewiſe a number of Negroes, and ſome ſtock. For further particulars, apply to THOMAS DORSET, Eſq; on Elk-Ridge; or the ſubſcriber, in Annapolis.

Sept. 1, 1772. RICHARD SPRIGG.

To the FREEHOLDERS and others, ELECTORS of the City and County of PHILADELPHIA.

GENTLEMEN,

I RETURN you my ſincere Thanks for your Favours, ſhewn me the two laſt Elections, in chuſing me Sheriff for the City and County aforeſaid. A further Continuance of your Favours, at the enſuing Election, in chuſing me again to that Office, ſhall always be gratefully acknowledged by, Gentlemen,

Your Friend and humble Servant,

Auguſt 24, 1772. JUDAH FOULKE, Sheriff.

To the FREEHOLDERS, and others, ELECTORS for the City and County of PHILADELPHIA.

GENTLEMEN,

I RETURN you my hearty Thanks for the Honour you did me the laſt Year, in voting me on the Return for Coroners, and as I intend to ſtand a Candidate for the ſaid Office, at the enſuing Election, I beg the Favour of your Votes and Intereſt, which ſhall be gratefully acknowledged by, GENTLEMEN,

Your obliged Friend, and humble Servant,

CALEB CASH, Coroner.

To the FREEHOLDERS, and others, ELECTORS for the City and County of PHILADELPHIA.

GENTLEMEN,

I RETURN you my ſincere Acknowledgments for the Honour done me, in chooſing me one of your Aſſeſſors for ſeveral Years paſt; but as a longer Continuance in that Station would be inconvenient to me, I requeſt the Favour of you to chooſe ſome other Perſon, at the enſuing Election, to ſerve you in Stead of. *Your ſincere Friend,* ABRAHAM LUKENS. ¶

To the FREEHOLDERS, and others, ELECTORS, for the City and County of PHILADELPHIA.

GENTLEMEN,

I RETURN you my moſt ſincere Thanks for your paſt Favours, and as I intend to ſtand a Candidate for the Sheriff's Office, when the preſent Sheriff's Time ſhall by Law expire, I do now requeſt the Favour of your Votes and Intereſt, which will much oblige your Friend, and humble Servant,

JOSEPH REDMAN.

To the FREEHOLDERS, and others, ELECTORS of the City and County of PHILADELPHIA.

GENTLEMEN,

I HAVE formerly ſolicited your Votes and Intereſt for the Sheriff's Office, in the City and County of Philadelphia; for the Favours I then received, I return my ſincere Thanks.--- I now ſet myſelf up as a Candidate for that Office, and humbly ſolicit, that, at the enſuing Election, you will vote for me with Mr. Judah Foulke, now Sheriff, that after the next Year of his Sheriffalty, I may have your Intereſt to ſucceed him in ſaid Office, which Favours will be gratefully acknowledged, by

Your ſincere Friend, and humble Servant,

Philadelphia, Sept. 2, 1772. WILLIAM DEWEES.

To the FREEHOLDERS, and other ELECTORS, for the County and Borough of CHESTER.

GENTLEMEN,

I STAND a Candidate for the Sheriff's Office, for which Purpoſe, I humbly requeſt the Favour of your Votes and Intereſt, at the enſuing Election; which Favour ſhall be gratefully accepted, and thankfully remembered, by *Your ſincere Friend,*

§ JOSEPH GIBBONS. junior.

To the FREEHOLDERS, and others, ELECTORS in and for the Borough and County of CHESTER.

GENTLEMEN,

ENCOURAGED by the Succeſs I have met with, in being voted on the Return for Sheriffs theſe three Years paſt, I once more offer myſelf a Candidate for that Office, with Deſires and Expectations of your friendly and ready Aſſiſtance at the enſuing Election, which Favour, as well as thoſe paſt, ſhall be gratefully acknowledged and remembered by

The Public's ſincere Friend, HENRY HAYES. ¶

To the FREEHOLDERS, and others, ELECTORS in and for the Borough and County of CHESTER.

GENTLEMEN,

AS I purpoſe to offer myſelf a Candidate for the Sheriff's Office, at the enſuing General Election, I humbly requeſt the Favour of your Votes and Intereſt for ſaid Office, which Favour ſhall be had in Memory, and gratefully acknowledged, by

Your aſſured Friend,

Auguſt 19, 1772. ELISHA JONES. ‖ 6 w.

To the FREEHOLDERS, and others, ELECTORS for the County of CHESTER.

GENTLEMEN,

I HAVE ventured to enter the Liſt with the other Candidates for the Sheriff's Office; I now publicly requeſt your favourable Acceptation of my Propoſal, and that you would be pleaſed to give me your Votes and Intereſt at the enſuing Election, which, whether I ſucceed or not, ſhall be gratefully acknowledged by

Weſt-Nantmill, Your aſſured Friend,

Auguſt 28, 1772. ¶ WILLIAM GIBBONS.

To the FREEHOLDERS and others, ELECTORS in and for the County and Borough of CHESTER.

ESTEEMED FRIENDS,

I STAND a Candidate for the Sheriff's Office, and requeſt the Favour of your Votes and Intereſt, at the enſuing Election, for the ſame; which Favour ſhall be gratefully acknowledged, and kept in remembrance, by *Your ſincere Friend,*

Auguſt 31, 1772. NATHANIEL VERNON. ‖

To the FREEHOLDERS, and ELECTORS, for the Borough and County of CHESTER.

GENTLEMEN,

I THANK you for your Favours paſt, and ſhall be further obliged to you for the Continuance of your Votes and Intereſt, at the enſuing Election, for the Coroner's Office; which ſhall be gratefully acknowledged, by Your humble Servant,

§ JOHN CROSBY, junior, Coroner.

To the FREEHOLDERS and ELECTORS of the Borough and County of LANCASTER.

GENTLEMEN,

I BEG Leave to remind you of my Requeſt on the Occaſion laſt Year, to be excuſed from ſerving in the Aſſembly any longer; I now expect, and again requeſt, you will grant me the Favour, by chooſing ſome other Perſon in my Room at next Election. I am, with due Regard, *Your reſpectful Friend,*

† EMANUEL CARPENTER.

To the FREEHOLDERS, and ELECTORS, of the Borough and County of CHESTER.

GENTLEMEN,

I RETURN you my ſincere Thanks for your favourable Opinion, in thinking me worthy of a Seat in your Houſe of Aſſembly, for theſe ſeveral Years paſt. Laſt Year I deſired you to excuſe me from ſerving you in that Office; and, as I find myſelf in a declining State of Health, cannot think of ſerving longer in Aſſembly; I beg you will be ſo kind as to chuſe, at the enſuing Election, ſome Perſon, to repreſent you, in Stead of

Your obliged Friend, JOHN CROSBY. §

To the FREEHOLDERS, and others, ELECTORS for the Borough and County of CHESTER.

GENTLEMEN,

I RETURN you my ſincere Acknowledgments for the Honour done me, in chooſing me one of your Aſſeſſors theſe three Years paſt; but, as a longer Continuance in that Station would be very inconvenient to me, I requeſt the Favour of you to chooſe ſome other Perſon, at the enſuing Election, to ſerve in ſtead of,

Your ſincere Friend,

Newgarden, Aug. 31, 1772. ‖ SAMUEL MILLER.

College of Philadelphia, Auguſt 24.

THE LECTURES, upon the DIFFERENT BRANCHES of MEDICINE, will begin on Monday, the ſecond Day of November next.

ALL thoſe who are indebted to the eſtate of THOMAS COATES, late of the city of Philadelphia, deceaſed, are hereby requeſted to make immediate payment to the ſubſcribers; and thoſe having any demands, are defired to bring them in, in order for ſettlement, by ANN COATES, Executrix, and SEYMOUR HART, Executor.

Agreeable to the laſt will and teſtament of the ſaid deceaſed, on the 16th day of September, at four o' clock in the afternoon, will be ſold by public vendue, on the premiſes, a lot of ground, ſituate on the weſt ſide of Fourth-ſtreet, near Race-ſtreet, 16 feet 6 inches front, on Fourth-ſtreet, and continuing that width, the diſtance of about 198 feet back to Crown-ſtreet, bounded north and ſouth by houſes of William Robinſon and Hudſon Burr, which muſt render it very commodious and eaſy to the purchaſer, when inclined to build. An indiſputable title will be made, clear of groundrent.

Alſo to be lett, on groundrent for ever, or for a term of years, the back part of the lot of ground, on which the aforeſaid Executrix now lives, 15 feet front, on Crown-ſtreet aforementioned, and 75 feet deep. Any perſon inclining to view the ſame, may apply to the ſaid Executrix, in Fourth-ſtreet, between Race and Vine-ſt reets. ¶

WHEREAS a certain HECTOR M'CLAIN has left ſundry articles in poſſeſſion of the ſubſcriber, as a ſecurity for a debt, due by ſaid M'Clain to me; this is to inform him, that unleſs he diſcharges the ſaid debt, in three weeks from the date hereof, they will be expoſed to public ſale, by

Philad. Sept. 7, 1772. BERNARD LAWERSWYLER. ‖

THE CREDITORS of ISAAC DELYON, late of this city, Merchant, are deſired to bring in their accounts, duly atteſted, before the 21ſt of this inſtant September, when a dividend is propoſed to be made by the aſſignees.

PHILIP FRANCIS,
HENRY KEPPELE, JUNIOR,
JOSEPH DEAN,
THOMAS ASHETON,
EDWARD BATCHELOR.

THE CREDITORS of JOSEPH ABRAHAMS, late of this city, Merchant, are deſired to bring in their accounts, duly atteſted, before the 22d of this inſtant September, when a dividend is propoſed to be made by the aſſignees.

PHILIP FRANCIS,
DANIEL WILLIAMS,
JOSEPH DEAN,
THOMAS ASHETON,
BENJAMIN GIBBS.

Cheſter, Auguſt 31, 1772.

BY Virtue of a Writ to me directed, on the 21ſt Day of September next, at 1 o' Clock in the Afternoon, will be expoſed to public Sale, A certain Meſſuage or Tenement, Plantation and Tract of Land, ſituate in Fallowfield Townſhip, containing 129¾ Acres of Land, be the ſame more or leſs; bounded by Lands of Samuel Bailey, Andrew Scott, Andrew Oliſant, and Robert M'Min; late the Eſtate of Robert Wilſon; ſeized and taken in execution, and to be ſold, by JESSE MARIS, Sheriff.

BY Virtue of a Writ to me directed, on the 22d Day of September next, at 10 o' Clock in the Forenoon, will be expoſed to Sale by public Vendue, A certain Meſſuage or Tenement, Plantation and Tract of Land thereunto belonging, ſituate in Sadſbury Townſhip, Cheſter County, containing 177 Acres, be the ſame more or leſs; bounded by Lands of Samuel Miller, David Moore, and William Puſey; late the Eſtate of John Cooper; ſeized and taken in Execution, and to be ſold, by JESSE MARIS, Sheriff.

BY Virtue of a Writ to me directed, on the 22d Day of September next, will be expoſed to public Sale, on the Premiſes, at 2 o' Clock in the afternoon, A certain Meſſuage, Tenement, Plantation and Tract of Land thereunto belonging, ſituate, lying and being in Sadſbury Townſhip, Cheſter County, containing 275 Acres, and the Allowance for Roads, be the ſame more or leſs; bounded by Lands of William Ferguſon, Robert Patton, Joſeph Walker, William Dickey, and Doe-run. The Dwelling-houſe is Part built with Stone, and Part with ſquared Logs, with a large Cellar under it, and is a licenſed Tavern, with a Barn, Stables and Sheds, a good Spring, with a Stone-houſe over it, a Tan-yard, with a Tan-houſe, Bark-houſe, &c. erected thereon, a large Meadow, two bearing Orchards, &c. Late the Eſtate of Alexander Sumrall; ſeized and taken in Execution, and to be ſold, by

JESSE MARIS, Sheriff.

BY Virtue of a Writ to me directed, on the 23d Day of September next, at 1 o' Clock in the Afternoon, will be expoſed to public Sale, a certain Meſſuage or Tenement, Plantation, and Tract or Parcel of Land thereunto belonging, ſituate in Eaſt-Caln Townſhip, containing 84 Acres of Land, be the ſame more or leſs; bounded by Lands of Thomas Green, James Eldridge, and John Culbertſon, jun. late the Eſtate of John Culbertſon, Eſq; deceaſed; ſeized and taken in Execution, and to be ſold, by

JESSE MARIS, Sheriff.

BY Virtue of a Writ to me directed, on the 24th Day of September, at One o'Clock in the Afternoon, will be expoſed to Sale by public Vendue, a certain Meſſuage or Tenement, Plantation, and Tract or Parcel of Land thereunto belonging, ſituate in Eaſt-Nantmill Townſhip, containing 274 Acres, be the ſame more or leſs; the above Plantation is capable of great Improvement; late the Eſtate of John Starrett, deceaſed; ſeized and taken in Execution, and to be ſold by JESSE MARIS, Sheriff.

BY Virtue of a Writ to me directed, on the 25th Day of September, at One o'Clock in the Afternoon, will be expoſed to public Sale, a certain Meſſuage or Tenement, Plantation, and Tract or Parcel of Land thereunto belonging, ſituate in Radnor Townſhip, containing 174 Acres, be the ſame more or leſs, bounded by Lands of Jaſhur Roberts, John Lewis, and others; late the Eſtate of Eliſha Thomas; ſeized and taken in Execution, and to be ſold by JESSE MARIS, Sheriff.

BY Virtue of a Writ to me directed, on the 26th Day of September, at Three o'Clock in the Afternoon, will be expoſed to public Sale, a certain Brick Meſſuage or Tenement, and Kitchen, with a Lot of Ground thereunto belonging, ſituate in Lower Chicheſter, alias Marcus-Hook, containing 40 Feet in Front, and 200 Feet in Depth, bounded by the River Delaware, Diſcord Lane, and Lands of Mary and Thomas Clayton; late the Eſtate of Robert Moulder; ſeized and taken in Execution, and to be ſold by

JESSE MARIS, Sheriff.

To be SOLD, in Orange county, Virginia,

A TRACT, containing 840 acres, of well wooded and watered LAND, ſuitable for tobacco, or any kind of grain, ſituated on the branches of Swift Run, and very near the great road that leads from Auguſta Court-houſe, to the towns of Frederickſburg and Falmouth, at the Falls of Rappahannock river, and where a ready market ever may be found for all kinds of country produce; the ſaid land is diſtant from theſe towns only 60 miles, and both it and the neighbourhood of it, affords a range for every ſort of ſtock, hardly to be exhauſted, as the cattle that uſe thereon are well known to be as good for beef, or butter, as any in the colony. Any perſon inclinable to purchaſe the ſaid land, may apply to Captain WILLIAM BELL, who lives adjoining, and with whom they may contract for the ſum of £ 165, ready money; or, the ſum of £ 173: 5: 0, on 12 months credit. The purchaſer may have immediate poſſeſſion, and an indiſputable title, conveyed by JOHN ROWZEE, and ROBERT BROOKE, Executors of William Brooke. 4 *w.*

To be SOLD, by PUBLIC VENDUE, on the Premiſes, the Fifth of October next, at One o' Clock in the Afternoon,

THAT valuable FARM, whereon Thomas Barnſley, Eſq; deceaſed, did live (ſold purſuant to the directions of his laſt will and teſtament) ſituate in the townſhip of Benſalem, and county of Bucks, at the head of the tide water, on Neſhaminy creek, 18 miles from Philadelphia, and about ½ of a mile from Rodman's landing, on ſaid creek, where flour, wood, &c. are tranſported to Philadelphia, containing about 560 acres of excellent land, about one half cleared, and in good fence, near 60 acres of which are extraordinary good meadow, lately drained, and more may be made; the other half is fine timbered land; there is erected on ſaid farm, a new genteel houſe, of brick and ſtone, 56½ feet by 44, with a 13 feet entry through the whole, a black walnut ſtair-caſe, 4 rooms on the lower floor, 6 rooms on the ſecond floor, and 3 garrets, all well finiſhed off, and painted laſt ſummer, extraordinary cellars under the houſe, alſo two large kitchens, and ſtore-houſe, with a cellar under the ſtore-houſe, piazzas in the front of ſaid kitchens, chambers over the ſame for ſervants, and a well of good water at the kitchen door, a carpenter's ſhop, a brick ſmoke-houſe, 16½ feet ſquare, ſpring-houſe, with a flax and wool-houſe over it, two barns, one 66 feet by 33, a threſhing floor in the middle, and bays on each ſide, and good floors in them, and a granary over the threſhing floor; the other a ſmall barn, a threſhing floor and cow-houſes on each ſide, good ſtables ſufficient to hold 30 horſes, and lofts over them for hay, well floored, a commodious ſhed, coach-houſe and poultry-houſe, 4 compleat barracks, ſtanding on ſills, with cedar tops, made laſt ſummer, two orchards, one an old one of natural fruit, the other a young one, of 300 bearing trees, of the beſt grafted fruit; alſo is erected in one corner of the farm, a good ſquare log-houſe, ſuitable for a tradeſman. Attendance will be given by WILLIAM RODMAN, and GILBERT HICKS, Executors.

Kent County, Maryland, July 8, 1772.

THREE POUNDS Reward.

RUN away on the 20th of laſt month, from the ſubſcriber, an indented ſervant man, named WILLIAM VICKERS, born in Talbot county, Maryland, about 40 years of age, 5 feet 9 or 10 inches high, thin viſage, has loſt one of his eyes; he is very apt to get drunk, whenever he can get ſtrong liquor; he has been ſome years a Soldier, in the Royal Americans: Had on, when he went away, a coarſe brown jacket, with ſleeves, ozenbrigs ſhirt and trowſers, a felt hat, about half worn, but as he had ſome money with him, it is thought he has changed his clothes, and his name. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid ſervant, ſo that the ſubſcriber may get him again, ſhall have the above reward, and if brought home, reaſonable charges, paid by ISAAC PERKINS. §6 W.

Talbot County, Maryland, Auguſt 1, 1772.

TWELVE POUNDS Reward.

STOLEN from the ſubſcriber, on Monday night laſt, a likely BAY HORSE, about 14 hands high, with a ſtar in his forehead, and a little white on one or both his hind feet, a ſwitch tail, a buſhy mane and foretop, they having been lately ſcraped, has been uſed in a carriage, paces a good travel under the ſaddle, and from that will go into a gallop, and trots out of hand, he is thin on the withers, and remarkably ſharp backed, though in good order. Whoever ſecures the horſe, ſo that I get him again, ſhall be paid, if taken in this county, Fifteen Shillings; Thirty Shillings, if in the neighbouring counties; and Three Pounds, if out of the province; and Nine Pounds for apprehending the thief, to be paid on his being convicted of this offence. JAMES LLOYD CHAMBERLAINE. ‖7/6.

PURSUANT to the laſt will and teſtament of JARVIS JAMES, deceaſed, will be ſold, at public VENDUE, on Saturday, the 31ſt day of October enſuing, on the premiſes, a large two ſtory frame DWELLING-HOUSE, with a LOT thereunto belonging, together with every neceſſary convenience, ſituate in Cheſter-town, Maryland; it is a remarkable fine ſituation for the proſecution of any public buſineſs, being on the main ſtreet leading to the river, and a little above the market place in ſaid town. At the ſame time will be ſold, a very fine GRASS LOT, adjoining the ſaid town. Twelve months credit will be given, with intereſt, on giving bond and ſecurity, if required; an indiſputable title will be given the purchaſer, by SARAH JAMES, Executrix. ‖ 14s.

To be SOLD to the higheſt bidder, in Leeſburg, on the 4th Monday in November next, being Loudoun county Court day,

THE LOT and HOUSE wherein I now live, ſituate in the moſt public part of the ſaid town, of Leeſburg, a corner lot, and the public roads from Frederick county to Alexandria, and from Pennſylvania to Carolina leading thereby; it is conveniently improved, with a brick houſe two ſtories high, and all other houſes and cellars, ſuitable for keeping a good tavern, as fine a well of water, with a good pump, as any on the continent; alſo eight acres of extraordinary good meadow, adjoining the ſaid town, with the conveniency of being well watered by a very conſtant ſtream running through it. Twelve months credit will be allowed the purchaſer, on giving bond, and approved ſecurity, to

Auguſt 8, 1772. CRAVEN PEYTON. ‖ 7/6.

PATAPSCO FURNACE, *near* ELK-RIDGE LANDING, *in* ANNE-ARUNDEL COUNTY.

To be SOLD at PUBLIC VENDUE, on the ſecond Day of November next, containing about Four Thouſand Four Hundred ACRES of LAND, in ſeveral TRACTS, *viz.* ONE of 1700 acres, one of 1500, and another on the river ſide, with a valuable fiſhery for a ſeine, containing 466 acres, beſides ſeveral ſmall tracts, all on or near the river Patapſco. The three large tracts mentioned are ſituated only about ſix or eight miles from Baltimore-town, where is a ready money market, twice a week, for all ſorts of proviſion.

There are on the premiſes one large PLANTATION, containing about 500 acres, another of 200, with convenient houſes, and cleared ground ſufficient to make a third Plantation of 400 acres, ſome grubbing and fencing only wanted; a large quantity of meadow-land; a Furnace built about the year 1760, with a ſtone and brick bridge, and caſting-houſe; a new griſt mill, fit for country work, ſtanding on a fine ſtream of water, and alſo a mill ſeat or ſituation on navigable water, where has been a mill formerly; its ſituation is perhaps as pleaſant and advantageous, for erecting a large merchant mill on, as any in the province, and lies convenient to all the back country of Elk-ridge, and Frederick county, for the purchaſe of wheat, the water carriage to Baltimore-town being not more than 10 or 12 miles.

There will likewiſe be expoſed to ſale, provided the Lands and Plantations are diſpoſed of, a number of valuable Servants and Negroes, ſeveral of which laſt have been employed in a Furnace, *viz.* one young fellow, a good workman as keeper, others as fillers and aſſiſtants to the founder and keeper below, and ſome uſed to raiſing ore, and cutting wood. As alſo horſes, cattle, ſheep, hogs, *&c.* with plantation utenſils of all kinds, as well as a crop of corn and wheat on the ground.

The whole will be ſold together or in parcels, as may beſt ſuit the purchaſers. Conditions of the purchaſe to be agreed on the day of ſale. For further particulars, enquire of the ſubſcriber, at Baltimore-town, or of JAMES WALKER, near Elk-ridge Landing, who will ſhew the lands and improvements, to any deſirous of ſeeing them. HARRISON, and COMPANY.

N. B. There is in the neighbourhood, adjacent to the land, a very fine and valuable range for ſtock. ‖ 9 *W.*

PHILADELPHIA: Printed by DAVID HALL, and WILLIAM SELLERS, at the NEW PRINTING-OFFICE, near the *Market.*

September 23, 1772. NUMB. 2283.

The PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

Containing the Freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtic.

Meſſieurs HALL and SELLERS,

The following Extract from the Halifax Gazette, of Auguſt 4, contains ſuch good Advice to Electors generally, that I think you cannot, at this Time, employ a Column of your Paper to a better Purpoſe than by publiſhing it.

MY DEAR COUNTRYMEN,

THE Sentiments contained in the following Addreſs are well adapted to every free Clime, and to no one better than our own. We are bleſſed by Nature with as much good Senſe and public Spirit, as any People under the Sun; but we too frequently want Reſolution to put them in Practice. In Fact, we do not think ſufficiently for ourſelves, but, like Simpletons, leave that Drudgery to artful deſigning Stateſmen, who, by Dint of private Pique, and Party Prejudice, too often decoy us, contrary to our own Sentiments, and not ſeldom in Oppoſition to the public Good. To our Want of Thought, and Want of Reſolution, we are principally indebted for that Monſter of Oppreſſion, the Exciſe Law; a Law, that will for ever diſgrace the virtuous Annals of this Province, and, if not timely repealed, will enſlave ourſelves, and our Poſterity, beyond the Poſſibility of Redemption. Let us then, my Countrymen, begin to think for ourſelves, before the Meaſure of our Sufferings be quite full: Let us conſider with Attention the following Paper; and, if we approve the Author's Advice (which I truſt every good Man will, who reads or hears it) let us reduce it reſolutely to Practice: In ſhort, let us make it a Scale of Merit in our future Choice of Aſſembly-men; and then neither ourſelves nor our Poſterity will have Cauſe to complain of impolitic or tyrannic Impoſitions.

A. P.

N. B. The Author, in his Caution againſt chuſing of Lawyers, moſt certainly means thoſe, who are immediately engaged in the Practice of Law; for the Knowledge of Law can warp no Man's Integrity, although the common Practice of it may.

To the FREEHOLDERS *of the County of* HALIFAX.

GENTLEMEN,

THE Governor having iſſued his Writ for electing a Member for the County of Halifax, which Election is to come on the 10th Inſtant, I beg Leave to offer a few very neceſſary Hints on the ſolemn Occaſion, which I hope every judicious Freeholder will read with ſtrict Attention, as the Protection of his Liberties, and Security of his Property, in a great Degree thereon depend.

" In the firſt Place, I recommend to you not to chooſe a weak Man, who does not underſtand the Conſtitution or the Intereſt of the Province, and may therefore betray them.

" Do not chooſe a baſhful and timid Man, who will be borne down by the Violence of an ignorant or deſigning Party.

" Do not chooſe an awkward Speaker, who will not dare to open his Mouth in the Defence of his Conſtituents, or the Province.

" Do not chooſe a Man of ſmall Fortune, and great Expence, be aſſured he will ſell you if he can.

" Do not chooſe a Man of bad private Morals, his breaking through the ſacred Rules of Rectitude by one habitual Crime, ſhews him to be deficient in Principle.

" Do not chooſe a canting, mouthing, cowardly Hypocrite, nor believe the fair and ſpecious Promiſes he may make, which are meant only to deceive and beguile you, and, when in his Power, will aſſuredly make the moſt of you, laugh at and deſpiſe you.

" Do not chooſe a Beggar, or one overwhelmed with Debts. Conſider the Abſurdity of intruſting ſuch a one with the Diſpoſal of your Liberties and Property, whoſe very Neceſſities will cauſe him to receive a Place or Bribe: Beware alſo of the Sycophant Tribe, ſhould any of that Claſs dare to offer themſelves; conſider how truly deteſtable thoſe Wretches are, and how unworthy of even the leaſt of your Suffrages.

" Do not chooſe a Plateman; believe me, he dare not (ſhould he be currently honeſt) ſpeak boldly his Sentiments, nor oppoſe the Meaſures of Government, ſhould they be contrary to the public Good.---'Tis hard for a Man to riſque the Loſs of the Bread he eats.

" Do not chooſe a ſelfiſh nor avaricious Man, nor a Tale-bearer to the Great, nor a Tyrant, nor a Leveller, either will infallibly turn out but an unfaithful Servant.

" Above all, do not chooſe a Lawyer: Many Acts of Parliament have been made againſt their ſitting in Parliament, particularly in the Reign of that great and good King Edward III. by the Parliament, called The Bleſſed Parliament; and it doth not appear that theſe Acts have ever been repealed. Amongſt the many Reaſons aſſigned for this was, that they were generally pricking Fellows, and Maintainers of falſe Suits, and accuſtomed to let out their Tongues and Talents for Hire, to call Good Evil, and Evil Good, to defend Guilt, and declaim againſt Innocence, juſt according as they are paid by their Employers. A Man that hath no other Standard of Right and Wrong than the Largeneſs of the Fee he receives from his Client, is certainly a very improper Perſon to be intruſted with the Safety of a State, or the Honour of a Province. No, my Friends and Fellow-Britons, I intreat you to avoid all thoſe as the moſt pernicious of Evils; and to chooſe a Man of Senſe, that is generous, open, and manly in his Sentiments, who bears an honeſt and good moral Character, who is diſcreet, independent and firm, and moſt approved in Point of Probity, and a Lover of the public Good. Such a One will dare to ſtand up to protect you in your valuable Privileges, and will do his utmoſt to prevent your Property from being torn from you unjuſtly, and will, to the utmoſt of his Ability, defend and promote the true Intereſt of the Province, its Agriculture and Trade.

" That ſuch a Man be your Choice is the ſincere Wiſh of

Auguſt 3, 1772. A FREEHOLDER."

To be SOLD, at the London Coffee-Houſe,

On Saturday, the 26th Inſtant, at 7 o' Clock in the Evening,

A CERTAIN two ſtory brick TENEMENT and LOT of GROUND, ſituate in Vicacoa, Philadelphia county, containing in breadth, on the weſt ſide of Front-ſtreet, 37½ feet, and in length, 140 feet, bounded eaſtward by Front-ſtreet, northward by ground of Caleb Aſh, weſtward and ſouthward by ground of Ralph Collins, and others; ſubject to a groundrent of Two Pounds Sixteen Shillings and Three-pence per annum; now in the tenure of ---- Linvill, Cordwainer; a good and indiſputable title will be given, by the ſubſcriber, PETER BOURGE. ‖1w.

ALL Perſons indebted to ROBERT STRETTELL JONES, are requeſted to diſcharge their Accounts. He hath on Hand a conſiderable Quantity of European and East-India GOODS, particularly *the latter*, which will be diſpoſed of, *for Caſh*, lower than any imported in the Spring can be rendered.

To the FREEHOLDERS, and other ELECTORS, of the County of BUCKS.

GENTLEMEN,

I AM greatly obliged to you for the Marks of your Confidence, in chuſing me one of your Repreſentatives in Aſſembly ſeveral Years paſt, nevertheleſs I beg Leave to remind you of my laſt Year's Requeſt, and I now expect, and again deſire, that you will, at the enſuing Election, chuſe ſome other Perſon, in Stead of

Your ſincere Friend, PETER SHEPHERD. ‖

To the FREEHOLDERS, and others, ELECTORS for the County and Borough of Cheſter.

ESTEEMED FRIENDS,

I STAND a Candidate for the Sheriff's Office, for which Purpoſe I requeſt the Favour of your Votes and Intereſt at the enſuing Election; which Favour ſhall be gratefully accepted, and thankfully remembered by Your ſincere Friend,

† JONATHAN COATES.

Charleſtown Townſhip, Sept. 18, 1772.

To be SOLD by public VENDUE, at the late Country-ſeat of THOMAS GRÆME, Eſq; deceaſed, commonly known by the name of Græme-Park, in Horſham townſhip, Philadelphia county, on the 12th day of October next, to begin preciſely at 12 o' clock at noon, and to continue from day to day till the whole is ſold,

A VALUABLE ſtock of Milch COWS, two yoke of working oxen, fatting cattle, young cattle, ſheep and ſwine, working horſes, breeding mares with foal, young colts, and a great variety of huſbandry implements; ſuch as waggons, broad and narrow wheeled carts, a drill plough, common ploughs, harrows, carpenter's tools, &c. &c. Six months credit will be given for all ſums above Thirty Shillings, on giving good ſecurity, and ready money is to be paid for all ſums under Thirty Shillings. Attendance will be given, on the premiſes, by ELIZABETH GRÆME, Executrix; DANIEL ROBERDEAU, CHARLES STEDMAN, and JAMES YOUNG, Executors.

All perſons who have any demands againſt the eſtate of the late Doctor GRÆME, deceaſed, are deſired to bring in their accounts to the above Executors; and thoſe indebted to ſaid eſtate, are requeſted to pay without further trouble.

Juſt imported, in the ſhip Richard Penn, Captain All, from London, and to be ſold by

WHITE and PATTON,

At their ſtore, in Water-ſtreet, the 2d door below Arch-ſtreet,

A LARGE and neat Aſſortment of European and East-India GOODS, ſuitable to the enſuing ſeaſon; which they will diſpoſe of, on the moſt reaſonable terms, for caſh, or ſhort credit.

Juſt imported, in the ſhip Richard Penn, from London, and to be ſold by

JOHN GIBSON,

At his ſtore, in Market-ſtreet, between Third and Fourth-ſtreets, very cheap for caſh, or the uſual credit,

A LARGE and general Aſſortment of GOODS, ſuitable for the approaching ſeaſon. The beſt kinds of RAPPEE SNUFF. *Philadelphia, Sept.* 17, 1772. 6 w.

Juſt imported, from London, in the ſhip Richard Penn, Capain Iſaac All,

OWEN BIDDLE,

A NEAT Aſſortment of MERCHANDIZE; which he has for ſale, on the very loweſt terms, at his ſtore, in Market-ſtreet, near Fourth-ſtreet.

N. B. He expects a more general aſſortment by the other European veſſels; ſuch perſons who pleaſe to favour him with their cuſtom, may depend on the beſt uſage, and moſt grateful acknowledgments. *Ninth Month* 18, 1772.

JOSEPH SAUNDERS,

In Cheſtnut-ſtreet, between Front and Second-ſtreets,

HATH for SALE, a ſmall quantity of indigo, aliom, in caſks of about 500 weight, or by leſs quantity, madder and ground redwood, logwood and brazilletto wood, old coffee, black pepper, nutmegs, alſpice, cinnamon and ground ginger, by the barrel, keg, or leſs quantity; Weſt-India rum, and melaſſes; wool cards, ſhot and bar lead, and ſundry ſorts of European and India GOODS; which he will diſpoſe of cheap, for caſh, or ſhort credit. N. B. He has ſeveral lots of ground, ſituate on the weſt ſide of Sixth-ſtreet, between Mulberry (commonly called Arch-ſtreet) and Saſſafras, commonly called Race-ſtreet, to lett on ground-rent for ever. 4w.

ALEXANDER HUSTON

Has for ſale, at his ſtore, in Second-ſtreet, oppoſite the Baptiſt Meeting-houſe, ſundry MERCHANDIZE, ſuch as,

SCARLET and red cloth ſerges; crimſon, blue, green, and yellow furniture harrateens, with ſuitable trimmings for the ſame; rich hair grazers, half ell wide mantuas, black and cloth China taffeties, and damaſks; black, blue, red, green, and cloth perſians; ſtriped and plain, white and crimſon ſattins; ſuperfine India chints, and Engliſh chints, cottons, China blue, copperplate furniture calicoes, white baiſe, green oil cloth, &c. &c.

TOWNSEND SPEAKMAN,

Chemiſt and Druggiſt, on the north ſide of Market-ſtreet, between Second and Third-ſtreets, has juſt imported in the Pennſylvania Packet, Captain Oſborne, from London,

A LARGE aſſortment of drugs, patent medicines, and ſurgeons inſtruments of the very beſt quality, particularly very fine Jeſuit's bark, borax, camphire, ſalt-petre, Anderſon's pills, Godfrey's cordial, eſſence of peppermint, Greenough's two tinctures for cleaning the teeth and tooth-ach, Jeſuit's drops, anodyne necklace, Keyſer's pills, with a great variety of other articles.---- Practitioners, or others, who may be pleaſed to favour him with their cuſtom, may depend on having medicines, &c. of the beſt quality, and on the moſt reaſonable terms.---Family receipts, and phyſical preſcriptions, faithfully prepared.

FOR LONDON,

THE SHIP

RICHARD PENN,

ISAAC ALL, MASTER,

WILL ſail in TWO WEEKS. For Freight, or Paſſage, apply to the Captain on board, or at the LONDON COFFEE-HOUSE.

Philadelphia, September 19, 1772.

JOSEPH SWIFT,

At his ſtore, in Front-ſtreet, between Market and Cheſtnut-ſtreets, has imported, in the ſhip Richard Penn, Captain All, from London,

A NEAT Aſſortment of GOODS, ſuitable for the approaching ſeaſon; which he is now opening, and will ſell low, for caſh, or ſix months credit; and will be obliged to his friends, for the favour of their cuſtom. *Sept.* 19, 1772. 8w.

DANIEL WILLIAMS, and SONS,

Have juſt imported, in the ſhip Richard Penn, Iſaac All, maſter, from London,

A NEAT Aſſortment of DRY GOODS, ſuitable to the ſeaſon; which they have for ſale, at the moſt reaſonable rates, at their ſtore, in Front-ſtreet, between Cheſtnut-ſtreet and the London Coffee-houſe. *Sept.* 18, 1772. *Thrif.*

AN EVENING SCHOOL

WILL be opened on Monday, the 5th of October next, at the Subſcriber's new School Houſe, in Fifth-ſtreet, a few Doors above Market-ſtreet, where will be taught Writing and Arithmetic, by LAZARUS PINE.

N. B. Said PINE continues his Day School, where is taught the Engliſh Language grammatically, Writing and Arithmetic. ¶

Philadelphia, September 23, 1772.

THIS DAY will be publiſhed, and given away GRATIS,

A CATALOGUE of a Collection of NEW and OLD BOOKS, in all Arts and Sciences, in the various Languages; alſo a large Quantity of entertaining Novels; with the loweſt Prices printed to each Book; now ſelling, at the Book-ſtore of WILLIAM WOODHOUSE, Bookſeller, Stationer and Bookbinder, in Front-ſtreet, near Cheſtnut-ſtreet.

N. B. In this Collection are many uncommon Books, ſeldom to be found---Therefore the Curious in Books---The Directors of Libraries---And all others that delight in the Food of the Mind---are requeſted to call for the Catalogue at ſaid *Woodhouſe's*, as above. ¶

To be SOLD,

A LIKELY young NEGROE Woman, uſed to all ſorts of houſe work, will ſuit town or country; enquire of WILLIAM BALL, living in Market-ſtreet, three doors below Meſſieurs Hall and Sellers's Printing-Office.

Said *William Ball* carries on the Silverſmith and Jeweller's trades, as uſual, and has for ſale, a new eight day clock, with a neat mahogany caſe, ſilver and ſtone buckles of all ſorts, diamond and common rings, ear-rings, hair pins, plain and ſet ſleeve buttons, in gold and ſilver, ſilver ſalts, pepper and muſtard caſtors, cream pots, tea and coffee pots, ſugar diſhes, a neat dreſs ſword, wine cocks, a neat bottle crane, with a cock, ſpoons and tea tongs, childrens whiſtles and bells, lockets and coral beads, plated ſpurs, ſilver watches, ſeals and chains, ſilver and Pinchbeck, ſteel top thimbles, chaſed tweeſer caſes, &c. Likewiſe regulated money ſcales and weights, in wainſcot, mahogany, and ſhagreen caſes, caſt clock faces, heads and dolphins, clock bells, large and ſmall 5 crucibles, watch main ſprings, glaſſes, pendants, verges, dial-plates, inſide chains, keys, clock and watch hands, magnifying glaſſes, ſmall ſcrew plates, borax, blow-pipes, white and red foil, buckle and button ſtones, garnet ditto, miniature glaſſes, corals for childrens whiſtles, Jewellers bruſhes, paper ſnuff-boxes, ſhoe and knee chapes and tongs, &c. &c.---Alſo a parcel of coarſe and fine blankets, and the remains of a dry goods ſtore. All the above articles will be ſold as cheap as can poſſibly be afforded, and the ſilver warranted to be good.

STRAYED or STOLEN, but ſuppoſed to be ſtolen from the ſubſcriber, living in Duck-creek Hundred, in Kent county, on Delaware, Auguſt 26, 1772, a black HORSE, about 9 or 10 years old, natural trotter, ſhod before, but the ſhoes almoſt worn, no ear-mark nor brand, but hath a remarkable white ring about each of his ears, alſo if cloſely examined a little white ring on his near ſide, and a little white on his off hind foot, with a black ſpot in it, about 15 hands high. Whoever takes up ſaid horſe and thief, ſo that the thief be brought to juſtice, and the horſe to the owner, ſhall ſhave FORTY DOLLARS reward, and for the horſe only, TWENTY DOLLARS, and charges, paid by me JAMES DICKINSON. ‡8W.

Lancaſter, September 12, 1772.

THE ſubſcribers, auditors appointed by the Court of Common Pleas, for the county of Lancaſter, to audit and ſettle the accounts of the creditors of PETER FUNK, late of Donnegall townſhip, in the ſaid county, do hereby give public notice, to all the creditors of the ſaid Peter Funk, to give their attendance, at the houſe of James Daviſon, at the ſign of the Buck, in the Borough of Lancaſter, on the 12th day of October next, in the forenoon, with their accounts, properly atteſted, in order that diſtribution of the ſaid Funk's eſtate may be made according to law. MICHAEL HUBLEY, WILLIAM BAUSMAN, EBERHART MICHAEL. ¶

STRAYED away from the ſubſcriber, living in Saliſbury townſhip, Lancaſter county, about the 14th of Auguſt laſt, a dark roan MARE, about 14 hands high, paces and trots, is about 9 years old, marked T, and ſome other letter by the ſide of it, but forgot exactly what it is, both on the near ſhoulder, had a ſmall lump on her near ſide, raiſed with the gears, is remarkably low in the neck. Whoever takes up and ſecures the ſaid mare, ſo that the owner may have her again, ſhall have FOUR DOLLARS reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by me JOHN REA.

If any perſon ſhould take her up, and it ſhould not anſwer them to bring her to me, if they will be ſo kind as to put it in the public news, ſo that I may go for her myſelf, they ſhall be handſomely rewarded by me *John Rea.* ¶

FORTY SHILLINGS Reward.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, living in Baltimore county, on the 14th day of Auguſt, 1772, a ſervant man, named THOMAS CROSS, 25 years of age, 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high, well ſet, down look, thick lips, hollow eyed, ſhort black hair, and ſpeaks hoarſe; had on a tow linen ſhirt and trowſers, and a half-worn caſtor hat. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervant, and ſecures him, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall have Thirty Shillings, if 20 miles from home, and the above reward, and reaſonable charges, if out of the county, and brought home, paid by JOSIAH HITCHCOCK, near the Upper Croſs-roads. ¶

Juſt publiſhed, and ſold by HALL and SELLERS,

The POCKET ALMANACK, for the YEAR 1773.

[*For more new* ADVERTISEMENTS, *ſee the Fourth Page.*]

By the Captains ALL, OSBORNE, *and* GILL, *in the Ships* RICHARD PENN, PENNSYLVANIA PACKET, *and* CHARMING MOLLY, *from London, we have the following Advices.*

COPENHAGEN, *June* 23.

THE Counſellor of Juſtice, Struenſee, ſet out on his departure from hence this day for Lubec. The King has reſtored to him his effects, which are valued at 6000 rixdollars, including the preſents he had received before his impriſonment, from his Majeſty, and the late Count Struenſee, his brother.

Colonel Falkenſhiold ſent a requeſt of ſome kind to his Majeſty before his baniſhment to Munkholm, but it was not complied with.

Warſaw, June 13. The King is deprived of the greateſt part of his revenues ſince the foreign troops took poſſeſſion of Poliſh Pruſſia, and of the Saltworks of Samber, Vieliczka and Boſnia.

June 17. The Armiſtice was ſigned the 30th of laſt month, between M. Simolin, Counſellor of State, in the name of Field-Marſhal Count de Romanzow, and Hoza-Seid-Abdulkerim-Effendi-Muka-Beledzy, Firſt Notary to the Divan on the Part of the Grand Viſir.

Cadiz, June 2. The differences, between the republic of the United Provinces and the Emperor of Morocco, are amicably terminated.

Turin, June 10. The King is relapſed, ſo that we almoſt deſpair of his getting the better of his diſorder, which has thrown the whole city into great conſternation.

Warſaw, June 17. *We have advice from Sileſia, that the famous Pulawſki hath been taken at Lubiniec, by Major Reitzenſtein, and conducted in a carriage to Potzdam.*

Ratiſbon, June 20. *The Auſtrian troops meet with no oppoſition in Poland, where General Haddick will ſoon have an army of* 50,000 *men under his command.*

We hear from Vienna, that ſeveral Engineers have received orders to go to Poland, in order to take a plan, and draw charts of the provinces, which are to remain under the dominion of their Imperial and Royal Majeſties.

Cracow, June 14. The fortreſs of Bobreck ſurrendered yeſterday, without firing a gun, to Lieut. Col. Jelagin, who had been diſpatched to ſummon it. The garriſon conſiſted of four officers, and 120 men, and they had ſix pieces of cannon in the caſtle. Tyniec ſtill holds out, but we expect every minute to hear of its ſurrendering.

Madrid, June 15. *The advices received here, from different provinces of the kingdom, bring melancholy accounts touching the great number of locuſts which cover the fields, &c. and devour all the fruits of the earth. They make the greateſt ravages in Old Caſtile, where upwards of* 3000 *men are employed in deſtroying them; but it is feared that they will not fully ſucceed in removing this dreadful calamity, which will occaſion a great ſcarcity and dearneſs of proviſion this year.*

Copenhagen, June 30. Lieut. Gen. de Gahler ſet out this day for Jutland, and is to fix his reſidence at Welle, a ſmall town, three leagues from Frediricia.

Warſaw, June 24. General Haddick hath publiſhed a Declaration in the Poliſh language, dated the 10th inſtant, which ſignifies, that the Emperor takes under his protection all the country occupied by his troops: That the Inhabitants ſhall be treated as his own ſubjects, and that no perſons ſhall be moleſted in their houſes.

The Auſtrians, under General Eſterhazy, are already advanced into Red Ruſſia, as far as Lemberg, where they have placed 2000 men. They have ſent to Lublin an order for the troops there to quit the place, as they purpoſe to arrive there in a few days.

Some Magnato of this Kingdom, and among them the General of Podolia, the Caſtellan of Elbing, the Waiwode of Braclaw, &c. had formed an intention to retire from this city; but it was intimated to them, that in the preſent juncture their reſidence here was become neceſſary. We learn ſince, that a new Confederacy is forming, to which thoſe Noblemen are to be invited; and that Szidlowſki, Caſtellan of Maſure, is to be Marſhal.

New troubles are ariſen in Lithuania, which are become almoſt general. There is no comprehending the inconſiſtency of the Lithuanians, who want to make themſelves formidable, while they are but two fingers breadth from deſtruction.

Berlin, July 4. The Queen Dowager of Sweden, with her Court, the Princes Henry and Ferdinand, together with the Prince and Princeſs Frederick of Brunſwick, went yeſterday to the new Palace of Sans Souci, where they were magnificently received by his Pruſſian Majeſty. It is imagined their ſtay will be about a fortnight, and that ſoon after her Swediſh Majeſty will return to Stockholm.

Grodno, in Poland, June 10. *Thirteen Hundred Baſkires are arrived here from Minſk. Theſe new Gueſts, who make a frightful Appearance, will accompliſh the Ruin of this unhappy Country. Moſt of them are armed with a Sabre and Muſquet, and the reſt with Quivers and Arrows. A great Number of theſe Barbarians are near Slonim, and others about Wilna. Our Fields, our Corn, and Grain of all Sorts, are a Prey to their Horſes, and unleſs we receive Aid ſoon, we ſhall be entirely eat up.--Another Account ſays, "The Baſkires which are arrived here [at Grodno] are a hideous and frightful People: They ſpeak the Tartarian Language: They will not eat Pork, but nothing elſe comes amiſs to them; among the reſt, Horſe-fleſh and Cats are eaten by them. They have a great Diſlike to the Jews, ſome of whom they were going to murder, and it was with much Difficulty that a Jewiſh Child was ſaved, whom they had taken from its Parents. They have neither Law nor Diſcipline among them, but commit every Exceſs imaginable. They lodge* 16 *or* 18 *together in a Houſe, and exact whatever they think proper from the Inhabitants. Their Commandant is often treated ill by them, particularly when he attempts to reſtrain them in their unreaſonable Demands.*

Edinburgh, June 30. *We hear that an order has been ſent to the Carron-works, from Ruſſia, for* 30,000 *tons of iron cannon, moſtly* 32 *pounders. This is one of the largeſt orders ever ſent to Scotland; the value will amount to near half a million ſterling.*

LONDON.

July 3. On Wedneſday diſpatches, it is ſaid, of the greateſt importance, were received at the Secretary of State's office, and which contain the ultimatum of three great northern powers.

Lord North has the ſtate of public credit at preſent under conſideration, and it is expected that ſome ſalutary laws, with reſpect to commercial failures particularly, will be paſſed in the next ſeſſion of Parliament.

Advices from the Continent ſay, that the Ruſſian forces now in different parts of the kingdom of Poland, amount in the whole to 31 regiments of infantry, 40 of cavalry, 5 of huſſars, and 9000 coſſacks, each regiment of foot being compoſed of 2000 men, and horſe 800; the total of theſe troops make upwards of 80,000.

All the late accounts from Poland are full of the miſeries ſuffered by the inhabitants of that unhappy kingdom, it containing no leſs than eight different armies, compoſed of foreigners. Theſe letters add, that many of the moſt opulent and principal families are at preſent obliged to ſend their jewels and moſt valuable portable effects to Hamburgh and Holland, either to ſell or pawn, in order to raiſe money, their eſtates being entirely deſolated by the ravages and depredations of their own countrymen, or under contribution to the Ruſſian, Pruſſian, and Imperial armies.

July 4. A letter from Hanover, June 19, ſays, "The Queen of Denmark, Caroline Matilda, is in perfect health at the Goerde; it is not known yet where ſhe will fix her reſidence."

Extract of a letter from Warſaw, June 17.

"Prince Shackowſky is arrived here from the Ruſſian Army, with advice, that a ſuſpenſion of arms was concluded the 30th of May, at Giurgewo, between the Ruſſians and the Turks, the principal articles of which are as follow:

1. All hoſtilities and military operations ſhall ceaſe between the Ruſſian and Ottoman troops.

2. The Ruſſian troops, who are in the neighbourhood of Giurgewo, and upon the left ſhore of the Danube, and the Turkiſh troops, which are poſted over againſt that town, on the right ſhore of the Danube, ſhall obſerve the ſuſpenſion of arms from the day of its being ſigned, and the other territories in Europe and in Aſia, from the time of their receiving advice of it.

3. The two armies ſhall continue in the ſituation they are in at preſent during the ſuſpenſion of arms. The Danube ſhall be the boundaries of the two armies. No new fortreſſes ſhall be erected on either ſide, and the places which were demoliſhed towards the end of the laſt campaign, ſhall not be repaired.

4. The Ottoman Porte agrees, that from the place where the congreſs is held, a courier be diſpatched by Conſtantinople to the Archipelago, to let the Ruſſian Commander by ſea and land know, that the ſuſpenſion of arms is agreed upon; that he may concert proper meaſures with the Turkiſh Commander, to ſtop all warlike operations in thoſe parts.

5. The ſuſpenſion of arms is to extend over all Crimea and the Black Sea, ſo that no Turkiſh armed veſſel ſhall be permitted to enter the Danube or the Nieſter, neither ſhall any Turkiſh veſſel appear in any of the ports of the Crimea, unleſs forced in there by diſtreſs; but all the veſſels at preſent in the Danube are allowed the free navigation of that river. If, notwithſtanding all theſe precautions, any diſpute ſhould ariſe between the inhabitants of each ſide the river, the Commiſſaries are to ſettle matters between them.

6. The Ottoman Porte engages not to fortify the fortreſſes of Oczakow and Kiburn, during the ſuſpenſion of arms, nor ſend troops, or build magazines there; but the Porte is left at liberty to keep up the troops they have there at preſent, and to provide for their inhabitants, and if any veſſels, laden with proviſion for thoſe places, ſhould by any misfortune be thrown upon the coaſt of Beſarabia or Crimea, all poſſible aſſiſtance ſhall be given them, that they be not hindered from proſecuting their voyage.

7. When any Ruſſian ſhips, laden with proviſions for Crimea or the Danube, ſhall be driven by any misfortune into any of the Turkiſh ports, either in Europe or Aſia, every neceſſary aſſiſtance ſhall be given them.

8. In Kuban and Georgia, and wherever there are any troops, all warlike operations ſhall ceaſe, as ſoon as they receive advice of the ſuſpenſion of arms. All fortreſſes and places are to remain in the hands of thoſe, in whoſe poſſeſſion they are when the account of the ſuſpenſion of arms arrives; and with reſpect to thoſe diſtricts, where lines of ſeparation are to be made, every thing will, in conſequence of this ſuſpenſion of arms, be ſettled amicably.

9. This ſuſpenſion of arms is to continue in force in Moldavia, Valachia, Beſarabia, Crimea, the Kuban, and in all the provinces and territories of the two parties; and likewiſe on the other ſide of and in the Black Sea, without mentioning any certain time, till thoſe, who are impowered to negotiate the peace, are aſſembled, who will open the congreſs immediately, and be at liberty to lengthen or ſhorten this ſuſpenſion, as they ſhall think moſt to the advantage of the two powers; but, in caſe a peace ſhould not take place, then the ſuſpenſion of arms in Georgia, Mingrelia, and the neighbouring countries, ſhall continue in force till the firſt of October next, on account of the great diſtance of thoſe places. And for the reſt, that no advantage ſhall be taken from this ſuſpenſion of arms to increaſe their conqueſts on either ſide.

10. The places in Moldavia or Valachia, where the congreſs is to be held, ſhall be appointed within eight days after the Chiefs of both armies ſhall have ratified this convention."

Extract of a letter from Cracow, June 13.

"Tyniec has not ſurrendered yet. The day before yeſterday the fine church, with three ſteeples, was burnt, and totally deſtroyed, by the cannonading. The Auſtrian troops and Ruſſians are in diſpute who ſhall have the honour of taking the place, which cannot hold out many days."

Extract of a letter from the Borders of the River Wichſel, June 18.

"The Pruſſian troops are in poſſeſſion of all Poliſh Pruſſia, except Dantzick and Thorn; and they will come under the protection of the King of Pruſſia as ſoon as peace is concluded."

July 6. *Notwithſtanding the reports of the late coalition among the Friends of Liberty, there never was a greater likelihood of a ſharp conteſt for the dignity of Lord Mayor at the next election; for, we are aſſured, the Aldermen Townſend and Sawbridge will be ſupported by the Conſtitutional Society, the Aldermen Croſby and Wilkes by the Bill of Rights, and the Aldermen Shakeſpear and Sir James Eſdaile, by the Friends of Government.*

Thurſday laſt Francis Johnſon, Eſq; the Gentleman who ſo lately diſtinguiſhed himſelf in the ſuppreſſion of the Hearts of Steel in Ireland, was, by his Majeſty, created a Baronet of that kingdom, as a reward for his ſervices.

A letter from Paris gives it as authentic intelligence, that the French and Spaniſh Courts are to receive a ſum of money conjunctly from the ſpoilers of Poland, to withhold them from intermeddling in their partition of that kingdom, and to make them remain neuter.

The Captors of Poland ſeem to be of the opinion, that if the mouths of France and Spain are ſhut, Great-Britain will not be of conſequence enough to diſturb them; for the chief force of Britain being in her Navy, it can have no effect on Poland; and her land forces are but a handful, in compariſon of thoſe vaſt armies which are ſupported by the Continental Powers.

The ſubſcription that was opened at a certain Office near the Royal Exchange, by order of three noble Scotch Perſonages, for the purpoſe of raiſing 150,000*l. at* 7 *years purchaſe, for the lives of the buyers, and the purpoſe of ſupporting a certain Scotch Bank, was on Friday cloſed, and only* 50,000*l. accepted, although the whole ſum was nearly offered.*

The ſame day the Directors of the Bank ſat till 8 *o' clock in the evening, when, it is aſſerted, they came to the laudable reſolution of advancing* 300,000*l. in ſupport of the above Scotch Bank, the ſecurity offered them being approved of, which occaſioned the ſtop in the aforeſaid circulation of annuities.*

July 7. By the laſt accounts from Copenhagen we hear, that the final ſentence of Colonel Falkenſhiold is, a diſmiſſion from all his employments, a degradation from all his honours, and perpetual impriſonment in the caſtle of Drontheim in Norway, with an allowance of only half a crown per day.

Letters from Dantzick ſay, there are no leſs than 130,000 foreign combatants in the kingdom of Poland, now living on the vitals of that already deſolated country.

By letters from the Continent we are informed, that the orders iſſued by the Courts of Peterſburgh and Vienna, to their reſpective Generals, have not been ſufficiently clear and conciſe, and that it is probable, if this overſight be not immediately remedied, the two armies will come to blows.

By letters from the grand Pruſſian camp at Marienwerder, of the 16th ult. we learn, that a detachment from the Pruſſian army had, two days before, occupied the ſuburbs of Elbing, as preparatory to the taking poſſeſſion of that city, in the name of the King their maſter.

Letters from the Auſtrian Netherlands ſay, that the Government is extremely vigilant in putting the military upon a reſpectable footing, and that ſeveral officers of diſtinction had lately arrived at Bruſſels from Vienna for that purpoſe, viz. one Major-General, and eight Field Officers.

Letters from Paris inform us, that there had been a moſt violent ſtorm of thunder, hail, and rain, in the neighbourhood of Thouſe, the 20th of laſt month, which laid twenty pariſhes under water, carried away many houſes, deſtroyed the produce of the earth to a great extent, and had done irreparable damage to many farmers in that neighbourhood, and totally deſtroyed the vineyards.

An advice-boat from the Manillas is arrived at Ferrol, with an account, that Port Emanuel has been almoſt totally deſtroyed by a violent earthquake, which being ſucceeded by a violent tornado and inundation of the ſea, all the fortifications were carried away, and the harbour deſtroyed; at the mouth of which twenty ſhips, French and Spaniſh, with great part of their crews, were loſt.

A letter from Cracow, dated June 11, ſays, "though the Confederates ſeem to take reſt now and then, the famous Chief Potocki has juſt publiſhed a manifeſto, by which he exhorts all the Polanders to ſupport and join the Confederacy."

Hardly a day paſſes but ſome of the Confederates arrive at Cracow, and ſurrender to the Ruſſians. The Regimentary Skluſki, and Colonel Lenatowicz, are come to ſurrender to General Suwarow, with 250 men. An Officer of the Confederates named Peſcherkerſki has ſurrendered, with his troops, to General Branicki. Mr. Shutz is come hither with 380 men, and hath made an advantageous agreement with General de Suwarow. He is at liberty, and his officers and ſoldiers have received their pardon.

The laſt letters from Hamburgh adviſe, that the famous Marſhal of the Confederates in Poland, Pulawſky, was lately ſurprized and taken at Lubiener in Sileſia, by the Pruſſian Major de Reitzenſtein, who ſent him to Potzdam, from whence he will probably be ſent to Warſaw, where he will meet with his puniſhment, unleſs he can clear himſelf from the accuſation laid againſt him of being the author of the attempt which was made againſt the life of the King of Poland.

July 8. The Friends of the Conſtitution may be aſſured, there is a moſt perfect reconciliation and cordiality amongſt the Popular Party in the City. The future actions of each will juſtify this opinion.

The Treaſury Board has, we hear, a propoſal before it at preſent, which will effectually prevent the exportation of bullion from this kingdom, the great increaſe of trade rendering the decreaſe of circulation a double calamity, and making it the duty of a wiſe Miniſtry to check the progreſs of the evil.

The Queen of Denmark, in her letter to the K---, expreſſes a ſtrong deſire to return to England, and enforces her intreaties with ſuch ſolid reaſons, that it is the general opinion of thoſe acquainted with the Court, that his M------ will conſent to her requeſt. Our Correſpondent thinks, that her deſire to return hither is a freſh proof of her innocence; for was ſhe guilty of the crimes laid to her charge, England would be one of the laſt places ſhe would wiſh to ſee.

A new Redoubt and Half-Moon are ordered to be built at Dover Caſtle, on the ſide next the ſea; the former to mount 12, the latter 26 guns.

Extract of a letter from New-Caſtle, July 4.

"On Monday laſt ſeveral of the moſt reſpectable Gentlemen and Merchants in this town and neighbourhood met here, in conſequence of the many failures which have lately happened in London, and in Scotland, and of the wound which credit in general ſuſtains by a ſhock of that nature; and articles of aſſociation were ſpontaneouſly entered into, in ſupport of the credit and ſtability of the two Banks of this town, which we have the pleaſure to aſſure the public, have totally diſpelled any ill-founded apprehenſions touching the taking or circulation of Newcaſtle Bank Notes."

Extract of a Letter from Copenhagen, June 23.

"The Miniſtry here are not a little puzzled to ſcrape together 70,000 dollars (in Engliſh money about 11,000 l.) which ſum they thought to have divided among themſelves. This ſum was the amount in value of Dr. Struenſee's eſtate and effects, but the King of Pruſſia having opportunely taken this phyſician under his protection, by appointing him one of his royal profeſſors in mathematics, his Majeſty gave him orders to make out a full and juſt account of his effects, &c. in Denmark, and to lay before him an exact ſpecification to the minuteſt farthing, which having been done, it was immediately ſent by his Majeſty's orders to the Daniſh Miniſtry, and a demand for the ſame was inſtantly made in his Majeſty the King of Pruſſia's name. For the King inſiſting that his new ſubject, Dr. Struenſee, having not been found guilty of leſe Majeſty, had not incurred a forfeiture either of his eſtate in land, or of his effects, and that conſequently he was juſtly and legally intitled to a full reſtitution of both the one and the other. This thundering memorial the Doctor preſented himſelf in perſon to the Daniſh Miniſtry, on the 20th of June, but we have not yet learned what anſwer, if any, was given to it: The Doctor, however, thought it prudent not to make too long a reſidence at Copenhagen, for he ſet out from this city a few hours after he had delivered his memorial, and is gone to Lubeck on another commiſſion of a more ſecret nature."

A letter from Edinburgh, dated July 3, ſays, "We hear that all the banks, eſtabliſhed at Glaſgow, have agreed to ſupport one another in caſe there ſhould be occaſion, in the preſent emergency, but as their ſolidity is well known, there will be little occaſion for this precaution.

A meſſenger was yeſterday diſpatched to our Ambaſſador at Conſtantinople, with inſtructions, to give his aſſiſtance in promoting and concluding the peace as ſoon as poſſible between Ruſſia and the Turks; from which it is imagined, that the Empreſs's troops are wanted in ſome other part of the world.

Some Engliſh ſhip carpenters in the Pruſſian ſervice are about building ſeveral ſhips of force for the navy at Cronſtadt, &c.

So greatly is the buſineſs at the Bank encreaſed, that at preſent the clerks attend every day, from 6 in the morning till 8 at night, which is treble the time that was uſual.

July 9. We are authoriſed to ſay, that the Directors of the Bank were *not* induced to act in the manner they lately did, nor were they prevailed upon to conſent to the diſcounting the 800,000 l. of Scotch Bills by any *perſuaſion* of *Lord North*, that Nobleman not interfering in any manner whatever, or attempting, by any means, to biaſs the Directors to act otherways than as appeared to them moſt conducive to the public good, and the intereſt of thoſe individuals with the ſuperintendance of whoſe property they are entruſted.

A Correſpondent informs us, that the affairs of the Continent become every day more and more alarming. The ſtratagems made uſe of by the Pruſſian Monarch, to accumulate an additional territory to his dominions, it is ſuppoſed, will occaſion a vaſt change in the ſyſtem of Europe. The ſecrecy with which the plan has been conducted, the martial genius of the Emperor, and the diſpoſition of ſeveral of the German Potentates, it is feared, will in the end create a commotion, in which Great-Britain muſt, however well diſpoſed for *peace*, interfere, in order to prevent the execution of a plan deſtructive to the tranquility of Europe.

The report of Prince Maſſerano's ſetting out for France, in order to prevail upon the French Monarch to accede to the views, and ſecond the deſigns of the Spaniſh Court, we have every reaſon to believe altogether groundleſs. France is by no means diſpoſed for war, and ſhould ſhe be forced to form any *hoſtile* union, in all probability it would be with Great-Britain, as the continental commotions, and the ſituation of Poland, ſeems to render a league between theſe two Crowns at preſent, more natural, as well as neceſſary, than a junction of any other kind.

Application has been made to a Great Perſon, by the principal Creditors, to have Mr. F. ſent for from France; and we are told, that if he does not appear to the ſtatute, which ends the 16th Inſtant, application will be made to the Court of France to have him delivered up.

July 10. *All we can learn, ſays a Correſpondent, from the Minutes of the Proceedings of the Committee on Eaſt-India Affairs is, that our Engliſh Nabobs are a Tribe of Culprits, whoſe Actions merit a ſeverer Species of envenomed Satire than our modern, or even the antient Ariſtophanes, could invent or beſtow.*

It is reported, that our Court has refuſed to ſign the Treaty propoſed by the Czarina to the Courts of London, Vienna, Berlin, Copenhagen, and Stockholm. All the other Powers have acceded, and the Britiſh Name is, in Conſequence thereof, eraſed.

Extract of a Letter from Poland.

"*On the* 12*th of June, one of the Pruſſian Generals, with a Detachment from the main Army, went to the Town of Braikow, where there is a ſmall Garriſon, now in the Hands of the Crown, and demanded the Keys of the Caſtle in his Maſter's Name. The Commandant anſwered him, That the Caſtle had been entruſted to him to guard by the King of Poland, his Maſter, and that he would not ſurrender it to any one but to him, or his expreſs Order. The Pruſſian General, finding he was threatened with a warm Reception, if he uſed any Force, diſpatched a Meſſenger to the grand Camp at Marienwerder, to receive Orders from his Maſter how he ſhould proceed. But the King not having yet returned from Lithuania, the Affair is ſtill in Suſpence. We are impatient to hear how it will be determined.*"

Extract of a Letter from on board the Hope Merchant-ſhip, Captain James Carr, dated at Malaga, May 30, 1772.

"We arrived here on the 27th all in good Health, though we encountered a dangerous Storm in the Bay of Biſcay. On the 28th 7 Sail of Spaniſh Men of War, and two Frigates, ſailed out of the Harbour for Seville, where they are to be joined by ſome more Men of War, who have two Officers to command the Fleet, an Admiral, and a Vice Admiral; they are afterwards to proceed on ſome ſecret Expedition, but to what Part of the World is kept a profound Secret.

The Adelphi Buildings were, it is ſaid, mortgaged for a Loan of 70,000 l. previous to the late unhappy Failures of the Banks, and

it is ſaid that Architects had laid out as much more upon them; ſo that in the Courſe of 5 Years theſe Gentlemen expended 140,000 l. to raiſe Palaces upon an offenſive Heap of Mud, and circulated an immenſe Sum, to make a palpable Nuiſance a principal Ornament of the Metropolis.

We hear that the Commiſſion of Bankruptcy taken out againſt Meſſ. Glynn and Halifax, was Yeſterday ſuperſeded, and that they will begin to pay next Monday.

[*For more* LONDON NEWS, *ſee the* POSTSCRIPT.]

SAVANNAH (in Georgia) Auguſt 19.

A Sloop, Lawrence, Maſter, from Philadelphia, bound to Penſacola, had her Maſt and Spars tore to Pieces by Lightning laſt Wedneſday, in the Harbour of New Providence, where they went for a Pilot.

WILLIAMSBURG, September 10.

Captain M'Larty, from Glaſgow, arrived in James River, on the 3d Inſtant ſpoke the Brigantine Elizabeth, of New-York, William Brown, Maſter, from St. Domingo, who gave an Account of a ſevere Hurricane having been in that Iſland, Jamaica, and in the Gulph of Florida, the 2d of Auguſt laſt; and that 13 Sail of Jamaica Men, bound for London, were obliged to put into Cape Francois, moſt of them diſmaſted, and in great Diſtreſs. Several Veſſels were loſt on Turks Iſland, the Names of which he did not know.

The Generous Friend, Smith, ſent Expreſs from London to the Merchants here on Account of the late Failures, was ſeized by the Glaſgow Man of War, for Want of a Regiſter; but this Day, at a Court of Admiralty, was diſcharged, paying Coſts.

The Schooner Peggy, Captain Crombie, from Philadelphia, arrived in James River, on the 1ſt of this Inſtant, in a violent Gale of Wind, loſt two of his Horſes, and had every Thing on his Deck entirely waſhed off. The Magdalen Tender, in the ſame Gale, met with a Schooner, belonging to Carolina, full of Water. They humanely took the Crew, almoſt famiſhed, on board their Veſſel.

ANNAPOLIS, September 17.

On Friday laſt, as Mr. *Henry Child* was walking over his Plantation, Part of *Anne-Arundel* Manor, a Guſt ſuddenly aroſe; the Rain cauſed him to take Shelter under a Stack of Straw, which was ſoon ſet on Fire by the Lightning; the Family ſeeing it in a Blaze, his Son went out, and found his Father dead, and his Body conſuming in the Flames.

NEW-YORK, *September* 21.

Captain Breen, in 6 Weeks from the Bay of Honduras, informs us, That the 20th ult. he ſpoke with a Schooner, from the Muſqueto Shore, bound for Jamaica, 50 Days out, and not being able to make her deſired Port, was ſtanding for South-Carolina; the 5th Inſtant, in Lat. 33: 14, Long. 74: 30, ſpoke with Ephraim Gilbert, in a Sloop, from Madeira for South-Carolina, who had loſt his Maſt and Boom, in a terrible Gale of Wind, and acquainted Captain Breen, that the Day after the Gale, he ſaw a ſquare rigged Veſſel diſmaſted, and that he afterwards paſſed by many Pieces of Wreck; the 10th Inſtant, in Lat. 37: 16, Capt. Breen alſo ſpoke with Capt. Johnſton, in a Brig, from Jamaica for Boſton, 5 Weeks out, who informed him, that 10 Sail were lately caſt away at Montego-Bay, in that Iſland; and that he ſailed in Company with a Ship for this Port, called either the Hector, or Heſter.

By Captain Manby, from Ocracock, in North-Carolina, in 8 Days, we have an Account of the following Veſſels being loſt at that Place the Firſt Inſtant, in a violent Gale of Wind, viz. Captain Clarke, in a Schooner, from Edentown, loſt, and all the Crew periſhed; Captain Pearſe, in a Brig from the ſame Place, bound to Jamaica, loſt, with the Cargoe, but the Crew ſaved; Capt. Towers, in a Schooner, from Boſton, loſt, the Crew ſaved; Capt. Hill, from Virginia, the Veſſel loſt, People ſaved; a Sloop of about 50 Tons, loaded with Cedar, for Philadelphia, loſt; and Capt. Mills, from the ſame Port, drove aſhore, but both their Crews were ſaved; Capt. Done, in a Schooner, from Connecticut, loſt, Crew and Cargoe ſaved; Capt. Corter, from Edentown, loſt; Capt. Pender, from Newbern, loſt, Cargoe ſaved; Capt. Conway, in a Sloop, from this Port, loſt, Cargoe ſaved; and Capt. Thomas, from this Port alſo, Veſſel entirely loſt, and the Mate and three of the People drowned; the Captain, three Days after, was taken up, about ſix Miles from the Land, from Part of the Wreck, by a Veſſel bound in; and the ſame Day a Lad, named John Burrows, belonging to the ſame Sloop, was alſo taken up by another Veſſel, inward bound, from ſome of the Wreck, 12 Leagues to the Northward of Ocracock, and a Sloop, Name unknown, was drove out to Sea, and never again heard of.

PHILADELPHIA, *September* 23.

Saturday laſt the GENERAL ASSEMBLY of this Province adjourned to the Thirtieth Inſtant. During their Sitting the following Law was paſſed, viz.---*An* ACT *for the Support of the Government of this Province, and Payment of the public Debts.*

Captain All, from London, on the 30th of July, in Lat. 49: 16, Long. 9: 34, ſpoke the Brig Defiance, from Providence for London: On the 14th ult. in Lat. 44: 32, Long. 34, ſpoke the Ship Hero, Captain Brown, from St. Thomas for Amſterdam: On the 17th, in Lat. 45: 18, Long. 39: 20, ſpoke a Brig from St. Croix for Milford, out 33 Days: On the 22d, in Lat. 42: 47, Long. 49: 3, ſpoke the Ship Royal Exchange, Capt. Woodford, from Virginia for London: On the 25th, in Lat. 41: 14, Long. 49: 3, ſpoke a Snow, Capt. Robinſon, and a Brig, Capt. Benſon, from Virginia for Liverpool, out 13 Days: On the 3d Inſt. in Lat. 37: 2, Long. 65: 47, ſpoke a Ship, Capt. Robinſon from Cowes for this Port, out 8 Weeks and 5 Days; and on the 10th, 30 Leagues from our Capes, ſpoke the Brig Rachel, Capt. Simmons, from this Port for Barbados, out one Day, who had carried away his Main Boom.

With Captain All came Paſſengers, Mr. and Mrs. MEASE, Mrs. BARCLAY, Mrs. BOWMAN, and SON, Miſs STRETTELL, Miſs FORBES, and Mr. LEWIS.

Captain Sparks ſailed in Company with Captain All, and is hourly expected.

Captains Falconer and Sutton were to ſail about three Weeks after Captain All.

Captain Oſborne, from London, on the 22d of July, off Plymouth, ſpoke a Raft Ship, from Newberry for London: On the 16th ult. in Lat. 41, Long. 40, ſpoke two Whaling Sloops, belonging to Boſton, out two Months, who had one Fiſh; and on the 5th Inſt. in Lat 34, Long. 61, ſpoke the Brig Belvadore, Capt. Farrel, from St. Auguſtine, full of Soldiers, on an Expedition for St. Vincents, out 20 Days.

With Captain Oſborne came Paſſengers, Dr. FARMER, his LADY, and DAUGHTER, Rev. Mr. WILLIAM WHITE, JACOB RUSH, Eſq; Mr. DAVID SPROAT, Mr. JOHN BENEZET, &c. The Phœbe, Captain Caſtle, ſailed with Captain Oſborne.

Captain Gill, from London, on the 28th of July, off the Start Point, ſpoke the Beaver, Captain De Peyſter, from Hull for New-York; on the 28th ult. in Lat. 40, Long. 44, ſpoke the Sloop Dove, Captain Swaine; and the Schooner Venus, Captain Ruſſell, belonging to Nantucket, out 18 Weeks on a Whaling Voyage, and were homeward bound, with two Fiſh each; 31ſt, in Lat. 37: 30, Long. 47: 30, ſpoke the Brig Waters, Captain Nixon, from Rotterdam, but laſt from the Orkneys, 39 Days out from thence, bound for North-Carolina; and on the 20th Inſtant, about 18 Leagues to the Eaſtward of our Capes, he ſpoke the Brig Iſabella, Captain Brown, from this Port for St. Vincents.

Captain Brown, from Cape-Fear, informs us, that on the 31ſt of Auguſt, 14 Veſſels were drove aſhore, and totally loſt, with ſeveral Seamen: Capt. Brown was aſſiſted by his Majeſty's Ship Tamer, with an Anchor and Cable: On the 7th Inſt. his Majeſty's Sloop King's Fiſher, arrived there from Boſton, who had thrown overboard 8 Guns, had carried away two Topmaſts, and all her Sails; and a Brig bound for Cork, had parted both her Anchors, and was obliged to put back, and unload her Cargoe. Capt. Brown, on the 11th, ſpoke a Sloop, Capt. Scott, from Jamaica, going into that Port; alſo, ſaw a Veſſel, that had loſt her Main-maſt, but could not tell whether a Brig or Snow.----We are further informed, that conſiderable Damage was done at Newbern, and ſeveral Wharffs, Ware-houſes, &c. waſhed away.

Captain Briſcoe, from Liverpool for North-Carolina, on the 7th ult. in Lat. 35: 38, Long. 51: 53, ſpoke the Ship Friendſhip, from Jamaica for Liverpool, out 39 Days: On the 29th, in Lat. 35: 30, Long. 74: 20, ſpoke a Sloop, from Norfolk in Virginia for Antigua, out 24 Hours; and on the 31ſt, in Lat. 35: 30, Long. 74: 30, met with a heavy Gale of Wind, off Ocracock Bar, ſhipped a Sea abaft the Main Chains, which ſtove his Long-boat, every Thing on Deck, and the Water Caſks in the Hold, damaged all the Bread, overſet the Brig, and deſtroyed the Sails: In that Condition they lay between three and four Hours, with the Veſſel almoſt under Water; they uſed all their Endeavours to right her, but in vain, 'till obliged to cut away the Main-maſt by the Board. Three Men were buried in the Salt for ſome Time, but fortunately they got them out alive, though much bruiſed.

Captain Kollock, from St. Vincent, informs, that on the 27th ult. as he lay in St. Euſtatia Road, a Hurricane came on, and drove aſhore a great Number of Veſſels, 5 of which entirely loſt: Capt. Kollock loſt his Bowſprit, an Anchor and a Cable, and was obliged to put to Sea: On the 31ſt, in Lat. 22: 53, Long. 64, paſſed by a Brig, ſtanding to the Southward, that had loſt her Maſts, Boom and Bow-ſprit; ſhe had a low black ſingle Deck, a long Quarter-deck, and no Head; ſhe had a Jury-maſt, and made ſeveral Signals for Captain Kollock to come to them, which he would willingly have done, but was in great Diſtreſs himſelf, and it blew very hard.

Captain Robertſon, from Cadiz, on the 7th Inſtant, in Lat. 31: 56, Long. 60: 17, ſpoke a Sloop, Captain Campbell, from New-York for St. Thomas's, out 16 Days, all well.

The Ship Minerva, Captain Johnſon, is arrived here from Rotterdam, with Palatines.

ARRIVALS.

From Philadelphia. The Carolina, Loxley, at Dover; Betſy, Hood, at Briſtol; and the Phœnix, Gamble, at Jamaica.

From South-Carolina. The Swallow, Anſtey; and Chriſtian, Muir, at Hamburgh; Ruſſia Merchant, Clarkſon, and Cæſar, M'Cowen, at Rotterdam; Charming Sally, Bernard, and Duke of Athol, Grindley, at Cowes.

From North-Carolina. The Sukey, Whitewood, at Portſmouth.

From Maryland. The Britannia, Scott, at Glaſgow; and the Rainbow, Roſe, at Briſtol.

From New-York. The New-York, Watſon, and Grace, Young, at Briſtol.

From Boſton. The Hope, Eaſon, in London; and the Joanna, Brown, in the Channel.

Graveſend, July 15. Paſſed by, The Fanny, Barrow, from Virginia.

The Thetis, Hayton, for Maryland, was in the Downs on the 13th of July; as was alſo the Adventure, Maynard, for Ditto, on the 15th.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, *Philadelphia.* INWARD ENTRIES.

Sloop Robert, W. Bunting, from Virginia. Schooner Dove, P. Stafford, Schooner two Brothers, C. Gale, and Brig Charming Sally, J. Brown, N. Carolina. Schooner Becky, R. Harris, Georgia. Sloop Peace and Plenty, J. Anthony, R. Iſland. Schooner William, J. Gorham, Newfoundland. Brig Induſtry, P. Cuſhing, Boſton. Brig Nancy and Molly, R. Bethell, Miſſiſippi. Brig Paragon J. Burrows, and Ship Morris, T. Bell, Liſbon. Ship Lark, C. Biddle, and Sloop Adventure, T. Powell, Hiſpaniola. Sloop John, P. Kollock, St. Vincent. Ship Priſcilla, J. Jones, Vianna. Brig Polly, J. Shields, Jamaica. Ship Pennſylvania Packet, P. Oſborne, and Ship Richard Penn, I. All, London.

OUTWARDS. Sloop Hannah, G. May, for St. Croix. Sloop Ranger, J. Lambert, Tortola. Brig Paragon, J. Burrows, Liſbon. Schooner Hebe, J. Wilſon, Hiſpaniola. Sloop Bentham, R. Alberſon, N. York.

CLEARED. Sloop Friendſhip, J. Thelobell, and Sloop Robert, W. Bunting, to Virginia. Brig Friendſhip, J. Blewer, S. Carolina. Sloop Dove, D. Ferguſon, and Ship Hannah, J. Mitchell, N. York. Brig Dolphin, J. Ruſſell, Dominica. Ship Peggy, E. Yorke, Madeira. Snow Thomas and Mary, P. Hardy, Cadiz. Schooner Pennſylvania Packet, J. Dougherty, N. Carolina. Snow Dickenſon, J. Johnſton, and Schooner Kingſton, R. Patterſon, Jamaica. Brig Dolphin, T. Candell, Liſbon. Brig Thomas, T. Bernard, Cork. Sloop Friendſhip, A. Adderley, N. Providence. Schooner Induſtry, M. Williamſon, Halifax. Sloop Ruſſell, N. Martin, and Schooner Lovely Laſs, J. Stephen, Maryland.

JUST PUBLISHED, and to be SOLD by
JOHN DUNLAP, in Market-ſtreet,
FATHER ABRAHAM'S ALMANACK,
For the YEAR of our LORD, 1773.

THOMAS AND GEORGE MIFFLIN
Have imported, in the Ship Richard Penn, Captain All, from London,
A very large Aſſortment of FALL GOODS. 5w.

MEASE AND CALDWELL
HAVE juſt imported, in the ſhip Richard Penn, from London, the Chalkley, from Briſtol, and other late veſſels from Europe, A large Aſſortment of European and Eaſt-India GOODS, adapted for the ſeaſon; which they will ſell very low, for caſh, or ſhort credit, at their ſtore, in Water-ſtreet, the third door above Cheſtnut-ſtreet, Philadelphia. 6 w.

Philadelphia, September 23, 1772.
To be SOLD cheap, for caſh, or ſhort credit, by
JAMES STUART,
At his ſtore, in Second-ſtreet, between Cheſtnut & Walnut-ſtreets,
A NEAT and general Aſſortment of European and Eaſt-India GOODS, ſuitable for the approaching ſeaſon, imported in the ſhip Pennſylvania Packet, from London, and other late veſſels from Britain. N. B. He has alſo for ſale, choice Muſcovado ſugar, and Jamaica ſpirits. ¶

ROBERT WILSON
HAS juſt imported, in the Pennſylvania Packet, Captain Oſborne, from London, and other late veſſels from Britain, A neat Aſſortment of European and Eaſt-India GOODS, ſuitable to the approaching ſeaſon; which he will diſpoſe of, on the moſt reaſonable terms, at his ſtore, in Second-ſtreet, near the corner of Cheſtnut-ſtreet, Philadelphia. ¶

BENJAMIN DEAN
HAS juſt imported, in the ſhip Richard Penn, Captain All, from London, and is now opening, at his ſtore in Second-ſtreet, between Market and Arch-ſtreets, next door to Mr. David Franks, A neat and general Aſſortment of FALL GOODS, which he is determined to ſell on very low terms, for caſh, or ſhort credit.

WILLIAM MILLER,
At his ſtore, in Front-ſtreet, the corner of Gray's-alley, between Cheſtnut and Walnut-ſtreets, hath juſt imported, in the ſhip Richard Penn, Captain All, from London, and the laſt Veſſel from Briſtol,
A NEAT Aſſortment of MERCHANDIZE, ſuitable for the approaching ſeaſon; which he will ſell, on the moſt reaſonable terms, for caſh, or ſhort credit. He daily expects a further ſupply by Capt. Sparks, and other veſſels from London, &c.

RAISINS by the Keg, a few Bales of excellent Cotton, Sugars, Coffee, Chocolate, Pepper, Alſpice, Ginger, Madder, Logwood, Redwood, Fuſtick, Allom, Copperas, and Brimſtone, and divers other Articles, to be ſold by
BENEDICT DORSEY,
In Third-ſtreet, nearly oppoſite to the Work-houſe. ¶

BOULTING-CLOTHS.
A COMPLETE Aſſortment of Boulting-Cloths, from the Manufactory, warranted to exceed any ever yet imported to America, is juſt arrived, and to be ſold by PETER TURNER, at his warehouſe, in Market-ſtreet, the 4th door above the London Coffee-houſe; where Millers and others may depend on being ſupplied always, with cloths ſuitable to every branch of the buſineſs, and at a moderate price.

N. B. As ſaid *Turner* expects a large ſupply continually, it will induce him to ſell at a low profit; any perſons wanting a quantity, may depend on having the beſt of cloths, and conſiderable allowance made them. *Thief.*

CALEB AND AMOS FOULKE
HAVE imported, in the Pennſylvania Packet, Captain Oſborne, and the ſhip Richard Penn, Captain All, from London, A large and general Aſſortment of European and Eaſt-India GOODS, ſuitable to the ſeaſon; which are now opening for ſale, at their ſtore, on the north ſide of Market-ſtreet, near the corner of Fourth-ſtreet. ¶

WANTED, ſeveral ſums of MONEY, on undoubted ſecurity. A parcel of young NEGROE MEN, provided they are hearty and ſound, all other faults will be no objection. To be ſold, ſeveral valuable PLANTATIONS, in this and the neighbouring colonies.---Likewiſe, ſeveral Houſes and Lots, in the city and ſuburbs. If PETER SEISS, who, at the latter end of laſt war, lived about 25 miles from Philadelphia, be alive, he may hear of ſomething to his advantage. A ſober young MAN, who can bring undoubted proofs of his character, and has a capital of One Hundred Pounds, may join in an advantageous buſineſs. For further particulars, pleaſe to apply at THE PHILADELPHIA PUBLIC GENERAL REGISTER OFFICE OF INTELLIGENCE; where a large and general Aſſortment of GOODS may be had, by the Subſcriber, at his Office, in Front-ſtreet.
¶ WILLIAM IBISON, BROKER.

Philadelphia, September 18, 1772.
On Thurſday, the 15th of October, will be SOLD, by public VENDUE, on the premiſes, purſuant to a Decree of the County Court of Frederick, in the Colony of VIRGINIA, for ſatisfying a debt, due from JACOB HITE, to RICHARD and PETER FOOTMAN, FRANCIS RICHARDSON, CLEMENT BIDDLE, and DANIEL WISTER,
A VALUABLE TRACT of LAND, containing 3118 acres (more or leſs) with the dwelling-houſe, ſtores and buildings thereon erected, ſituate in Berkeley county (formerly part of Frederick county) within 18 miles of Wincheſter, on the great road leading thence from Shweringan's Ferry. Alſo 27 valuable NEGROE ſlaves. The ſaid tract is well watered and improved, being the plantation whereon the ſaid JACOB HITE now lives, and from its ſituation, and other great improvements and advantages, is eſteemed equal to any place in Frederick county. ¶

Philadelphia, September 22, 1772.
THE Officers who ſerved in the PENNSYLVANIA REGIMENT, in the Year 1764, and who have any Claim to the Lands granted by the Honourable Proprietaries to them, are deſired to meet at Mr. JOHN LITTLE'S, on Monday, the 9th Day of November, 1772, in order to take out their Patents, and ſettle their Accounts. All thoſe Officers, who do not attend, by themſelves or Attornies, will be looked upon as Delinquents, and may expect their Names to be ſtruck off the Liſt, and their Shares granted to thoſe who do comply with the Terms of the Grant.
TURBUTT FRANCIS, Lieut. Col.)
¶ JAMES IRVINE, Captain,) Commiſſioners.

RICHARD HUMPHREYS, GOLDSMITH,
HAVING taken the houſe in which PHILIP SYNG lately dwelt, hereby informs his friends and the public, that he now carries on the GOLDSMITH'S Buſineſs, in all its branches, at the aforeſaid place, a few doors below the Coffee-houſe, where he has for ſale, a NEAT and GENERAL ASSORTMENT of GOLD and SILVER WARE. Thoſe who will pleaſe to favour him with their cuſtom, may be aſſured of his utmoſt ability to give ſatisfaction, both in the quality and workmanſhip; ſuch favours will be gratefully acknowledged by their friend, RICHARD HUMPHREYS.

THE ſubſcriber, having lately removed into Upper Merion townſhip, hereby informs his friends and former cuſtomers, that they may be ſupplied as uſual, at his late dwelling, by the above-named RICHARD HUMPHREYS, whom he hereby recommends to them, as a perſon qualified to ſerve them on the beſt terms, and whoſe fidelity in the above buſineſs will engage their future confidence and regard. PHILIP SYNG. ¶

To the FREEHOLDERS, and other ELECTORS, of the City and County of PHILADELPHIA.

GENTLEMEN,

I AM much obliged to you for the good Opinion you have entertained of me, in chooſing me one of your Aſſeſſors for ſeveral Years paſt; but as it is very inconvenient for me to attend that Service any longer, I muſt requeſt the Favour of you to chooſe ſome other Perſon, at the enſuing Election, inſtead of

Your real Friend, BENJAMIN MARSHALL.

FOR LONDON,
THE SHIP
PENNSYLVANIA PACKET,
PETER OSBORNE,
COMMANDER,

HAS good Accommodations for Paſſengers, and will ſail with all convenient Expedition. For Freight, or Paſſage, apply to JOSHUA FISHER and SONS, or ſaid Commander on board, at their Wharff; or at the London Coffee-Houſe.

Somerſet County, New-Jerſey, Sept. 18, 1772.

STOLEN *out of the paſture of the ſubſcriber, at Rarriton, a* BAY HORSE, *6 years old, about* 14½ *hands high, a natural trotter, has a drooping ſtar in his forehead, one white hind foot, ſhort ſwitch tail, branded* TP *on his right buttock, and on his left ſhoulder with the letter* S; *he is a light horſe, and is middling low in fleſh. Whoever takes up the ſaid horſe, ſo that the owner may get him again, ſhall receive* FORTY SHILLINGS *reward, and for the horſe and thief, ſo that the thief may be brought to juſtice,* THREE POUNDS, *paid by* PHILIP TUNISON. ¶

THREE POUNDS Reward.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, living near the town of New-Caſtle, on the road leading from thence to Chriſtiana Ferry, an Iriſh ſervant man, named GEORGE PARKS, about 20 years of age, near 5 feet 8 inches high, of a ſandy complexion, and ſomewhat marked with the ſmall-pox; had on, when he went away, a half-worn wool hat, and old blue coat, and jacket, of broadcloth, a ſtriped ſhirt, and tow trowſers, with old ſhoes, and braſs buckles, but may change them the firſt opportunity; it is ſuppoſed he will go to Shippen's town, having enquired the way at his departure. Whoever takes up the ſaid ſervant, and brings him to the ſubſcriber, or ſecures him in any of his Majeſty's goals, ſhall receive the above reward, and reaſonable charges. Stolen from the ſubſcriber, in May laſt, a ſtrawberry-roan Ridgling, about 12 hands high, a quarter blooded, trots all, and has a dark mane and tail. Whoever brings him to the owner, ſhall receive *Forty Shillings*, and reaſonable charges, paid by CHRISTIANA JACQUET. *Sept.* 14. 1772. ¶

Upper-Merion, Philadelphia county, September 14, 1772.

THREE POUNDS Reward.

WAS *committed to my cuſtody, by* John Bull, *Eſq; a perſon, by the name of JAMES SMITH (charged with Horſe-ſtealing) who, on the way to the next Conſtable, found means to eſcape, leaving behind him a large, valuable, well broke and gaited, ſorrel Stone-horſe, about ſix years old, has a blaze in the face, his two hind legs white, almoſt to the knee, branded on the near buttock with the letter B, and another uncertain: And a ſmall young ſorrel Mare, with a blaze in the face: Alſo left in the neighbourhood, ſome wearing apparel, viz. a ſurtout coat, two ſhirts, and two pair of ſtockings, &c. The creatures are ſuppoſed to be ſtolen, and this is to notify, that they are now (and intended to be) kept by me, until proved, charges paid, and taken away. Said SMITH is thought to be country-born, came from the Jerſeys, is of middle ſize, and well ſet, a little ſtoop ſhouldered, about 30 years of age, down look, light brown hair, and thick legs; had on a good blue cloth coat, a nankeen jacket, knit breeches, worſted ſtockings, good ſhoes, and buckles. Public juſtice demands the aſſiſtance of all perſons, who have it in their power, to apprehend and ſecure him.* PETER HOLSTON. ¶

TEN DOLLARS Reward.

RAN *away from the subscribers, store-keepers, in Lancaster, an Irish servant lad, named* ANTHONY DIVER, *but will probably change his name, about five feet four or five inches high, is thick set, has black hair, a broad face, thick lips, a squint in his eyes, and a bad countenance; much addicted to sleep, and apt to laugh. Had on, when he went away, two whitish jackets, with small stripes, a pair of white twilled breeches, two pair of white stockings, one of them ribbed, and a new hat. As he was entrusted to change money, he is supposed to have taken a quantity along with him; he can read and write, and it is likely he will have a pass, and when spoke to, or challenged, seems very confused. He is supposed to have gone in company with two other servants. Whoever takes up said servant, and secures him, so that his masters may have him again, shall have the above reward, with reasonable charges, paid by* ¶

Sept. 9, 1772. JOSIAH and ROBERT LOCKHART.

FIFTEEN PISTOLES REWARD.

RUN AWAY *from the subscriber's plantation, in Murtherkiln Hundred, in Kent county, on Delaware, on Wednesday, the 2d of this instant September, Two Men, by profession ditchers (who are under articles to the subscriber) the one named* JAMES DICKSON, *alias* EDWARD ROGERS, *and for whom I stand bail, and took out of Queen-Anne's county goal, in the province of Maryland; he is about 5 feet 6 inches high, supposed to be between 32 and 35 years of age, smooth faced, a well made squat fellow, is very talkative, boasts much of knowledge in his business, and reports himself to be the heir of a very considerable estate in England. The other, named* JOHN COLE, *about 5 feet 7 inches high, a well made fellow, and hump backed. Their wearing apparel cannot be well described, as they took with them a change of clothes. It is supposed they will make for the Jerseys. Whoever will take up the said two fellows, and secure them in any goal, within the province of Maryland, shall have, for* Dickson, *TEN PISTOLES, and for* Cole, *FIVE PISTOLES reward, paid by* JAMES HUTCHINGS, *junior.* ¶

TWELVE DOLLARS Reward.

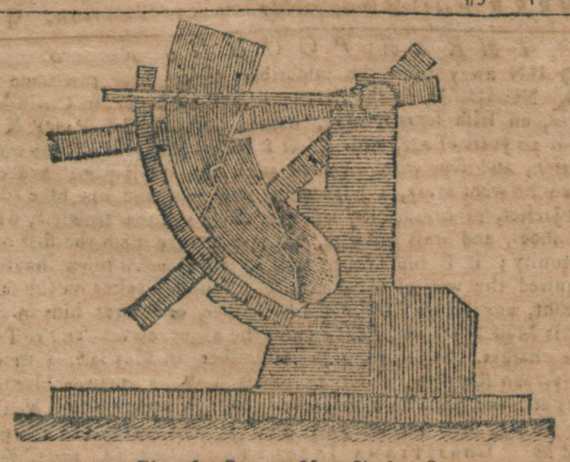
RUN AWAY, *last night, from the subscriber, living in Sadsbury township, Lancaster county, a servant lad, named* JOHN COFFEE, *about 16 years of age, and about 5 feet high, sandy coloured bushy hair, slim built, pale face, with a bad down look, when sharply examined; had no clothes yet known of, except a wool hat, about half-worn, and shirt and trowsers, but perhaps he may have stole some, not yet found out; it is thought he has stole the under advertised mare. Whoever secures said lad, and mare, so that the owners may have them again, shall have the above reward, and reasonable charges, or for the lad himself* Six Dollars, *paid by*

Ninth Month 18, 1772. ANDREW MOORE, *Miller.*

The same night was stolen, out of the pasture of Robert Williams, *in the aboveſaid township and county, a light coloured black MARE, about 9 years old, and about 15 hands high, round bodied, paces, trots and gallops; goes very light in her gaits; she has a broad breast, stands wide on her fore legs, she has a small star in her forehead, and under each ear a very small white spot, scarce discernable, shod before with a pair of old shoes, she has a short switch tail, and has had her ears and fetlocks trimmed some time ago, and is somewhat marked with a collar. Whoever secures said mare, so that the owner may have her again, shall have* Forty-five Shillings *reward, and reasonable charges, paid by* ROBERT WILLIAMS. ¶

IN pursuance, and by virtue of the last will and testament of BARNET HOLTZINGER, deceased, will be exposed to sale, by way of public vendue, at the house of WILLIAM ADAMS, Innkeeper, in Baltimore town, on Tuesday, the 2d day of November next, at 10 o' clock in the forenoon, a valuable TRACT of LAND, containing about 340 acres, whereof about 12 acres good meadow made, and 20 or 30 acres more may be made, about 100 acres of upland cleared, and the rest of the land well timbered, and the soil of a good quality, upon which there are erected a large stone-house, of 40 feet in front, and proportionable in depth, two stories high, two other log dwelling-houses, a house lately occupied as a smith's shop, but fit for a Negroe house, or other uses, two barns, with several stables, situate in Baltimore county, in the province of Maryland, on the great road leading from Pipe-creek, Conecocheague, Carlisle, M'Callister's-town, and York to Baltimore, extending for a considerable distance along the same, about 18 miles from Baltimore, adjoining a Place called Rishter's-town, and the land of Daniel Bower; from its situation the owner has a convenient market for every thing raised thereon, at Baltimore, and is equally valuable to carry on any public business, lying most healthfully and beautifully; there is also a fine orchard, of near 300 apple-trees, besides a great number of the finest cherry-trees, excellent both in their variety and goodness, several good springs, and a pump thereon; being the late dwelling plantation of the said deceased; there are about 15 acres of winter grain already sowed thereon, for the conveniency of the purchaser, which will also then be sold; one third part of the money to be paid in hand, and the residue in five equal yearly payments, without interest. Any person inclining to purchase the same, may be informed of the title, by applying to Benedict Swope, near the premises, to Martin Echelberger, Esq; and Frederick Echelberger, near York, to Thomas Hartley, in York, or Robert Alexander, Esq; in Baltimore, with which last mentioned Gentleman the title papers are left, for the inspection, and satisfaction, of any person inclining to purchase the same; to be sold as the estate of the said deceased; at which time and place due attendance will be given, by ELIZABETH HOLTZINGER, MARTIN ECHELBERGER, and FREDERICK ECHELBERGER, Executors of the last will and testament of said deceased.

N. B. Upon payment of one third part of the purchase money, and giving security for the residue, payable as aforesaid, a deed will be executed to the purchaser. ‖5w. 14s.



Glouceſter County, New-Jersey, Sept. 11, 1772.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Subscriber, now living at Haddonfield Mills, intends to carry on the Fulling and Dying Business, in all the different Branches, in as extensive a Manner, and at cheaper Rates than at any other Mill in New-Jersey or Pennsylvania, he having the best of Tools and Presses, and all Conveniences suitable for the same. Those Persons that please to favour him with their Custom, may depend on having their Work done in the neatest and best Manner, and with the greatest Expedition. Cloth for the Mills, will be taken in by *John Cox*, in Moore's-Town, *Abraham Allen*, in Evesham, and *Robert Murray*, near Woodberry; at which Places Attendance will be given once a Week, the Cloth taken to the Mills, and returned again when dressed, according to Directions, by

§ JAMES M'DOWELL.

WHEREAS in pursuance of an Act of General Assembly of the province of Pennsylvania, intituled, *An Act for granting the sum of Sixty Thousand Pounds to the King's use, and for striking Fifty-five Thousand Pounds thereof in bills of credit, and to provide a fund for sinking the same*, and by three subsequent Acts, for granting to his Majesty the additional sum of £ 300,000, the following tracts of located lands have been duly valued and rated by the Assessors for the county of Lancaster, the property of the persons herein after named. And whereas the owners of the said tracts of land have neglected to pay the Collectors, the several under mentioned sums, which according to the said valuation have been assessed and laid upon said lands, as the proportion thereof for said tax, by the act imposed: We, the Commissioners of the said county of Lancaster aforesaid, in pursuance of said acts, do give notice, that on the 5th day of November next, at the dwelling-house of Adam Reigart, in the Borough of Lancaster, will be exposed to sale by public vendue, the following tracts of located lands, or such part thereof as will be sufficient to answer the said taxes, and all charges, accruing by reason of the non-payment thereof, to the highest bidder. The sale to begin at ten o' clock in the forenoon, and continue from day to day, until the whole be sold. Given under our hands, the 5th day of September, 1772. CASPER SHAFNER, junior,

THOMAS CLARK.

Thomas M'Kee, 300 acres, in Upper Paxton township, 2l. 5s. Michael Dibler, 200 acres, in Upper Paxton township, 15s. John Miller, 200 acres, Upper Paxton township, 15s. George Churchman, 600 acres, in Colerain township, 2l. 5s. John Rouse, 100 acres, in Leacock township, 7s. 6d. Henry Young, 75 acres, in Drummore township, 5s. 7d. Jacob Shearman, 100 acres, in Upper Paxton township, 15s. John Myer, 100 acres, in Upper Paxton township, 15s. George Riddle, 100 acres, in Upper Paxton township, 15s. William Stuart, 200 acres, in Upper Paxton township, 1l. 10s. John Sippet, 150 acres, in Upper Paxton township, 1l. 2s. 6d. George Stephenson, 100 acres, in Derry township, 7s. 6d. Elisha Hewes, 300 acres, in Little Britain township, 1l. 4s. ¶ 12l. 6d.

CAME to the plantation of the subscriber, in Plymouth township, Philadelphia county, on the 3d day of this inst. September, a dark roan HORSE, branded F. B. supposed to be 15 years old. The owner is desired to come, prove his property, pay charges, and take him away. ALEXANDER COLLEY.

PURSUANT to the last will and testament of JARVIS JAMES, deceased, will be sold, at public VENDUE, on Saturday, the 31st day of October ensuing, on the premises, a large two story frame DWELLING-HOUSE, with a LOT thereunto belonging, together with every necessary convenience, situate in Chester-town, Maryland; it is a remarkable fine situation for the prosecution of any public business, being on the main street leading to the river, and a little above the market place in said town. At the same time will be sold, a very fine GRASS LOT, adjoining the said town. Twelve months credit will be given, with interest, on giving bond and security, if required; an indisputable title will be given the purchaser, by SARAH JAMES, Executrix. ‖14s.

To be SOLD to the highest bidder, in Leesburg, on the 4th Monday in November next, being Loudoun county Court day,

THE LOT and HOUSE wherein I now live, situate in the most public part of the said town, of Leesburg, a corner lot, and the public roads from Frederick county to Alexandria, and from Pennsylvania to Carolina leading thereby; it is conveniently improved, with a brick house two stories high, and all other houses and cellars, suitable for keeping a good tavern, as fine a well of water, with a good pump, as any on the continent; also eight acres of extraordinary good meadow, adjoining the said town, with the conveniency of being well watered by a very constant stream running through it. Twelve months credit will be allowed the purchaser, on giving bond, and approved security, to

August 8, 1772. CRAVEN PEYTON. ‡ 7/6.

TO be SOLD by the Subscriber, in Baltimore county, in the province of Maryland, 216½ acres of patent LAND, about 30 acres of which are lately cleared, and under good fence, the remainder remarkably well timbered and watered, there being sundry fine springs on the same; the soil is good for tobacco, Indian corn, wheat, rye, or other grain; several acres of fine meadow may be made at small expence; there are two small tenements thereon, and some peach-trees; the said land lies within ten miles of the flourishing town of Baltimore, and on the great road leading thereto. Any person wanting to view the land, may be shewn it, by Mr. William Ede, living near the premises, and for further particulars, enquire of the subscriber, living about two miles from Nottingham Forges, and six miles from Joppa.

Sept. 5, 1772. JOHN HOWLAND. ¶ 10*W.*

Kent County, Maryland, July 8, 1772.

THREE POUNDS Reward.

RUN away on the 20th of last month, from the subscriber, an indented servant man, named WILLIAM VICKERS, born in Talbot county, Maryland, about 40 years of age, 5 feet 9 or 10 inches high, thin visage, has lost one of his eyes; he is very apt to get drunk, whenever he can get strong liquor; he has been some years a Soldier, in the Royal Americans: Had on, when he went away, a coarse brown jacket, with sleeves, ozenbrigs shirt and trowsers, a felt hat, about half worn, but as he had some money with him, it is thought he has changed his clothes, and his name. Whoever takes up and secures said servant, so that the subscriber may get him again, shall have the above reward, and if brought home, reasonable charges, paid by ISAAC PERKINS. §6 W.

Talbot County, Maryland, August 1, 1772.

TWELVE POUNDS Reward.

STOLEN from the subscriber, on Monday night last, a likely BAY HORSE, about 14 hands high, with a star in his forehead, and a little white on one or both his hind feet, a switch tail, a bushy mane and foretop, they having been lately scraped, has been used in a carriage, paces a good travel under the saddle, and from that will go into a gallop, and trots out of hand, he is thin on the withers, and remarkably sharp backed, though in good order. Whoever secures the horse, so that I get him again, shall be paid, if taken in this county, Fifteen Shillings; Thirty Shillings, if in the neighbouring counties; and Three Pounds, if out of the province; and Nine Pounds for apprehending the thief, to be paid on his being convicted of this offence. JAMES LLOYD CHAMBERLAINE. ‖7/6.

To be SOLD, in Orange county, Virginia,

A TRACT, containing 840 acres, of well wooded and watered LAND, suitable for tobacco, or any kind of grain, situated on the branches of Swift Run, and very near the great road that leads from Augusta Court-house, to the towns of Fredericksburg and Falmouth, at the Falls of Rappahannock river, and where a ready market ever may be found for all kinds of country produce; the said land is distant from these towns only 60 miles, and both it and the neighbourhood of it, affords a range for every sort of stock, hardly to be exhausted, as the cattle that use thereon are well known to be as good for beef, or butter, as any in the colony. Any person inclinable to purchase the said land, may apply to Captain WILLIAM BELL, who lives adjoining, and with whom they may contract for the sum of £ 165, ready money; or, the sum of £ 173: 5: 0, on 12 months credit. The purchaser may have immediate possession, and an indisputable title, conveyed by JOHN ROWZEE, and ROBERT BROOKE, Executors of William Brooke. 4*w.*

PATAPSCO FURNACE, *near* ELK-RIDGE LANDING, *in* ANNE-ARUNDEL COUNTY.

To be SOLD at PUBLIC VENDUE, on the second Day of November next, containing about Four Thousand Four Hundred ACRES of LAND, in several TRACTS, *viz.* ONE of 1700 acres, one of 1500, and another on the river side, with a valuable fishery for a seine, containing 466 acres, besides several small tracts, all on or near the river Patapsco. The three large tracts mentioned are situated only about six or eight miles from Baltimore-town, where is a ready-money market, twice a week, for all sorts of provision.

There are on the premises one large PLANTATION, containing about 500 acres, another of 200, with convenient houses, and cleared ground sufficient to make a third Plantation of 400 acres, some grubbing and fencing only wanted; a large quantity of meadow-land; a Furnace built about the year 1760, with a stone and brick bridge, and casting-house; a new grist mill, fit for country work, standing on a fine stream of water, and also a mill seat or situation on navigable water, where has been a mill formerly; its situation is perhaps as pleasant and advantageous, for erecting a large merchant mill on, as any in the province, and lies convenient to all the back country of Elk-ridge, and Frederick county, for the purchase of wheat, the water carriage to Baltimore-town being not more than 10 or 12 miles.

There will likewise be exposed to sale, provided the Lands and Plantations are disposed of, a number of valuable Servants and Negroes, several of which last have been employed in a Furnace, *viz.* one young fellow, a good workman as keeper, others as fillers and assistants to the founder and keeper below, and some used to raising ore, and cutting wood. As also horses, cattle, sheep, hogs, &c. with plantation utensils of all kinds, as well as a crop of corn and wheat on the ground.

The whole will be sold together or in parcels, as may best suit the purchasers. Conditions of the purchase to be agreed on the day of sale. For further particulars, enquire of the subscriber, at Baltimore-town, or of JAMES WALKER, near Elk-ridge Landing, who will shew the lands and improvements, to any desirous of seeing them. HARRISON, and COMPANY.

N. B. There is in the neighbourhood, adjacent to the land, a very fine and valuable range for stock. ‖ 9 *W.*

Fell's Point, August 27, 1772.

To be SOLD, at public VENDUE (if not before sold at private sale) on Wednesday, the 4th of November next, at the house of Mr. William Douglass, on Fell's Point, the following LOTS or PARCELS of LAND, viz.

ONE lot of ground, on Fell's Point, 40 feet front on Thames street (with a very good wharff) whereon is built a very large and commodious brick house, 3 stories high, compleatly finished.

One other lot of ground, 40 feet front on said street, and adjoining to said house.

One other lot of ground, 23 feet front on said street, and also adjoining to said house.

Also ten acres of land, adjoining to Baltimore-town; a remarkable pleasant situation, being a hill, that affords a beautiful prospect of both town and point, and has great appearance of iron ore in it.

The abovementioned lots, and ten acres of land, are free from groundrent, and the title to the whole is indisputable. Any person inclinable to purchase any of the abovementioned lots, or ten acres of land, before the day of sale, may know the terms, by applying to Thomas Bond, son of John, or to the subscriber. ¶ JOHN BOND.

To be SOLD, by the SUBSCRIBER, living in Frederick county, Maryland,

A Valuable TRACT of LAND, containing about 1700 acres, lying on Conecocheague creek, about 80 miles from Baltimore, 30 miles from Frederick-town, and 6 miles from Huger's-town. There are several good improvements on the said tract, on one of which the subscriber now lives, whereon is a good new stone dwelling-house, new stone kitchen, good new grist-mill and saw-mill (the mill-houses built of stone) an extraordinary good orchard, that produces 60 hogsheads of cyder yearly, there are already 80 acres of good meadow made, and in very good order, and 200 more may easily be made, about 200 acres of upland cleared on the said plantation, it lies in a populous part of the country, and is well situated for any public business; the land is well known, and needs little to recommend it; the soil is rich, well watered with springs, and extremely well timbered; it commands a beautiful prospect of Conecocheague creek, being nearly surrounded by it; it is well situated to divide in 4 or 5 plantations. Terms of sale may be known, by applying to the subscriber, who will give an indisputable title to the purchaser, free from any incumbrance, with the quitrents paid up to the day of sale. ISAAC BAKER. ‖ 8*w.*

VIRGINIA, July 15, 1772.

THE subscribers hereby give notice, that they have to dispose of TWO TRACTS or LAND, lying nearly contiguous, in the county of Culpepper, on Stanton river, containing about 3200 acres; part whereof is level, and part mountainous; and a considerable part is as rich as any to be found among the Great Mountains. On one of the said tracts of land there is a rich mine of iron ore, which, in the opinion of good judges, has an uncommon advantage in its situation, on account of these essential articles wood and water, and almost every other necessary for erecting and supporting iron works.

On the other tract of land there is a small though valuable Grist-mill, to which the water is conveyed from the river by a canal. The said Mill has lately been rebuilt, and is kept in repair with very little trouble or expence, being quite out of danger from any freshes. There is also a new dwelling-house, 32 feet by 18, and sundry other houses.

There are plantations on each tract, suitable for either farming or planting, and good apple-orchards on both. There is a good waggon road from the said land to Fredericksburg and Falmouth, the nearest trading towns on Rappahannock river, being about 65 miles. Any persons inclinable to purchase are desired to apply to the subscribers, in Spotsylvania county, who will shew them the land, and make known the terms, which will be reasonable; they live within 25 miles of Fredericksburg, where directions may be had of Mr. James Maury, Merchant, or Mr. Benjamin Johnson. JOHN LEWIS.

¶8W. WALLER LEWIS.

Chester-Town, Maryland, August 18, 1772.

RUN away from the subscribers, living in Chester-Town, on the 16th instant, two servant men, viz. WILLIAM FAGAN, born in Ireland, about 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, of a fair complexion, dark brown hair, tied behind, full smooth face, has a mole on his upper lip, and is a Taylor by trade; had on, and took with him, a blue broadcloth coat, with yellow buttons, a scarlet lappelled jacket, with buttons of the same, brown holland breeches, broad chequered trowsers, and sundry other cloaths. ROBERT CAMPBELL, born in the north of Ireland, about 5 feet 10 inches high, of a dark complexion, short black hair, has a tolerable education, and will probably forge a pass; he is also a Taylor by trade; had on a raven grey cloth coat, short jacket, ticken breeches, and new shoes, with silver buckles, marked I. S. Whoever apprehends the said servants, so that their masters may have them again, shall receive SIX POUNDS reward, if taken within this province; if out of the province, TEN POUNDS, and all reasonable charges, paid by EDWARD SCANLAN, and CHARLES ALLEN. § 7/6.

PHILADELPHIA: Printed by DAVID HALL, and WILLIAM SELLERS, at the NEW PRINTING-OFFICE, near the *Market*.

POSTSCRIPT to the PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE. No. 2283.

LONDON, *July* 11.

ON Wedneſday laſt the Portugueſe Miniſter had a private Conference with Lord Rochford, relative to ſome Diſpatches of Importance received within theſe few Days from his Court.

By the laſt Accounts from Holland we hear, that the Approach of a general War throughout Europe, is at preſent the chief Subject of Converſation in that Country.

Advices from Breſt ſay, that a Fire broke out in the Dock-yard there the Middle of laſt Month; it began in the Rope-yard, but being timely diſcovered, it was extinguiſhed without doing much Damage.

A Correſpondent aſſures us, that our Court by no Means intend to accede to any Meaſures by which the conſtitutional Independence of the City of Dantzick may be affected.

Neither the Spaniſh, French, Ruſſian, nor Imperial Ambaſſadors, attended the Levee on Thurſday at St. James's, a Circumſtance very ſeldom known before.

Poliſh Pruſſia, the Country which the King of Pruſſia claims, and of which he is now taking Poſſeſſion, is bounded on the North by the Baltic Sea, on the South by the Provinces of Cujavia and Maſovia, on the Eaſt by that of Samogitia, and on the Weſt by Pomerania. Theſe Territories were at firſt ſubject to certain ſovereign Dukes, until the Knights of the Teutonic Order got the Poſſeſſion of them in the 13th Century, after a tedious War. In 1454 the weſtern Part was ſubdued by the Polanders; and Albert, Marquis of Brandenburg (the 34th and laſt Maſter of that Order) having ſhaken off the Popiſh Yoke, obtained the eaſtern Part, under the Title of a Duchy, about the Year 1520; ſo that Pruſſia has been divided, ever ſince that Time, into Royal and Ducal. The above Albert embraced the Doctrine of Luther, perſwaded moſt of the Teutonic Knights to marry, and introduced the Reformed Religion into the Country, which is fruitful, but overſpread with Woods: It is watered by a great Number of Rivers, the chief of which are the Wieſſel, the Cronon or Niemen, the Nugat, the Elbing, the Weſer, and the Paſſar; there are alſo ſome Lakes ſeven Poliſh Miles in Compaſs, and many Bays and ſafe Harbours on the Sea Coaſts. The antient Inhabitants have been long ſince extirpated, and the preſent Inhabitants are a Kind of mixed People, from Sweden, Poland, Germany, and other neighbouring Countries.

Baron Van Swieten, who died lately at Vienna, was born at Leyden, and ſtudied Phyſic at that Univerſity, under the illuſtrious Profeſſor Boerhaave. He continued to practice his Art there for ſome Time, but his great Reputation having reached Vienna, he was invited to ſettle there by the Empreſs Queen, who appointed him Commander of the Order of St. Stephen, Counſellor, firſt Phyſician, and Librarian to their Imperial Majeſties. He was alſo choſen a Member of ſeveral literary Academies and Societies in Europe. The Empreſs Queen, who during his laſt Illneſs ſeveral Times viſited him, after his Death, ordered his Remains to be interred in one of the Chapels belonging to the Auguſtines, where are repoſited the Aſhes of Heroes, and other great Men, who, in their Life Times, had rendered themſelves particularly eminent for their great Actions.

The preſent Court of Eaſt-India Directors have acquired great Reputation by their late noble Support of public Credit, and we hear they are generouſly determined to make a minute Examination into private Grievances. On Wedneſday laſt they gave a moſt honourable Teſtimony in Favour of Capt. Donnellan's Character, who, among other Gentlemen, had felt the Hand of Oppreſſion abroad, and had no Redreſs to expect, but in ſubmitting his Conduct to the Reviſion of the Direction in this Country.

They write from the Hague, that a Loan of 1,000,000 Ducats had juſt been negotiated there, for the Uſe of the King of Pruſſia.

The ſame Letters add, that Matters being compromiſed with the Algerines, the additional Reinforcement of 4 Men of War, deſtined for the Mediterranean, had received Orders to ſail for the Eaſt-Indies.

Letters from Amſterdam mention, that a Loan of Five Millions of Livres has lately been advanced by the Merchants of that Place, for the Service of the Court of Verſailles.

July 13. *It is ſaid that Great-Britain has at length come into the meaſures of the Emperor, the Empreſs of Ruſſia, and the King of Pruſſia, regarding Poland; and that the chief advantage to be derived by us, from this acceſſion, is, reſpecting Hanover and Oſnaburgh, the ſafety of which being guaranteed on any future war, we may avoid all future continental belligerant connections.*

A gentleman, very eminent in political and commercial knowledge, is now very buſy, under the patronage of Lord North, in forming a plan (the outlines of which his Lordſhip has ſeen, and approves of) for the regulation of private banking, in which the reciprocal advantage of every party will be materially attended to, and that important branch of buſineſs thrown on a ſafe and permanent footing.

Some diſpatches of a very important nature are preparing at the Secretary's office for the Court of Copenhagen. It is ſaid they will be carried by a perſon of diſtinction, who is to demand an explicit anſwer within ten days after his arrival.

We are aſſured that Captain Cooke, Mr. Forſter, tranſlator of Bourgainville's Voyage, and Son, with a number of other learned Gentlemen, have actually ſet ſail, in order to make new diſcoveries in the South Seas. Captain Cooke was the Gentleman in whoſe ſhip Mr. Banks and Dr. Solander ſailed round the world.

We hear that the Directors of the Bank ſat on Thurſday till half paſt five o' clock, when they came to a reſolution to diſcount the bills of ſeveral Bankers of this city, &c.

Extract of a letter from Cracow, June 21.

"*Every preparation was made to receive the garriſon of Tyniec, who ſurrendered, and paſſports were prepared by the Ruſſians for the garriſon; but they refuſed at laſt, and would only ſurrender to the Auſtrians. General Bibikow ordered they ſhould be attacked with the greateſt vigour, and it is feared they will have no quarter given them. The Auſtrians and Ruſſians act now in conjunction.*"

Extract of a letter from Paris, July 3.

"*Some letters from Madrid pretend, that the King of Spain is ſo much diſpleaſed with the Republic of Genoa, for favouring the expelled Jeſuits, that he has forbid his ſubjects to hold any communication with the inhabitants of that Republic.*"

Two letters are handed about, which came by the laſt packet, and dated at Paris, from Mr. Fordyce to two of his friends in London, one of whom was totally ruined by his failure; the purport of the letter addreſſed to this gentleman, is little more than adviſing him to keep company with men of honour *and* virtue.

The ſecond was likewiſe directed to a very great ſufferer by him, wherein Mr. Fordyce acquaints him, ſeemingly with unconcern, that he has broken into his laſt guinea; ſuppoſes many aſperſions, and ſevere reflections, are thrown on his character; notwithſtanding which, he hopes to drink many a bottle with him, and to convince all the world, that he has ever acted with the ſtricteſt integrity and honour to all mankind.

Expreſſes have been ſent over to a certain bankrupt, informing him, that application will be made for him to the French Court, if he does not appear to his ſtatute; in conſequence of which, we hear, he intends retiring to Holland, and getting himſelf naturalized in one of the Provinces.

It is ſaid that when the Earl of Chatham was laſt at Court (being conſulted on the occaſion) he recommended to his Majeſty a mode of adminiſtration that will entirely conciliate the preſent diſſentions ſubſiſting between all parties, and that the ſame is now under the conſideration of a Great Perſonage.

It is no leſs true than extraordinary, that during the time Mr. Pitt, now Earl of Chatham, was pay-maſter of the forces, he never once attempted to employ the public money then in his hands to his own private emolument.

Mr. F----- the banker, who has been reported ſeveral times to be in France, was yeſterday ſeen with ſome friends at the George Inn at Iſlington, from whence he ſet off about eight in the evening in a poſt chaiſe and four for town.

They write from Bruſſels, that ſeveral independent companies are ordered to be raiſed in that country, for the ſervice of the Empreſs of Ruſſia.

July 14. *The Diſputes ſome Time ſubſiſting between the Earl of Hillſborough and the Miniſtry, relative to ſome Grants of Land intended for a Settlement in North America, are compromiſed, to the Satisfaction of both Parties.*

By a Survey already made of our Docks, Yards, and Shipping, by the Earl of Sandwich, it appears that there are upwards of 60 Men of War of the Line fit for immediate Service.

Yeſterday Morning early a Meſſenger was diſpatched to the Lord Chancellor at Fairy-hill; on his Return he was diſpatched again on ſome extraordinary Buſineſs.

July 15. Yeſterday the Earl of Hillſborough, Secretary of State for the Plantations, had a great Levee at his houſe in Hanover Square, at which ſeveral of the North American Merchants and Colony Agents were preſent.

Extract of a letter from Auxerre, in Burgundy, June 4.

"We have been in the utmoſt conſternation here, occaſioned by an earthquake, attended by a violent ſtorm of thunder and lightning. I was at ſupper laſt night, about nine o'clock, at the Hotel de Petit Paris, when I felt the firſt ſhock, which laſted near two ſeconds, and threw every thing off the table; this ſhock was inſtantly followed by another equally ſevere; immediately I got down into the ſtreet, where a great number of people was gathered, and moſt of them upon their knees; I was hardly in the ſtreet before another ſhock was perceived, and the ſpires of the two Dominican Churches came tumbling down, but no perſon was hurt; then began the ſtorm, and ſuch ſheets of fire poured down, that, for our preſervation, we were forced into the Churches, and the Biſhop's palace was full. About five minutes after it began, one of the Convents took fire, every one was fearful of venturing to help the poor Nuns, who ran out almoſt naked; ſtupified with fear, they kneeled down in the ſtreet, and remained immovable. About an hour after the ſtorm began to abate, and by five in the morning every element was intirely compoſed, and a more beautiful morning I never ſaw. The damage done was not near ſo conſiderable as was expected, as the two Churches and the Convent were the only ſufferers. The amazement was general, but now is pretty well over, and we have nothing elſe but Maſſes and Prayers to deprecate the vengeance of an offended Deity."

Saturday morning Mr. Banks and Dr. Solander ſet ſail for Iceland, to proſecute new diſcoveries in Botany.

July 16. Yeſterday there was but a thin Levee at St. James's, and no Council; Lord North had a conference with his Majeſty before he ſet out for Kew.

It is ſaid that letters of recal are ordered to be ſent to Henry Lyttleton, Eſq; his Majeſty's Ambaſſador at the Court of Liſbon, at his own deſire.

It is reported that the Court of Great-Britain has declared an unalterable reſolution to maintain the independency of Dantzic, Elbing, Marlenburgh, and the other trading towns upon the Viſtula.

Lord H---------h's objection to colonization, if founded on the obſervation, that a conſiderable part of the native country lies waſte and uncultivated, is juſt; it certainly ſhould firſt be improved.

It is ſaid that the marriage of Prince Frederick of Denmark with the Princeſs Royal of Sweden is concluded upon, but that the time for conſummating the ſame depends on the pleaſure of the King of Pruſſia.

The laſt letters from Copenhagen mention, that his Daniſh Majeſty had iſſued out an ordinance to limit the time of all mourning, public and private, to the ſpace of one month, and has likewiſe ſignified his pleaſure, that it ſhall be no ſlight, as it is to be ſhort.

Letters from Turin by the laſt poſt mention, that his Sardinian Majeſty had juſt put the finiſhing hand to a new treaty of commerce with his Sicilian Majeſty, by which the ſhips of the former were intitled to ſome new privileges in the ports of the two Sicilies.

Extract of a letter from Plymouth, July 12.

"According to your requeſt I have endeavoured to ſend you as compleat a liſt of the ſhips in this port as poſſible: The artificers have been very buſy lately, and work an additional tide; the Duke, a ſecond rate, and the Conqueror and Nonſuch, a third and fourth Rate, are going on with great expedition; and orders have been ſent down lately to the Maſter Builder, to lay down a firſt rate in the room of the Conqueror, which will be launched about September. The ſhips at preſent under repair are the Foudroyant and Plymouth Tranſport; the Adventure and Reſolution will ſoon ſail for the South Seas upon diſcoveries."

Orders are ſent to Deptford, for fitting up the Carcaſe and Thunder Bombs for ſervice with all Expedition.

All the men of war now outward bound, at Portſmouth and Plymouth, are ordered to take on board their full complement of marines.

The laſt packet from North-America has brought a letter of thanks from the city of Boſton to Colonel Barre, Agent for Maſſachuſetts-Bay, for his ſpirited behaviour in Parliament during the laſt Seſſion.

Extract of a letter from Edinburgh, July 9.

"I never remember ſuch a ſeaſon as we have at preſent; the fields look moſt beautiful, a great appearance of a fine crop of all ſorts of grain, a fine hay ſeaſon, and a prodigious crop, a vaſt appearance of fruit, ſtrawberries, the beſt I ever ſaw, at two-pence and three-pence the quart. If our money be ſcarce, we ſhall have plenty in the country for man and beaſt."

Lately died, at Warrington, Mr. Abraham Titley, a Quaker, and owner of a capital iron manufactory upon the River Merſey.

It is aſſerted that Negotiations of a very private Nature are now on the Carpet between his Pruſſian Majeſty and the Britiſh Court, in which no other Powers are concerned.

Prince Maſſerano, the Spaniſh Ambaſſador, who will ſet out on his Return home in a few Days, is on his Arrival at Madrid to be created Prime Miniſter of State. His Brother is appointed his Succeſſor here.

A Loan is negotiating here for his Daniſh Majeſty of a conſiderable Sum, for which the Agents have offered conſiderable Advantages to the Adventurers.

Laſt Wedeſday died at Clackmannan Caſtle, in Scotland, Harry Bruce, of Clackmannan, Eſq; aged 72, deſcended of John de Bruce, third Son of Robert, Lord Annandale, who was Competitor for the Crown of Scotland with John Baliol. He was Heir of Sir Robert Bruce, of Clackmannan, who, in 1359, obtained a Charter of the Caſtle and Lands of Clackmannan from King David Bruce, in which he is deſigned the King's beloved and faithful Couſine. By his leaving no Iſſue, the ancient and honourable Family of Bruce, of Clackmannan, becomes extinct.

Extract of a Letter from the Hague, July 10.

"We have Letters from good Hands here which aſſure, that the reſpective Miniſters Plenipotentiary have opened the Congreſs at Buchareſt with great Appearance of Succeſs: That the Court of Ruſſia has propoſed three Articles as the preliminary Conditions of Peace, which do not ſeem to meet with the hearty Concurrence of the other Powers, though it is to be hoped they will be brought into better Temper by Degrees. The Subſtance of theſe three Articles are ſaid to be, 1ſt, That the Court of Peterſbourg ſhall keep Poſſeſſion of the Conqueſts obtained over the Turks during the preſent War. 2dly, That 10,000,000 Rubles ſhall be paid to that Court, to defray the Expences incurred by the War. And 3dly, That the Porte ſhall enter into a moſt ſolemn Engagement not to interfere any more in the Affairs of Poland. There are People who go ſo far as to aſſure us, that the Miniſters of the reſpective Powers have already acceded to the above-mentioned Articles; but we cannot help conſidering this as a little premature."

It is aſſerted, the Amount of Mr. Fordyce's Debts, under his own private Commiſſion, and the Debts under the Partnerſhip, amount together to 550,000l.

Yeſterday a Board of Trade was held at the Plantation Office, Whitehall, in conſequence of recent diſpatches from America.

Yeſterday diſpatches were ſent from the Admiralty to the Commiſſioners of the ſeveral Dock-Yards.

A Board of Treaſury is ſummoned to meet on ſome important affairs this day.

Yeſterday an expreſs was ſent to Lord North in the country, to attend the above Board. And alſo the Council to be held this day at St. James's.

An anonymous correſpondent ſays, we may aſſure the public, from good authority, that notwithſtanding the pacific diſpoſition of our Miniſtry, and the happy tranquil ſtate their minions labour to perſuade us we are ſecure in, there were ſcarce ever known, even in the midſt of war, greater demands for all kinds of ſtores for the uſe of the navy than at preſent, inſomuch that the contractors in almoſt eveay branch, particularly hops, are far from being able to ſupply them on this emergency.

The ſame correſpondent alſo ſays, we may be aſſured that Meſſrs. Vere and Fletcher in Cornhill, have received orders for 20,000 ſuits of ſeamens cloaths, and 50,000 Dutch caps, to be got ready with all expedition, and that in all likelihood preſs-warrants will be iſſued out before this month's at an end.

Letters from Berlin mention, that the King ordered a Detachment of 8000 Men, with 10 Pieces of Cannon, to march immediately into Poland, which Order was put in Execution on the 20th of laſt Month.

We are informed, overtures are now on foot between our Miniſtry and the Court of Denmark, relative to pecuniary appointments of the unfortunate Queen. This matter, we learn, is intended to be ſettled upon ſo eligible a plan, that it will preclude the poſſibility of its giving riſe to any future differences between the two powers.

So critical are the affairs of the Miniſtry, that they are doing and undoing almoſt every hour. An expreſs was a few days ago ſent for a noble Lord to town, and about ſix hours after was countermanded. What can theſe things portend? The downfal of the Miniſtry, or new chains forging for the people? The latter pray that the makers may be the wearers.

A correſpondent, on reading in our paper, that the great defaulter had not yet made out his accounts, ſays, the public may ſuſpend their expectations, for his accounts will not be made out till after his death, when all the ſecrets will be revealed by his will.

Lord ---------- has certainly only been a cat's paw, and not the defaulter of unaccounted millions, as is imagined. He will undoubtedly never unboſom this affair, to the prejudice of thoſe who have moſt reaſon to be afraid, having pledged his life for their ſecurity; but when that life is at an end, then tremble defaulters!

Two great perſonages have actually the preſent extravagance of dreſs, in both ſexes, under conſideration to reform them, if ſetting the example themſelves, and enjoining all their dependents to imitate them, would do it. Indeed the many ill conſequences that the modern mode of dreſs has been the ſource of, has long called for a reformation.

If a native either of England, Ireland, or Scotland, commits any miſdemeanor in Spain, ſo as to be liable to puniſhment, enquiry is always made, by the proper officers, whether he is a mechanic, and ingenious in his profeſſion. If he is, he is immediately ſet at liberty, on condition of his agreeing to go and exerciſe his art in ſuch place and manner as is thought proper by the emiſſaries of government employed for that purpoſe. This is proof enough how willing they are to give encouragement to our artificers; though our government, by their indifferent behaviour, ſeem to think them of no more importance to the kingdom than ſo many jackaſſes.

An accommodation is almoſt compleated between Alderman Wilkes and his lady, through the pious interpoſition of his amiable daughter: A circumſtance, which, when finiſhed, will elevate him above the feeble attempts of the Miniſterial malignants, as he then will be maſter of an immenſe fortune.

It is ſaid that Mr. Sheriff Wilkes ſtands a very fair chance of being Lord Mayor for the year enſuing, partly owing, as it is ſaid, to the other candidate's having obliged the majority of the Court of Aldermen, and partly, as it is inſiſted from the preſumed aſſiſtance he will receive from the miniſtry, who are of opinion, when once his ambition is accompliſhed, they ſhall have nothing to fear from ſo formidable and inſidious an adverſary.

It is likewiſe certain, that Mr. Wilkes's aſſiduity as a magiſtrate, together with the univerſal odium of his enemies, has very conſiderably contributed to the probability of ſuch an event.

July 17. *The Duke of Cumberland, in giving directions to have all his ſervants wages paid up to the laſt quarter-day, jocularly obſerved at the ſame time to his Treaſurer, "You ſee, Le Grand, I've been ſo long from* Court, *that I've forgot every part of* its practice."

The Lords of the Treaſury are, we hear, determined in future, that every banker, who keeps caſh on account of the Crown, ſhall give a large ſecurity; as the late loſs by Mr. Fordyce ſhews, that houſes, the moſt ſeemingly ſolvent, may totter on the verge of deſtruction.

Wedneſday the Bank of England, purſuant to act of Parliament, began paying off to the ſeveral ſubſcribers a moiety, or half part of the million and half, 3 per cent. annuities, ſome time ſince ſubſcribed; together with the whole intereſt due.

Extract of a letter from Algiers, May 25.

"*The Dey hath cauſed public notice to be given, that the money coined by Ali Bey, Caimacan of Egypt, ſhall no longer be current in the kingdom of Algiers; and he hath forbidden the French merchants, ſettled in this port, to import any of that ſpecie from Marſeilles. He hath augmented the duties of exportation on wax, wool, leather, &c.*

They write from Stockholm, that ſome late extraordinary proceedings on the continent, have induced his Majeſty, with advice of the Senate, to order a conſiderable augmentation in the navy and land forces of Sweden.

Letters from Madrid ſay, "*We hear from all the provinces, that there never was in remembrance ſo fine a proſpect of a plentiful vintage as now; the grapes being in many parts entirely fit for plucking at this time, and in ſuch quantities, that they dry three-fourths more than is ſufficient to make the uſual quantity of wine.*

They write from Toulon, that the Adelaide, a man of war of 60 guns, foundered in a ſtorm on the 24th of laſt month, within ſight of the harbour. Several galleys put off to her aſſiſtance, and ſaved the men, but the ſhip was loſt.

Some letters from the Hague mention, that the city of Dantzick has choſen the King of Pruſſia for its Patron and Protector; in conſequence of which, the citizens have refuſed to pay the Capitation Tax to the King of Poland as before.

We have the pleaſure of hearing that there is an intention of ſuppreſſing all the Royal Plates given for the encouragement of running horſes; as this particular breed of animals is not only utterly without uſe, but often the ſource of deſtruction to many of our firſt families.

AYR (in SCOTLAND) *July* 1, 1772.

The noblemen and gentlemen of the ſhire of Ayr, having met this day at Ayr to conſider of the public credit of this county, and being ſenſible of the ſolidity of the Banking Company of Douglas, Heron and Co. do unanimouſly reſolve, to the utmoſt of our power, to ſupport their credit, and for that purpoſe, to take their notes from our tenants, and in every other tranſaction: And we further reſolve, to claim no advantage from an advertiſement of that company, dated June 25th, offering "to pay five per cent. intereſt for ſuch of their notes as remain in the circle till paid, after the 26th of June ult." And we order our Clerk to cauſe to be publiſhed our reſolution in the Edinburgh and Glaſgow news-papers.

Extracted from the books of the Commiſſioners of Supply for the county of Ayr, by

JA. FERGUSON, Clerk.

N. B. The merchants and manufacturers in Kilmarnock, have ſigned an obligation to the above effect.

Since our laſt, we have received the following liſt of gentlemen, who have all entered into the reſolution to accept in payment the Notes of Douglas, Heron and Company; viz. Sir Alexander Don of Newtown, Bart. Sir John Patterſon of Eccles, Bart. Sir Robert Pringle of Stitchill, Bart. Sir James Douglas of Springwood Park; Sir George Hay M^cDougall, of Makerſtow, Bart. James Pringle, Eſq; younger of Stitchill; William Ker, Eſq; for his Grace the Duke of Roxburgh; Walter Scott, Eſq; of Harden; John Waldie, Eſq; of Henderſide; George Rutherford, Eſq; of Fairington; William Ker, Eſq; of Chatto; Thomas Turnbull, Eſq; of Know; Robert Howieſon, Eſq; of Orchard; Archibald Swinton, Eſq; of Manderſton; Thomas Rait, Eſq; of Longformacus; Dr. Charles Jackſon of Nichola Townſhela.

September 30, 1772. NUMB. 2284

The PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

Containing the Freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtic.

By Captain SPARKS, arrived here from London; and Captain LAWRENCE, arrived at New-York, from the ſame Place, we have the following Advices.

CONSTANTINOPLE, June 3.

IN conſequence of a ſuſpenſion of arms being agreed upon between the Ruſſians and our troops, the Miniſters from Vienna and Berlin will ſet out in 10 or 12 days for Jaſſy, to aſſiſt at the congreſs. They have already received of the Porte 50 purſes each for travelling expences, and their allowance per day is likewiſe ſettled, which ſhews that we are in earneſt with regard to a peace; and it is even preſumed that the preliminary articles are already agreed upon.

Warſaw, June 27. The King of Pruſſia had appointed the 9th of this month to receive homage for Poliſh Pruſſia, at Marienbourg, where he arrived the 7th for that purpoſe; but a courier arriving that day, whom the King took into his cloſet, and diſpatched with anſwers immediately, changed the face of affairs, and his Majeſty put off the above ceremony to the 27th inſtant, and returned to his dominions the 11th.

Smyrna, May 9. The laſt cargoes of corn ſent to Conſtantinople did not prove ſo ſucceſsful as the former, the Ruſſian ſquadron having ſeized ſome of them. Our great men, inſtead of uniting againſt the common enemy, are quarrelling among one another; which diſſenſions interrupt the march of the caravans, for fear of being plundered by one ſide or the other.

From the Frontiers of Turkey, May 25. Admiral Knowles is arrived at Kilia in the Black Sea, with ſeveral Engliſh and Dutch Officers. The Ruſſians have a body of troops in Mingrelia, under the command of Major General Suchotin, who has made ſome progreſs on the ſide of the Black Sea, and is ſupported by the little Ruſſian ſquadron near Aſoph. It is pretended that the Princes of Cachetie, Carduel, Imeſette, Mingrelia, Aſchaſia, and Guriel, act in concert with the Ruſſians againſt the Turks.

Liſbon, June 16. The Dos Quintos arrived here the 9th inſtant from Rio Janeiro, with 7,500,000 cruſadoes in ſpecie, and a cheſt of diamonds, valued at 1,500,000 cruſadoes. The Notre Dame de la Grace is alſo returned from the ſame place, with effects to the amount of 6,000,000 cruſadoes.

Peterſbourg, June 26. A Courier, who is arrived here from the firſt army of her Imperial Majeſty, hath brought advice, that Field-marſhal Romanzow, and the Grand Viſir Muſſum Sad Mehemet Bacha, ſigned, on the 30th of laſt month, an armiſtice, which ſuſpends all hoſtilities between the two belligerant powers in Aſia and Europe, both by ſea and land, during all the time of holding the congreſs, at which will be regulated the conditions for terminating the war, and a truce will be made; for the Turks, according to their law, dare not make a peace with thoſe whom they term Infidels.

Copenhagen, July 4. M. Ræmeling, firſt Lieutenant of Marine, arrived here the 29th ult. from Algiers, by the way of Marſeilles, from whence he continued his Route over land, and hath brought his Majeſty the agreeable news that Rear Admiral Hoogland, after he had concluded a peace with the regency of Algiers, ſailed for Tunis, to confirm alſo the peace with that Barbarian Power, and re-eſtabliſh the ſafety of the Daniſh flag in the Mediterranean.

Lemberg, June 24. It is aſſerted here with an air of authenticity, that the Porte has conſented to let Crimea be an independent State.

Cracovia, June 30. Every thing continues in the ſame ſituation here. The Confederates have not yet ſurrendered Tyniec; but, on the contrary, they on the 22d inſtant executed one Bleveque, their Commander, who, in concert with five others, had formed a deſign to deliver up the place to the Ruſſians.

Vienna, July 1. According to our accounts from Poland, the greateſt harmony ſubſiſts between the troops of the three Powers now in that kingdom. Ours find great plenty of proviſions; for the Polanders, being no longer afraid of being plundered by the Confederates, bring their cattle to the Army, and ſell them at a very reaſonable price.

Warſaw, July 15. *The Confederates who are in Czenſtochau, have reſolved, in imitation of thoſe at Tyniec, not to deliver up the place to the Ruſſians, but only to the King, on which account they have ſent two Deputies hither. The Auſtrians had a mind to poſſeſs themſelves of Lemberg, but the Ruſſians will not give up that place to them till after the peace is concluded. The former took great pains to get at the archives which the Confederacy collected during the troubles in Poland, but General Vioneſnil took them away with him when he returned to France. The Confederates ſeized one Paſkowſki, within eight miles of Cracovia, who was coming here to ſurrender himſelf to the King.*

July 16. *The Emperor of Germany has publiſhed an Edict, ſignifying that the neceſſary proviſions for his troops in Poland muſt be furniſhed, for which purpoſe the quantity of all the corn, hay and ſtraw, in the ſeveral diſtricts is enquired into, and regiſtered very accurately, as are alſo the oxen, horſes, &c. which the troops ſhall have occaſion for. His Imperial Majeſty directs that every thing ſhall be paid for at the uſual price.*

Bologna, July 14. *They write from Venice, that the Regency of Milan has received orders to ſend troops to take poſſeſſion of the town of San Remo.*

Conſtantinople, June 17. Letters from Paros adviſe, that Admiral Spiritoff has releaſed all the French ſhips (twelve in number) which his fleet had ſeized; two of them are already arrived at Smyrna.

Admiral Knowles is arrived at Jaſſy from Kilia Nova, where he has inſpected the ſhips of war lately conſtructed there for the Ruſſian ſervice.

Corke, July 2. On Monday laſt Robert Hill, Eſq; perceiving his ſkin to appear all over in ſpots, though he never enjoyed better health, ſent for a Phyſician, who on ſeeing his ſituation pronounced him to be in a dangerous way, and his exiſtence in this life to be of ſhort duration, ordered him ſome remedy, but without hope of ſucceſs, and he died the next day, without the leaſt pain.

Carlow, July 8. Yeſterday arrived here from Corke, eſcorted by a party of the Light Horſe, 70,000 l. for the uſe of Sir George Colebrooke's Bank; from whence it was ſent off immediately for Dublin, eſcorted by a party of the Firſt Regiment of Horſe.

Edinburgh, July 10. We hear that the Merchants of Glaſgow have, within theſe 14 days, ſold the French agent here, tobacco to the value of upwards of 60,000 l. ſterling, payable as ſoon as ſhipped.

The houſe of a Company of Merchants at Glaſgow has ſtopt payment.

July 13. We are informed from undoubted authority, that a credit for 160,000 l. ſterling has been lately granted by the Bank of England, for the uſe of a great Houſe in this City. That before this credit was granted, their affairs were examined into, from whence it appeared that they are poſſeſſed of real eſtates, greatly exceeding all their engagements, beſides a large fortune employed in different branches of trade. The intelligence afforded univerſal ſatisfaction; and the general toaſt here is, "Proſperity to the Bank of England."

July 15. The Houſe of Meſſrs. William Alexander and Sons of this place, which had ſtopped payment about three weeks ago, began buſineſs again on Monday, in conſequence of a loan from the Bank of England.

We are credibly informed, that the Bank of Douglas, Heron and Co. have obtained from the Bank of England a loan of 300,000l. ſterling.

JOHN DRINKER, junior,

Hath removed from his late dwelling, in Second-ſtreet, to the Weſt ſide of Front-ſtreet, nearly oppoſite the City Vendue ſtore, being the houſe lately occupied by William Parr, Eſq; WHERE he continues to make and ſell, wholeſale and retail, Beaver, Caſtor and Raccoon HATS.

And has alſo for ſale, on reaſonable terms, a pretty large variety of European and Eaſt-India GOODS.

THE MEMBERS of *The Society for the Relief of poor and diſtreſſed Maſters of Ships, their Widows and Children*, are deſired to attend their General Meeting, on Monday next, the Fifth of October, at the Coffee-Houſe, at Five o'Clock.

NOW Opening, at RANDLE MITCHELL's ſtore, in Water-ſtreet, near Walnut-ſtreet, A general Aſſortment of European and India GOODS, imported in the Mary and Elizabeth, Captain Sparks, and the laſt veſſels from Liverpool and Briſtol, and daily expects more from Hull, which he will ſell, on as low terms as they are generally ſold for in the city, either for caſh, ſhort or long credit, as may beſt ſuit the purchaſers; amongſt which aſſortment are, nails, ſteel, frying-pans, bar lead, ſhot, gun powder, London and Briſtol pewter, madder, pepper, mace, cinnamon, cloves and nutmegs, window glaſs, writing paper and paſteboards, ermine for cloaks, canvas, and crewels. &c. 6 w.

STEPHEN CARMICK,

Has juſt imported, at his STORE, in Water-ſtreet, the fourth door above Market-ſtreet, a large and general aſſortment of MERCHANDIZE, which he will ſell on the loweſt terms for CASH, or SHORT CREDIT, viz.

SUPERFINE, middling and low-priced broadcloths; foreſt cloths; ſcarlet, blue, and cloth coloured coatings; cloth coloured and blue duffils; ſhaloons; durants; red, green, and white baize; naps; plains; ſpotted ſwanſkins; ſtriped linſeys; red flannels; Indian and roſe blankets; velvets; black, blue and green calimancoes; fine black, blue and white ruſſels; fuſtians and jeans; quality binding; ozenbrigs; heſſians; brown roles; brown Sileſias; brown and white Ruſſia sheeting; Iriſh ditto; ravens duck; German dowlas; Ruſſia drillings; ⅞ and yd. wd. Iriſh linens; calicoes and cottons; muſlins; green, white and blue perſians; India and Engliſh black taffeties; ſilk handkerchiefs; ¾, ⅞, yard, and yard ⅛ cotton and linen checks; cotton hollands; furniture check; beſt white and cloth coloured ſilk mitts; nankeens; fans; worſted breeches; Leghorn hats; hoſiery; ſewing ſilks; ſilk and hair twiſt and buttons; tapes; threads; cambricks and lawns; nails; cutlery; ſhoe buckles; metal buttons; clean neat frying-pans; H and HL hinges; light trace chains; ſcythes; tin; wire; window glaſs; powder and ſhot; bar lead; red ditto; painters colours; pins and needles; ſtocklocks; padlocks; hammers; woolcards; augers; ſnuff-boxes; horſe whips; felt hats; writing paper; worſted bindings; 9-qr. and 10-qr. Flanders bed ticks; 3-qr. common ditto; table cloths, &c. &c.

NEAVE, HARMAN, and LEWIS,

Have imported in the Richard Penn, Captain All, Pennſylvania Packet, Captain Oſborne, and Mary and Elizabeth, Captain Sparks, from LONDON,

A LARGE and neat Aſſortment of EUROPEAN and EAST-INDIA GOODS, which they will ſell low, at their Store, the Corner of SECOND and SPRUCE-STREETS.

Juſt imported, in the Ships Richard Penn, Captain All, Pennſylvania Packet, Captain Oſborne, and the Mary and Elizabeth, Captain Sparks, from LONDON, by

MAGDALEN DEVINE,

At her STORE, in Second-ſtreet, the fourth Door from Cheſtnut-ſtreet, and nearly oppoſite to the Golden Fleece Tavern,

A GENERAL Aſſortment of FALL GOODS, which ſhe will diſpoſe of remarkably low for Caſh, or ſhort Credit, WHOLESALE or RETAIL.

Imported in the laſt Veſſels from LONDON, BRISTOL, and LIVERPOOL, and to be ſold, by

STEPHEN COLLINS,

At his STORE, in SECOND-STREET, oppoſite the CHURCH,

A LARGE and good Aſſortment of EUROPEAN and EAST-INDIA GOODS, which he will ſell on reaſonable Terms for CASH, or ſhort CREDIT. 6w.

WATCHES, of various PRICES,

Juſt imported, and to be ſold, by

JOHN WOOD,

CLOCK and WATCH-MAKER, in Front-ſtreet, at the Corner of Cheſtnut-ſtreet,

WHERE is done all Kinds of Clock and Watch WORK, with Care and Diſpatch.------He has for Sale, ſome neat and good Philadelphia made Watches: Alſo all Kinds of Clock and Watch Tools and Materials. ¶

JAMES REYNOLDS, Carver and Gilder,

In Front-ſtreet, oppoſite the London Coffee-Houſe,

Begs Leave to inform his FRIENDS, that he has brought in from LONDON, per the MARY and ELIZABETH, Captain SPARKS, and expects per Captain FALCONER,

A LARGE and general ASSORTMENT of LOOKING-GLASSES; Paper Hangings; Japanned Ware; Braſs Sconces; Mahogany Tea-cheſts, &c. &c. which he will diſpoſe of, on the very loweſt Terms, WHOLESALE or RETAIL.

N. B. All Kinds of MILLENERY and HABERDASHERY GOODS very low.

JOHN FIELD,

Has juſt imported, in the Ships RICHARD PENN and MARY and ELIZABETH, from LONDON,

A LARGE Aſſortment of EUROPEAN and EAST-INDIA GOODS; which are now opening for Sale, on very low Terms, at his STORE, in WATER-STREET, next door below the Corner of CHESTNUT-STREET. ¶6w.

Juſt imported, in the Mary and Elizabeth, Captain Sparks, from London, and will be ſold by

ROBERT BASS,

APOTHECARY, in MARKET-STREET,

A GREAT variety of DRUGS, and PATENT MEDICINES, that may be depended on, being a picked aſſortment of every article in preſent uſe and practice.

Alſo a collection of finely prepared colours, for pourtrait painting, neat ſetts of Crayons, prepared canvas, vellum, lacker, varniſh, painters utenſils, &c. &c.

A few bottles of freſh Pyrmont and Spaw waters, ſmall packets of the much eſteemed Britiſh herb tobacco, Straſburg and Rappee ſnuffs, and a few cheſts of the beſt Florence oil.

N. B. Medicines and Receipts correctly prepared, with Advice and Directions for adminiſtering them properly. ¶

SAMUEL SHAW,

Has juſt imported, per the Captains SPARKS and OSBORNE, from *LONDON*,

A NEAT ASSORTMENT of MERCHANDIZE, which are now opening at his STORE, at the Corner of ARCH and WATER-STREETS, and will be ſold, on low Terms, for Caſh, or ſhort Credit.

IMPORTED in the Ship MARY and ELIZABETH, Captain SPARKS, from LONDON, and to be SOLD by

BENJAMIN FULLER,

PORT WINE, of the firſt Quality, in Quarter Caſks, and in Bottles.

A large ASSORTMENT of

HATTER's TRIMMINGS,

Juſt imported in the laſt Veſſels from *England*; alſo

Boys, Youths and Mens Felt and Caſtor HATS;

Which will be ſold, on the loweſt Terms, by

SAMUEL FISHER,

Oppoſite the LONDON COFFEE-HOUSE, in Market-ſtreet. ¶

To be SOLD, by

THOMAS BOND, JUNIOR,

In his STORE, at the corner of Norris's-Alley, in Second-ſtreet,

A large and excellent aſſortment of HOSIERY, conſiſting of

MILLED worſted and milled yarn Germantown ſtockings, gloves and mitts, worſted, thread and cotton ſtockings, ſocks, gauze-worſted and gauze-thread under-ſtockings, ſuperfine double and ſingle worſted cotton and thread caps, mens beſt ſuper four and three thread plain and ribbed worſted ſtockings, excellent worſted and thread breeches pieces, ladies ſuper China cotton hoſe, womens, girls, and boys midfine cotton, worſted and thread ſtockings, womens plain and figured ſilk and worſted mitts. Alſo hackled flax, tow, cotton and wool, ſpun cotton, worſted and thread coloured, doubled, and ready for knitting and weaving. He carries on the ſtocking manufactory in all its branches, and will be pleaſed to encourage family induſtry and frugality, by working up their thread in the beſt manner. ¶ſtf,

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A NIGHT-SCHOOL

WILL be opened on Monday night, the 5th of October next, at the back of the Fountain Tavern, in Cheſtnut-ſtreet, where will be taught, after the moſt expeditious and approved methods, WRITING, in all the modern hands; ARITHMETIC, and the practical branches of the MATHEMATICKS; BOOK-KEEPING, in the neweſt and moſt approved method now taught in Dublin; GEOGRAPHY, the uſe of the globes, maps, &c. As the ſubſcribers have a proſpect of a large genteel night-ſchool, they have prepared two large rooms on the ſame floor, one of which will be for the reception of young men, and others, who would not chooſe to ſtudy in a crouded ſchool, compoſed of boys of every denomination. Pupils of more tender years, in the adjoining room, will have a double advantage by being ſeparated, becauſe they can be properly claſſed, the ſchool not ſo much hurried, and they not liable to be impoſed on by thoſe of riper years. The ſubſcribers will make it their conſtant ſtudy to give the greateſt ſatisfaction, to all thoſe who pleaſe to employ them.

N. B. Mr. WILLIAM POWER keeps a DAY-SCHOOL at ſaid ſchool-houſe. Girls will be admitted at night-ſchool, and have a convenient place for themſelves. ALEXANDER POWER, WILLIAM POWER.

JUST PUBLISHED, and to be SOLD by

JOSEPH CRUKSHANK,

At his Printing-Office, in Third-ſtreet, near the Harp and Crown Tavern, and oppoſite the Work-houſe,

POOR WILL's ALMANACK, for the Year 1773; containing (beſides the aſtronomical calculations, courts, roads, fairs, &c. uſual in almanacks) a variety of uſeful and entertaining eſſays, receipts, &c. &c. amongſt which are, a receipt to make artificial aſſes milk, by uſing of which many conſumptive perſons have been greatly relieved----The ill effects of indolence on the health, extracted from Dr. Cadogan's diſſertation on the gout----A poem on the univerſe, being a conciſe account of the ſolar ſyſtem----A birth day thought----Of the unreaſonableneſs of pride---Of lying---Of the value of time---A receipt for worms in ſheep----To make damſon wine----To make quince wine----For ſickneſs in turkey poults----For ſwelling of the head in young turkeys----For the meaſles----For a fever---Remarkable cure of a conſumption, by fumigation---A liquid to mark linen, ſo that it will not waſh out again---An anecdote----Remarks on a retired life----Of frugality----Of profane ſwearing and imprecations---The ſhepherd, and viſion, &c. &c. ¶

Lancaſter, September 17, 1772.

JUST PUBLISHED, and to be SOLD by

FRANCIS BAILEY, *at his Printing-Office, in King-ſtreet,*

THE LANCASTER ALMANACK, for the Year 1773; containing, beſides the common aſtronomical calculations, The Atheiſt's miſtake----Ode on the morning----On women and wine---The looking glaſs which flatters not---An effectual method for deſtroying wild garlic in fields---An experienced method of preventing flies from damaging turnips, cabbage, &c. recommended to the notice of farmers----Dimſdale's art of inoculation----Receipts from the moſt eminent phyſicians, for a number of diſorders, among which are---An excellent eye-water---For a cut---For the rheumatiſm---For a cancer---For the ear-ach---Noiſe in the ears---Boils---Giddineſs---Fainting---Pimples on the face---For the phthiſic---Bite of a mad dog---To deſtroy bugs, moths and fleas----An effectual method of deſtroying caterpillars----Receipts in farriery---For a foundered horſe---For the botts---For worms in horſes, &c. &c. Apothegms, prudential maxims, tide tables, tables of intereſt, at 6 and 7 per cent. courts, roads, Quakers meetings, fairs, &c. &c. &c. ¶

[*For more new* ADVERTISEMENTS, *ſee the Fourth Page.*]

LONDON.

July 3. *It is said, that both the Courts of France and Spain have intimated to the Foreign Ministers resident with them, that they cannot sit unconcerned spectators of the dismembering the Polish provinces.*

July 10. *Reports have been mentioned in the news papers relative to an intention of resigning in Lord Hillsborough, which are thought to have some foundation in reality. This Nobleman, as Secretary of State for America, has long made the British dominions beyond the Atlantic his particular study, and laid it down as a fixed principle, that every step which has a tendency to promote new colonization, has a tendency to weaken the supremacy of the mother country: On this account he has lately opposed all applications for fresh governments very strenuously, and as the Ohio petition has just been carried against his opinion, we hear he is determined to have no farther concern in the Ministry.*

July 14. We hear that a Great Personage has commanded, that for the future no homage shall be paid in his chapel but to the King of Kings; so that the customary salutations from the reading-desk, altar and pulpit, will henceforth be omitted.

We are informed that at the Council, which was held on Thursday night, on the affairs of Poland, it was resolved upon, "That the partition of Poland among two great German Powers, and a Northern One, will not in any degree affect the real interests of Great-Britain."

We learn from Copenhagen, that the Queen Juliana Maria, and Prince Frederick, have totally neglected the Court, and are almost continually at an old castle, belonging to the Prince, about 30 leagues from Copenhagen.

We hear that the Prince of Brunswick has accepted of a command in the service of the King of Prussia.

We hear that a great and amiable Lady is three months advanced in her pregnancy.

The foreign Ministers at Turin are extremely attentive to the course of the King of Sardinia's illness. That Monarch has always maintained a great reputation for abilities as well as integrity, and the event of his death or recovery, will be variously felt by the different powers of Europe.

They write from Dantzic, that a Meeting between their Imperial and Prussian Majesties, and the Prince Stadtholder of Holland, is expected to be held in that City the beginning of August.

July 16. Letters from Dantzic take notice of the promising appearance of all sorts of grain, not only in Poland, Livonia, and Courland, but throughout all the provinces bordering upon Russia, insomuch that if the weather continues favourable, the Merchants in that city have hopes of being able to supply every other state in Europe that may want corn, at a moderate price.

We hear from Berlin, that great rejoicings were made when the news of the King's success in Polish Prussia arrived at that capital.

July 17. *Private letters from Paris inform, that a camp has lately been formed on the Sea coast, between Dieppe and Dunkirk, consisting of* 30,000 *men.*

July 18. A letter from Warsaw, dated June 25, says, "Our Ministry has sent to the foreign Ministers a new Memorial concerning the entrance of the Austrian troops into Poland."

Mr. Fordyce was seen at Paris on the 25th and 26th of last month.

We hear that the Directors of the Bank of England entered up a judgment the other day in the Court at Westminster Hall against three Scotch Noblemen, for the sum of 300,000 l.

On Thursday a motion was made before the Barons of the Exchequer in Serjeants Inn Hall, on the behalf of the assignees of Messrs. Neal, James, Fordyce, and Downe, for leave to pay into the Bank 30,000 l. the amount of the extents on Fordyce's estates, as a security for the crown, till the legality of the extents are determined, which was accordingly granted, and the extents are to be withdrawn.

It is said that yesterday the Duchess of Cumberland had a long private conference with a great Lady at Kew.

It is reported that a grant of the office of Master General of the Ordnance has passed in favour of General Conway.

The following Anecdote of Lord Clive, it is said, may be depended upon. His Lordship is a *somnambule*, or walker in his sleep, and one night strolled into the enemy's camp, and had actually entered the tent of an Officer before he awoke. In this dilemma, his presence of mind, which has never been known to fail him, prompted him to demand the Officer's sword; who thinking their camp surprized, suffered himself to be carried away prisoner.

July 21. A Letter from Rome, dated June 20, says, "The King of Great-Britain has sent a special charge to D. Paul Borghese, to repair to the audience of the Pope, and thank his Holiness in his name, for the great regard and attention he has shewn to the Duke of Glocester his brother, during his stay in that city."

Extract of a Letter from Petersburgh, June 23.

"This day our Exchange was put into the greatest consternation, on account of a fire at Oestiga, which consumed 12 churches, six ships loaded with corn, and almost the whole town; as the houses were mostly built of wood, there was no stopping the conflagration. Many magnificent buildings were likewise consumed."

We are informed that the Bank of Douglas and Company, are now raising a considerable sum of money at a certain office in Hatton-court, Threadneedle-street, by the grant of annuities at seven and eight years purchase, and it is said that so much has been already paid in, that in a day or two they will close their subscription.

Extract of a Letter from the Hague, July 14.

"They write from Hanover, that the Hereditary Princess of Brunswick has been at Goerde, accompanied, contrary to expectation, by the Hereditary Prince her husband, which is looked upon as a convincing proof that a perfect harmony subsists between these two illustrious Personages. They staid four days with Queen Caroline Matilda of Denmark, who was overjoyed to see her sister. It is since reported that the Queen may possibly soon make a tour to Brunswick."

Yesterday arrived a mail from New-York, brought by the Harriot packet-boat, Captain Nokes, in 35 days to Falmouth.

Yesterday two Engineers set out for Portsmouth to embark on board a vessel for Jersey, where some additional Forts are to be built this summer.

Extract of a letter from Constantinople, June 3.

"*The Porte hath received a very agreeable piece of intelligence. The 24th of last month three couriers arrived here from Cairo, with dispatches, advising, that the army of Ali Bey, which was to act against Mehemet-Aboudaab, his son-in-law, in the Saidi, under the command of nine Beys, hath been entirely defeated by the latter. Ali Bey, not seeing any means of re-establishing his affairs, and fearing to fall into the hands of the Conqueror, resolved to abandon Cairo, and carry off his treasures. Unfortunately for him, some Arabs, being informed of his catastrophe, fell on his little troop, and made him prisoner; but he regained his liberty, by paying a ransom of* 26,000 *Venetian sequins. After which he continued his flight with those who accompanied him, but we know not yet what route he hath taken, nor the place to which he designs to retire.*"

Orders are sent to Cork for taking up some vessels as transports there, for carrying four regiments of foot, now in Ireland, to New-England.

July 25. *On Thursday a very considerable house in the American trade stopt for between sixty and seventy thousand pounds, owing to the slow circulation of money from that continent.*

There is a report, that the Court of France intends to exchange Corsica for some part of the Sardinian territories on this side the Alps; but we can scarcely think this probable, because the territories for which they are said to relinquish the island are very inconsiderable; whereas their present possession gives them an absolute key to the Mediterranean.

We have the mortification to inform the public that more bankruptcies are still talked of; though what is extraordinary, no one Irish House has suffered in the late commercial concussions of the metropolis.

The Secretaryship of State for America is one of the most considerable employments in the gift of the Crown; it has the nomination to all the Civil Offices in every part of the British dominions beyond the Atlantic; and the revenues of these amount, upon a moderate computation, to 100,000 l. a year.

It is said that Lord North has lately made frequent visits to the Earl of Chatham.

Yesterday some interesting dispatches arrived at the Secretary of State's Office, from the Court of Berlin.

Three men of war, now fitting out at Portsmouth, are said to be destined for North-America, and their departure is hastening with all speed.

The regiments destined for New-England are to be accompanied with a fleet, laden with provisions, which is the reason of the embargo laid in Ireland for three months.

A Great Personage a few days since, sent an American General a Bank note of 500 l. *and settled on him* 200 l. *per annum.*

Orders were this week sent from the Admiralty office to the Commissioners of Chatham, Sheerness, Portsmouth, and Plymouth, for an immediate account to be transmitted of the number of frigates which are fit to be employed as cruizers, with their names, and number of guns, &c.

July 27. *Lord North's language at a late Privy-Council was, the necessity of supporting the authority of Great-Britain, at all events, in every part of the British dominions; and his Lordship asked how any man could possibly call himself a friend to his country, who in the least argued for rendering her supremacy a question.*

The news from Mauritius of the miserable condition of the French troops in that island, is confirmed, with this additional circumstance, that nearly one half of them perished by sickness and famine; and that being, by the hand of Providence, rendered incapable of carrying the stroke they had meditated into execution, those who had escaped the mortality, are ordered home. Their whole number is said to have been eight thousand choice troops, and their destination is now known to have been against the Company's acquisitions in Bengal.

July 30. A great man in the last Cabinet Council strongly urged the immediate necessity of engaging in a war with France, as at this time the Bourbon family indicate, by more than words, their evil dispositions towards the peace and prosperity of these kingdoms.

Extract of a letter from Portsmouth, July 28.

"Yesterday orders arrived here for the following men of war (and such others as are ready) to put to sea immediately, viz. the Torbay, the Albion, Somerset and Triumph; and we hear they are to sail for the Mediterranean, in order to reinforce the fleet in those seas, as it is suspected the Spaniards have some design on Gibraltar, they having a powerful fleet in that part of the world, with several regiments of soldiers constantly exercising within sight of the garrison. We are well assured, by letters received from thence, that the Governor has taken every necessary step to prevent the place being taken; all the works are well repaired, and some additional ones made to strengthen the fortifications, and to get the garrison well supplied with provisions. There are some troops to embark from hence to reinforce that garrison, and also that of Mahon."

Extract of a letter from Zelle, dated July 12.

"Dear Sir,

"I had not before this day the pleasure of receiving your letter, being absent from this place several days with my Royal Mistress, Queen Caroline Matilda of Denmark, who, to expel all gloomy and melancholy thoughts, has been advised to visit Stadzarker, and other places in this principality, worthy her notice. At each town she arrived, every mark of honour was shewn her. Modest deportment, joined with her affable and courteous behaviour, gained her the esteem of all ranks of people."

It is currently reported that the Queen of Denmark will soon be in England; but we are assured, that last week at a council held upon that matter, it was by no means resolved upon; and that a Great Personage does not seem inclined that she should leave her present residence for some time, but is willing that proper persons should visit her from England occasionally.

Stocks varied on Tuesday very considerably before the foreign letters were delivered, occasioned by a report which prevailed in the Alley, that the French were fitting out several privateers at Dunkirk, Calais, and other ports in the Channel.

July 31. *Some few years ago Lord Clive proposed to Government, that he would pay off the whole debt of the nation, which then amounted to One Hundred and Forty Millions sterling, on condition that Parliament would vote him* 8000 *English troops to accompany him to Bengal.*

Yesterday a capital house near the eastern quarter of the city, is said to have stopped for more than 200,000 *l. which it is thought will draw others after it, as bills to a vast amount are coming due in a few days.*

Wednesday last the Directors of the East-India Company appointed General Monckton, and Andrew Stuart, Esq; Supervisors; and Lauchlin Macleane, and ----- Weir, Esquires, Comptrollers, in India.

August 1. *The accounts of Lord Chatham's being shortly to take a lead in the present administration, we are informed, arose from the following incident: An express was dispatched to him about three weeks ago, intimating that a great person desired to see him; to which his Lordship is said to have replied, "That he was ready at all times to obey the commands of that Personage, but that he knew his presence at this time was unnecessary, for he could be of no service in the present posture of affairs.*

It is difficult to say what can lead people to such apprehensions of war at this time: It may contribute to relieve the fears of good men to inform them, that the six regiments, which it has been said are to embark immediately for Minorca, are nothing more than a single battalion of Artillery, going out upon the usual relief.

Thursday there was a full Board of Admiralty, at which the Earl of Sandwich presided. Their Lordships required the attendance of Mr. Montague, the agent for Grenada, and read to him the defence of Admiral Mann, who was complained of for inattention to the distresses of that place on the late dreadful fire, and were unanimously of opinion there was no ground for the accusation, but that he acted as a humane, intelligent, good officer, and that it was impossible to spare any further assistance from his ships, without exposing them to the utmost danger.

It is reported that the court of Versailles are to receive a sum of money as an equivalent for their share of the spoils of the Polish Monarchy. France is more intent on filling her coffers, than adding to the extent of her dominions on the continent.

The Friendship, Carter, from Georgia for Bremen, got on shore near the Elbe, and after throwing overboard 280 *barrels of rice, and the loss of two cables and anchors, got off.*

They write from Dublin, that it is the public report there, that Lord Townsend is to be continued in Ireland another year; and that the last dispatches received at the Castle, have brought a confirmation of that business.

It is asserted in the city, that Mr. Fordyce has declared his determination to appear to the statute of bankruptcy awarded against him; and that, at his own particular solicitation, the period of his surrendering was enlarged.

August 3. *Advice is just received of an insurrection in French Flanders, and of a great number of troops being marched from Paris to quell the insurgents.*

The Fortune, Jolliffe, of London, is taken by the Russians in the Archipelago.

The master of a vessel from Havre de Grace declared on Friday at the Custom-house, that eight sail of the line, four frigates, and several transports, were lying in the harbour of Rochfort, ready to sail on the shortest notice.

The example set by Lord Sandwich, as First Lord of the Admiralty, in *personally* visiting the several dock-yards of this kingdom, during the summer months, very much deserves public approbation; as the annual state of our navy (the bulwark of Britain) is not only more truly ascertained, but many new regulations adopted, and former plans improved, which will be a great saving to the nation in this very extensive department.

Letters from Cracow mention, that a corps of 2000 Austrian troops has broke through the line of the Russians, and made themselves masters of Tyniec, and that the Russian garrison was obliged to leave the place; the consequences of which we do not know yet, nor the particulars of it.

Extract of letter from the Hague, July 28.

"The last letters from Hanover advise, that the Queen Caroline Matilda of Denmark celebrated her birth day the 22d Instant, with great splendor; on which occasion there was an Opera at Goerde, by performers which were sent for from Hamburgh. These letters add, that this Princess has at last pitched upon Zelle for her residence during the winter, and that the Castle there is fitting up for her reception."

August 5. *His Majesty, it is said, has signified his pleasure that neither the First Lord of the Treasury, nor the two Secretaries of State, do go to their respective country seats for some days.*

Orders are sent to Ireland, for the Lord Lieutenant and Justices in that kingdom, to be vigilant in preventing French emissaries from enlisting Soldiers there.

The following intelligence was yesterday morning received by a Merchant of this city from his Correspondent at the Hague:

"*At a full Assembly of the Senate, orders were given for the fleet of six men of war lying in the Port of Harlem, to sail with all possible dispatch for the West-Indies.*"

Saturday arrived at her moorings at Blackwall, the Isleworth Float of Timber, from North-America. This ship, which is built on a new construction, was the invention of a very ingenious Gentleman of that country, and it is hoped will greatly tend to the mutual advantage of Great-Britain and her Colonies, by the importation of timber from the latter, in a much better manner than heretofore.

It is reported that his Highness the Prince of Brunswick is expected here incog. within this fortnight, to negociate some business of importance with our Court.

A treaty which has been long depending between the States of Holland and the Court of Berlin, is said to be at last signed by both parties.

Advices from Constantinople, of the 17th of June, inform us, that a courier had just arrived in that city from Petersburgh, dispatched with full powers to Count Orlow, for settling the limits within which the naval armaments of both Powers are to be restricted from passing, during the continuance of the present armistice. It is added, that the Grand Master of the Ceremonies, and the State Interpreter, are charged with the execution of this commission on the part of the Porte.

Some letters from Paris mention, that the French Ministry are going to recal their troops from Corsica, in consequence of a treaty between them, the Republic of Genoa, and the King of Sardinia.

A report prevails that the Dutch Ambassador at Madrid, on account of an equivocal answer given to a Memorial of the States General (relative to their late behaviour in the West-Indies) has left that Court, and lately appeared at the Hague.

Extract of a letter from Algiers, June 21.

"We have been much surprized with an Edict published by the Dey the 16th inst. commanding that all the Spaniards in Algiers should be put into close confinement. The reason of this extraordinary command is, some advice that the Dey pretends to have received, of an intention of the Court of Spain to attack this capital. Dispatches have been sent to Madrid to enquire whether there is any truth in the report of such an intention; and we hope, when an answer arrives, that the poor Spaniards will gain their enlargement."

A detachment from the Royal Train of Artillery will shortly be embarked for Port Mahon and Gibraltar.

Orders have been given to get ready the Monmouth, and the Nonsuch, of 64 guns each, both new ships, now building at Plymouth, with the utmost dispatch.

The French have sustained a loss of eight men of war, several transports, and upwards of 2000 seamen, by the hurricane at the Isle of Bourbon, in the East-Indies, in April last.

His Majesty has been pleased to grant to Sir Richard Johnstone, Bart. of Guilford, in Ireland, a pension on that establishment, of 400 l. a year, as a further reward for his good services in quieting and dispersing the late Insurgents in that kingdom, called the Hearts of Steel.

In a Commission prepared, and which passed the Great Seal this day for proroguing the Parliament, his Royal Highness the Duke of Cumberland is named one of the Lords Commissioners.

Many failures are feared in consequence of the stoppage of a great house in the eastern part of the city, which is said to have had more numerous and extensive connections with country inland Traders, than any other house in the kingdom.

Friday last upwards of 1,700,000 *yards of linen were imported at the Custom-house from Dublin; also upwards of* 15,550 *cwt. of sugar from the West-India Islands.*

Extract of a letter from Leghorn.

Two letters, one from Cyprus, and the other from Cairo, have brought us a detail of the defeat of Ali Bey. The latter says, "On the 30th of April Aboudaab and Abderhaman, whom Ali Bey had banished, on suspicion of their intention to revolt, entered this place at the head of a great body of troops. They immediately engaged with Ali Bey's army, which was soon thrown into confusion. On this Ali Bey left the field, and fled; but being pursued by Aboudaab, he was taken, with 17 *persons of his train, loaded with heavy chains, and carried back to the enemy's camp in triumph. His chief secretary and treasurer were seized, and all his officers were either beheaded or burnt. Not satisfied with these barbarities, they seized on all the women of Ali Bey's camp, and dragged them round the public places in triumph. It was imagined that Ali Bey himself would be sent on board a vessel to Constantinople.*"

Extract of a letter from Dantzic, July 4.

"*In the memory of man we have not had here a more favourable season than the present. Our hay-season is over, and our grain of every kind has a beautiful and fertile appearance. Our advices from all the provinces of Poland, from Livonia, Courland, and the adjacent territories of Russia, bring the same agreeable intelligence from those places: So that if the season continues equally good, we shall be able to dispel the famine which has long reigned in Europe, with abundance and plenty.*"

The commission of enquiry at Copenhagen, had received orders to consider in what manner the persons employed in convicting the prisoners of state should be rewarded; in consequence of which, it was allotted that Dr. Hee and Dr. Munter should each receive 300 *rix-dollars; but the court was of a different opinion, and judged it most proper to make presents to these ecclesiastics. Accordingly these gentlemen were sent for to Friedricsberg, where Prince Frederick, on the part of the King, presented to Dr. Hee, a snuff-box of Saxon china, mounted in gold, and set with diamonds; and likewise to Dr. Munter, a chrystal snuff-box, mounted in gold, and ornamented with diamonds. The two civil officers, who drew up the portocol, each received* 150 *Danish ducats.*

By accounts from Corsica we hear, that a Colonel's party was lately attacked by some malcontents, who found means to conceal themselves on the road between Bastia and Ajaccia, and almost totally cut to pieces. It is added, that these enraged banditti scarcely let a week pass without perpetrating some horrid massacre upon small straggling parties, and on officers and their servants.

A rupture between the Spaniards and Dutch is looked on as inevitable, unless the former should make considerable concessions for their late behaviour in the West-Indies, which is at this juncture next to impossible.

The St. Esprit, a French man of war of 42 *guns, was drove on shore on Wednesday last near Cherburgh, where she beat to pieces; the crew were all saved.*

Monday the insurance premium of shipping goods in Dutch bottoms, bore advance of near seven per cent.

It is said that a great Underwriter, who stopt payment last week, will have his commission of bankruptcy superseded, it appearing to his creditors that he has a fortune, after paying the whole of his debts, amounting to between 50 *and* 60,000 *l.---During the apprehensions of a rupture with Spain, about a year and a half ago, the above Gentleman was very lucky in insuring against a war; and, it is said, made no less than* 50,000 *l. in that way in the course of four months.*

Joshua Richardson, Esq; who for a long time was cruelly imprisoned at Boston, for the supposed murder of one of the mob in Preston's time, is appointed Marshal of the Court of Vice Admiralty there, in the room of Charles Paxton, Esq; resigned.

It is said that Mr. Fordyce's affairs now appear so complicated, that without his personal assistance there will not be half a crown in the pound for his creditors. It is therefore imagined, that he will be invited home; and from his late letters to Colchester, incredible as such a circumstance may seem, it is thought he will speedily figure away in the political theatre.

Yesterday morning a courier arrived with dispatches from Paris, at

the French Ambaſſador's houſe in Great George-ſtreet, Weſtminſter, and in the ſame evening, after a conference with Prince Maſſerano, the Spaniſh Ambaſſador, the above courier was ſent back to Paris again.

A ſquadron of four ſhips of the line is ordered to be got ready for the Eaſt-Indies.

Letters by the laſt mail from Gibraltar ſay, that the Dey of Algiers has 15 large corſairs now at ſea, intended to annoy the Daniſh trade in the Mediterranean.

Advice is received that a fleet, conſiſting of 10 ſhips of the line, and 6 frigates, with ſeveral tranſports, lie in Ferrol, ready to ſail at a few hours notice. Alſo that 3000 ſoldiers, which have been conſtantly exerciſing there for 3 months, were to embark on board the tranſports as ſoon as ſome principal engineers arrived from Madrid, who were hourly expected when theſe advices came away, which was on the 24th of June.

We are well aſſured, that the preſent vacation of parliament is employed in meaſures gratly conducive to an amicable ſettlement of ſeveral important points in the political ſyſtem of this nation.

A report prevails at all the coffee-houſes about St. James's, that Lord Chatham is to aſſume an important ſhare in adminiſtration, during the ſitting of the enſuing parliament. This event, if true, will give an entire new turn to the operations of next winter.

The news of the loſs of a French fleet on the Iſle of Bourbon, in the Eaſt Indies, is confirmed by letters from Holland, only with the difference of time, it being the latter end of February laſt.

They write from Paris, that there is at preſent in that capital and ſuburbs, an army of above 40,000 effective men.

It may be depended on, notwithſtanding any report to the contrary, that the Thane is at preſent retired to his eſtate in Scotland, and a ſale of ſome of his eſtates in England are talked of in Pall Mall.

Letters from Conſtantinople ſay, that the Janizaries have roſe againſt their officers, and murdered five of the principal ones, for cheating them of part of their pay and cloathing; they afterwards ſurrounded the Seraglio, and threatened to pull it down, if their grievances were not immediately redreſſed; the Grand Signior appeared at a window, and aſſured them, that in a few days they ſhould have their full pay, and their cloathing as ſoon as poſſible; and that thoſe that were principally concerned in defrauding them ſhould be puniſhed with death, which put an end to their riotous behaviour; the whole city was thrown into confuſion.

Letters from France mention, that the Hugonots are now in greater hopes than ever, that they will ſhortly be reſtored to the benefit of the Edict of Nantz, by which they will enjoy the free exerciſe of their religion.

They write from Breſt, that 2000 tons of ſhip-timber were juſt imported in Dutch bottoms from the ports of Trieſte and Fiume, in the Mediterranean, for the uſe of the King's dock-yards.

Accounts from Warſaw do more than inſinuate, that the diſperſion of the Confederates may not put an end to the war there; the proceedings of the allies will ſurely have that iſſue, and Ulyſſes enjoy the deſtruction.

Letters from Liſbon mention the univerſal rejoicings there among all kinds of perſons, on the news of the death of the Miniſter.

Advices from Madrid ſay, that the court ſeems to have no intention of entering into a war with Great-Britain. The illicit traders in America, it is ſaid, give occaſion for the complaints too well founded.

They write from Milan, that by the late reduction of the monaſteries in that country, there remains throughout the whole duchy no more than one monaſtery of each order.

They write from Rotterdam, that a fraudulent ſcene of bankruptcy had juſt been diſcovered in that city, in which three capital Jews were highly intereſted.

They write from Edinburgh, that from all parts of the kingdom, they have accounts of the proſpect of as plentiful a harveſt as has been for many years paſt.

Aug. 6. The whole cargoe of a ſhip from America, with flour, is to be ſent back, as unmerchantable.

BOSTON, September 21.

Captain Treſethen, who arrived at Portſmouth laſt Thurſday, in 21 Days from St. Vincent, informs, That the Carribeans of that Iſland were entrenching themſelves againſt an expected Attack of the Engliſh Forces; and that a few Days before he ſailed, a Country armed Sloop of 8 Guns, was drove by the Current near that Part of the Iſland thoſe People inhabit, and was fired at by them, when the Captain of the Sloop returned the Salute from the Cannon, loaded with unwelcome Meſſengers, which occaſioned great Diſtreſs among the Indians, by the Screaches and Noiſes heard on board ſaid Veſſel from the Shore.

NEW-YORK, *September* 28.

Captain Lawrence, from London, on the Paſſage, Auguſt 31, *in Lat.* 38, *Long.* 40, *was in a moſt violent Gale of Wind from the S. S. W. which began about* 4 *o'Clock in the Morning, blew away the Mainſail in hoiſting, the Foreſail from the Yard, and the Foreſtayſail from the Stay, and obliged him to lie to under bare Poles. At* 9 *the Wind ſhifted to the oppoſite Point, blowing a Hurricane, in which he loſt his Mizenſail; about* 11 *the Wind became more moderate---Saw a Sloop diſmaſted, which hung out Colours, and at Night two Lights, which Capt. Lawrence anſwered, and plied towards her all Night; at* 7 *o'Clock in the Morning, Sept.* 1, *hoiſted out a Boat, and went on board her: She proved to be the Sloop Polly, Capt. Thomas Avery, junior, from Boſton, who in the Gale loſt his Maſt, Boat, and every Thing off Deck, with all his Sails, except his Mainſail: Capt. Lawrence ſupplied him with ſundry Articles of which he ſtood in moſt Need.*

Saturday Night laſt, arrived here, in 23 *Days from St. Martin's, Capt. Jeremiah Harris, who informs us, that on the* 29*th of Auguſt laſt, a moſt violent Hurricane happened there, which drove ſeveral Veſſels from their Anchors, three of whom were loſt, viz. Capt. Holmes, of the Sloop Catherine, belonging to this Port; a Schooner, Caulkins, Maſter, of Norwich, in Connecticut; and a Brig, belonging to Piſcataqua.---While Capt. Harris lay at St. Martin's, Advice was received there, from St. Euſtatia, that they had had the moſt violent Hurricane ever remembered there; that the greateſt Part of the Houſes on a Place called Statia-Hill, were blown down, whereby a great Number of Lives were loſt; that four large Dutch Ships, in the Harbour, foundered as they lay at Anchor, and all the People on board drowned; that a Number of other Veſſels were drove aſhore, and ſome put out to Sea. Off Nevis, he ſaw a Brig diſmaſted, and another Brig off the Weſt End of St. Martin's, that had loſt both her Maſts.*

PHILADELPHIA, *September* 30.

MARRIED. Mr. THOMAS SMITH, Merchant, of this City, to Miſs BETSEY CLIFFORD; and Mr. JAMES CALDWELL, Merchant, to Miſs SALLY MITCHELL.

Captain Sparks, from London, on the 15th of Auguſt, in Lat. 45:27, ſpoke the Ship Betſey and Nancy, Captain Boyd, from Jamaica for London, 6 Weeks out, all well; 17th, in Lat. 42:54, ſpoke a Ship, from Jamaica for Liverpool, out 46 Days; on the 11th Inſtant, in Lat. 37:44, ſpoke a Sloop, from New-York for St. Lucia, out 5 Days; and on the 20th, in Lat. 38:19, Long. 69, he ſpoke a Schooner, Captain Church, from this Port for Liſbon, out 4 Days, all well.

Captain Williams, from Liverpool, on the 25th of July, in Lat. 48:37, Long. 13:30, ſpoke a Brig, from Virginia for London, out 8 Weeks; and on the 29th of laſt Month, in Lat. 35:52, Long. 44:30, he ſpoke the Brig Africa, Captain Owen, from Rhode-Iſland for the Coaſt of Africa, out 17 Days, all well.

Captain Covell, from Liſbon, on the 14th Inſt. in Lat. 32:43, Long. 60, ſpoke a Brig, from New-London for Barbados, out ten Days, all well.

Captain Adams, from Liſbon, on the 17th of laſt Month, about 18 Leagues to the Weſtward of Madeira, ſpoke a Sloop, from that Iſland for Virginia, out 24 Hours.

Captain Chambers, arrived at New-York from London, on the 20th of July, ſpoke the Ship Newry Packet, from this Port, going up the River.

Captain Smith, from Hull for this Place, ſailed in Company with Captain Hervey, arrived at New-York. On the 15th ult. in Lat. 46:47, Long. 23:40, Captain Hervey ſpoke the Ship Boyne, Captain Cunningham, from Philadelphia for Havre-de-grace, out 28 Days; and on the 17th Inſtant, in Lat. 39:10, Long. 68:18, he paſſed by a Schooner, full of Water, her Mainſail unbent, all the running Rigging unreeved, and only the Maſts and Shrowds ſtanding; there were two Water-Caſks laſhed on her main Deck, a large Hen-coop on her Quarter, her main Hatch and fore Scuttle open, had Pipe and Hogſhead Staves in her Hatchway, and a Red Oker Bottom.

Captain Clark, from Briſtol, alſo arrived at New-York, on the 22d of July, in the Channel, about 30 Miles from Briſtol, ſpoke the Ship Live Oak, 30 Days from Charleſtown, all well; and on the 7th of Auguſt, in Lat. 46, Long. 17, he ſpoke the Brig Biddeford, from Biddeford for Maryland, out 15 Days.

ARRIVALS.

From Philadelphia. Captain Hawthorn, at Briſtol; Fearis, and Dean, at Liverpool; Caine, at Dublin; Cooper, M'Cullough, M'Cutcheon, and M'Cane, at Cork; and Captain Moore, at Charles-Town.

From North-Carolina. The Diligence, Bennet, at Briſtol; and the Unity, Brown, at Plymouth.

From Virginia. The Matty, Fox, at Deal.

From Maryland. The Betty, Thomas, at Milford.

From New-York. The London Expedition, Chevalier, at Dover; the Franklin, Colville, and Victory, Rogers, at Liverpool; the Reformation, Thomas, at Plymouth; and the Hopewell, Long, at Cork.

From Boſton. The Juno, M'Farland, and Mortlake, Jones, at Deal; and the Boſton Packet; Lyde, at Dover.

Deal, July 17. Came down and ſailed, The New-Market, Wilſon, for Carolina. Remain, the Mermaid, Ball, for Carolina; and the Nelly Frigate, Craig, for Maryland. *Aug.* 3. Remains, the Fame, Lyle, for Philadelphia.

*** We hear that the CORPORATION for the Relief of the WIDOWS and CHILDREN of CLERGYMEN, in the Communion of *The Church of England* in *America*, will meet at *Philadelphia*, by Appointment on *Tueſday*, the Sixth of *October* next; and that a Sermon, ſuitable to the Occaſion, will be preached at Chriſt-Church, on Wedneſday, the Seventh, when ſeveral Pieces of ſolemn Church Muſic, particularly a grand Chorus, from the celebrated *Meſſiah* of *Handel*, will be performed: After Service a Collection will be made for the Benefit of that Charitable Inſtitution.

NOTICE is hereby given, That the Honourable the Juſtices of the Supream Court of the Province of *Pennſylvania*, have appointed *The Court of Oyer and Terminer, and General Goal Delivery*, to be held at *Philadelphia*, for the City and County of *Philadelphia*, on *Monday*, the Twelfth of *October* next.

Philadelphia, Sept. 28, 1772. JUDAH FOULKE, Sheriff.

PRICE CURRENT *of the following* GOODS *in* Philadelphia.

Flour 20s. 6d. Wheat 8s. Indian Corn 3s. 6d. Ship Bread 21s. Middling Ditto 32s. White Ditto 60s. Pipe Staves 10l. Barrel Ditto 4l. Hogſhead Ditto 7l. Red Oak Ditto 5l. Iriſh Beef 3l. 5s. Country Ditto 3l. Pork 5l. Weſt-India Rum 3s. 4d. New-England Ditto 2s. 3d. Pennſylvania Ditto 2s. 3d. Madeira Wine 50l. to 70l. Muſcovado Sugar 45s. to 55s. Melaſſes 20d. Pennſylvania Loaf Sugar 11d. Pitch 14s. Tar 14s. Turpentine 17s. Rice 24s. Liſbon Salt 2s. Bohea Tea 4s. 3d. Hemp 6d. Cotton 18d. Bar-Iron 28l. Pig Ditto 8l. 10. Flaxſeed 7s. 6d.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, *Philadelphia*, INWARD ENTRIES.

Sloop Mary, B. Hutchins, from New-York. Sloop Rebecca, J. Chadfield, Schooner Patty, W. Shines, and Sloop Patty, G. Simpſon, North-Carolina. Sloop Suſanna, W. Wyar, Piſcataqua. Sloop Belleiſle, T. Le Meſſurier, Boſton. Schooner Suſanna, T. Green, New-Providence. Ship Nancy and Sukey, J. Robinſon, Cadiz. Ship London Packet, J. Cooke, and Ship Two Brothers, R. Adams, Liſbon. Ship Charming Molly, R. Gill, and Ship Mary and Elizabeth, J. Sparks, London. Brig Venus, W. Williams, Liverpool. Ship Minerva, J. Johnſton, from Cowes.

OUTWARDS. Sloop Adventure, H. Robinſon, for Hiſpaniola. Schooner Rebecca, J. Holden, Virginia. Brig Nancy and Molly, W. Bethel, Barbados. Ship Priſcilla, J. Jones, Cadiz. Sloop Peace and Plenty, J. Anthony, Rhode-Iſland. Schooner Becky, W. Harris, Georgia. Ship Richard Penn, I. All, and Ship Mary and Elizabeth, J. Sparks, London. Schooner William, J. Gorham, Boſton. Snow Barbados Packet, W. Sutton, Liſbon.

CLEARED. Ship Aſhley, H. Peddington, to Jamaica. Schooner Gull, J. Roſs, Nevis. Ship Chalkley, E. Spain, Briſtol. Sloop Hannah, G. May, and Sloop Adrian, J. Genſell, St. Croix. Schooner Hebe, J. Wilſon, and Schooner King Tammony, R. Shewell, Hiſpaniola. Sloop Ranger, J. Lambert, Tortola. Sloop John, P. Kollock, St. Vincent. Brig Speedwell, J. Cox, Grenades. Brig Dove, W. Allen, Barbados. Sloop Rebecca, J. Chadfield, N. London. Sloop Mary, J. Perott, Dominica. Schooner Dove, A. Dawes, to North-Carolina.

Juſt imported, in the laſt VESSELS from *LONDON*, and to be SOLD, by

SAMUEL PLEASANTS,

At his STORE, in WATER-STREET, the ſecond Door above CHESTNUT-STREET,

A LARGE Aſſortment of EUROPEAN and EAST-INDIA GOODS, ſuitable for the Seaſon.

Juſt imported in the Ship Richard Penn, Captain ALL, and the Mary and Elizabeth, Captain SPARKS, from *LONDON*, and the laſt Veſſels from *BRISTOL*, *LIVERPOOL* and *GLASGOW*, and now opening, by

JOHN MITCHELL,

At his STORE, in FRONT-STREET, between MARKET and CHESTNUT-STREETS,

A VERY neat and general Aſſortment of EUROPEAN and EAST-INDIA GOODS, ſuitable for the Fall and Winter Seaſons; which he will ſell very low for Caſh, or the uſual Credit.

JOSEPH HILLBORN,

Hath juſt imported, in the Ship CHARMING MOLLY, Captain GILL, from *LONDON*,

A NEAT Aſſortment of EUROPEAN and EAST-INDIA GOODS, ſuitable to the Seaſon; which he has for Sale, on the loweſt Terms, at his STORE, in Cheſtnut-ſtreet, near Third-ſtreet, next Door to the CROSS KEYS TAVERN. ¶

ABRAHAM USHER,

Has juſt imported, in the Richard Penn, Captain ALL, the Mary and Elizabeth, Captain SPARKS, the Pennſylvania Packet, Captain OSBORNE, from *LONDON*, and the Hawke, from *GLASGOW*,

A GENERAL ASSORTMENT of EUROPEAN and EAST-INDIA GOODS; which he will ſell, on the loweſt Terms, for Caſh, or ſhort Credit, at his STORE, in Front-ſtreet, the fifth Door above Walnut-ſtreet.-----*N. B.* He daily expects in a further Supply of GOODS, by the firſt Veſſels from HULL, LIVERPOOL, BRISTOL and LONDON.

Juſt imported, by the Captains ALL and SPARKS, from *LONDON*, and other Veſſels from ENGLAND, A large and general ASSORTMENT of GOODS, ſuitable to the Seaſon, and to be ſold, on the moſt reaſonable Terms, by

PETER WIKOFF,

At his STORE, in WATER-STREET, a few Doors below the OLD FERRY-HOUSE, among which are

FEARNOUGHTS, Coatings, Rugs, Blankets, Cloths, Kerſeys, Flannels, Swanſkins, Cloth Cloaks and Cardinals, a great Variety of Cottons, Calicoes and Ribbons, Nails, Powder, Shot and Lead, ozenbrigs, &c. &c. Alſo good MADEIRA WINE, by the Pipe or Quarter Caſk, of the beſt Quality. 2m.

TO BE SOLD,

A SMALL plantation, or tract of LAND, containing 20 acres, under good fence, with a frame tenement, and ſmall orchard, ſituated in the Northern Liberties, about 4 miles from the city, on Frankford road, and on a two perch lane, by the lands of the heirs of Samuel Coats, deceaſed, to the weſt and northward, by the heirs of Samuel Clark, deceaſed, pleaſantly ſituated for a gentleman's country ſeat; the title indiſputable. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe the above, may view the premiſes, and know the terms, by enquiring of the ſubſcriber, living on Mr. George Emlen's place, at the four mile ſtone, on Frankford road. † FREDERICK PASTE.

THOMAS WEST,

In SECOND-STREET, a few DOORS below MARKET-STREET, has imported in the laſt Veſſels from *LONDON*, &c. A large Aſſortment of EUROPEAN and EAST-INDIA GOODS, which will be ſold, Wholeſale and Retail, at very low Prices, among which are,

SUPERFINE, ſuper, middling and low-priced Broadcloths, fine Foreſt Ditto, Coatings, Blankets and Rugs, with a general Aſſortment of coarſe Woollens, a large Aſſortment of Silks, Mens green and cloth coloured Velvet Caps, &c. &c.

JOHN WHITE,

Hath imported, in the RICHARD PENN, Captain ALL, from *LONDON*,

A NEAT Aſſortment of EUROPEAN and EAST-INDIA GOODS, ſuitable to the Seaſon; which he will ſell, very cheap for Caſh, or at the uſual Credit, at his STORE, in WATER-STREET, between MARKET & CHESTNUT-STREETS. tf.

WILLIAM SMITH,

HAS removed his MEDECINAL STORE from Front-ſtreet, to the RISING SUN, in Second-ſtreet, between Market and Cheſtnut-ſtreets, and next Door below Mr. JONATHAN ZANE, being the Houſe lately occupied by Dr. DAY, where he continues to carry on the DRUG BUSINESS. He is determined always to pay particular Attention to the Quality of his Medicines, and hopes, by his Care and Fidelity, to render full Satisfaction to Practitioners in Phyſic, and others, who may pleaſe to favour him with their cuſtom.

Said SMITH has lately imported, an Aſſortment of FRESH DRUGS, *Chemical*, *Galenical*, and *Genuine Patent* MEDICINES, and neat SHOP-FURNITURE, which he propoſes to ſell on the moſt reaſonable Terms.-----He has particularly, of the very beſt Quality, *Peſtits Bark*, Opium, Camphire, Salt-petre, Borax, a few Bottles of How's Acid for Punch, Rowley's famous Herb Tobacco and Snuff, in ſmall ¼lb. Cannifters, and a great Variety of other Articles.-------A Quantity of SARSAPARILLA and COPPERAS, to be diſpoſed of at the above Store. ¶

THE Schoolmaſters of this city and diſtrict, beg leave to inform the Public, that they intend opening NIGHT-SCHOOLS, at their reſpective ſchool-houſes, on Monday Evening, the 5th of October next, for the inſtruction of youth in READING, WRITING and ARITHMETIC, with the moſt uſeful branches of the MATHEMATICS. And to prevent all altercations, the price for reading, writing and arithmetic, will be 12/6 per quarter, Mathematics at the uſual prices.---Whereas at a meeting of the Schoolmaſters, held in this city, for the purpoſe of regulating the price of Night-ſchools, it appeared, that Mr. *Lazarus Pine* had, prior to the meeting, agreed with ſome perſons upon lower terms than thoſe agreed on by the meeting; this is to give information to ſuch perſons, that ſaid *Pine* has come into the agreement: It is therefore hoped, that ſuch perſons will not take amiſs his uniting with the meaſures of his brethren, eſpecially as the odds can be but *Two Shillings* at the moſt.

Philadelphia, *By Order of the Meeting*,
September 30, 1772. ¶ ANDREW PORTER.

STRAYED off the Commons of Philadelphia, about the 12th of July laſt, a middle ſized Milch COW, about ſeven years old, of a reddiſh colour, inclining to a yellow, has a white face, her two hind feet white above the hoofs, and the tip of her tail white; her horns are ſmall, and turn back. Any perſon who will bring the ſaid cow to the ſubſcriber, in Front-ſtreet, Philadelphia, ſhall be paid THREE DOLLARS reward, and reaſonable charges. WILLIAM WEST.

To be SOLD, or LETT on Groundrent,

A LOT of GROUND, ſituate on the North Side of Market-ſtreet, between Seventh and Eighth-ſtreets, containing in front, on Market-ſtreet, 33 feet 9 inches, and extending in depth 146 feet. For terms, apply to

‖ 5t. *Therf.* CLEMENT BIDDLE.

JOHN CASH finds himſelf under the diſagreeable Neceſſity to give this public Notice, that his Wife DOROTHY has abſented herſelf from him, for theſe Six Months paſt; and therefore forewarns all Perſons not to truſt her on his Account, as he will pay no Debts of her contracting.

Philadelphia, Sept. 28, 1772. JOHN CASH. §

JACOB ANTHONY, *Turner and Inſtrument-Maker, at the Sign of the German Flute and Hautboy, &c. on the Eaſt Side, the upper End of Second-ſtreet, a little Way above Vine-ſtreet, near the Vendue-Houſes*,

BEGS Leave to acquaint the Public, that he makes and ſells all Sorts of muſical Inſtruments; as German Flutes, of all Sorts, common Flutes, Hautboys, Clarinets, and Soldiers Fifes; he alſo mends old Ones; and makes all Sorts of other Turner's Work. ‖ JACOB ANTHONY.

FORTY DOLLARS Reward.

RAN away from his Bail, a certain Man, named JOHN DAY, a Pedlar, ſuppoſed to be gone to Carolina; he is about five Feet eight Inches high, looks to be about 35 Years of Age, a very talkative Fellow, addicted to Drinking, and pretends to underſtand Latin. Whoever takes up the ſaid DAY, and ſecures him in any of his Majeſty's Goals, in the Province of Pennſylvania, ſhall be entitled to the above Reward, and reaſonable Charges, paid by the Subſcribers in the Jerſeys, or WILLING and TAYLOR, in Philadelphia. ROGER FLAHAVEN.
¶ DANIEL CAHALL.

THREE POUNDS Reward.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, an indented ſervant man, named ROBERT BRUCE, by trade a Clock-maker, a native Scotchman, lately from Europe, has an impediment in his ſpeech, pretends to be an Engliſhman, but it may eaſily be known he is not, he is about 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high, long thin viſage, ſwarthy complexion, long black hair, tied behind; had on, when he went away, an aſh coloured coat, rather ſhort, a jacket of the ſame, newly turned, with gilt metal buttons, a nankeen jacket and breeches, almoſt new, a black ſilk handkerchief about his neck, was ſeen about ten days ago, at George Lenard's tavern, ſix miles above Lancaſter, on the road to York-town; he ſaid he was going to Carliſle: He has carried away with him four watches, and ſundry things not known. Whoever apprehends the above runaway, and ſecures him in any goal, ſo that he may be had again, ſhall receive the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by THOMAS LOWE. §

Whoever apprehends the above runaway, is deſired to ſecure what watches he has about him; it is known he has ſold ſome of them. *Philadelphia, Sept.* 26, 1772.

TO BE SOLD,

A PLANTATION, containing 479 acres, lying on Delaware, in Amwell, Hunterdon county, Weſt New-Jerſey, 20 miles from Trenton, and 34 from Philadelphia, 260 acres cleared, and in good fence; there is on ſaid plantation, a good dwelling-houſe, barn, and a good young orchard. For further particulars, apply to the ſubſcriber, living on Biles's-Iſland, two miles below Trenton. ¶3M. ASHER MOTT.

SIXTEEN DOLLARS Reward.

RAN away, from the Subſcriber, living in Upper Alloways-Creek Townſhip, Salem County, Weſt New-Jerſey, on the 19th of September inſt. a German Servant Man, named CHRISTOPHER FURMAN, about 35 Years of Age, five Feet ſeven or eight Inches high, brown Complexion, ſomewhat marked with the Small-pox, and has black ſtraight Hair; he is a Linen-weaver by Trade: Had on and took with him, when he went away, a blue Coat, lined with red, Buckſkin Breeches, a white Under-jacket, ſeveral ſhirts, two Pair of Trowſers, one whereof ſtriped, a Pair of black ribbed Stockings, half-worn ſhoes, and a good Felt Hat, with a Button on the Top of the Crown, and a calfſkin napſack, with the Hair on it. He is a ſtout well ſet Fellow, and ſpeaks no Engliſh. Whoever takes up and ſecures the ſaid Servant, ſo that his Maſter may have him again, ſhall receive the above Reward, paid by GEORGE MILLER. ¶

WANTED,

A LAD, that can be well recommended, as an Apprentice to the Wet Goods Buſineſs. Enquire of the PRINTERS.

THE ſubſcriber propoſes to open a ſchool the ſecond Monday in October next, for inſtructing a ſmall number of Youth in the Art of Drawing; or the right uſe and conſtruction of lines, for the formation of regular or irregular arches, groins of cielings or vaults, brackets for plaiſtered cornices; likewiſe the beſt rule to form the raking and circular cornices, ſo as to acadear with the other parts at the firſt trial; alſo the moſt expeditious and approved method for ſtriking out the ramp and twiſt rails for ſtair-caſes; diminiſhing columns and pilaſters, and laying out their flutes and fillets; the geometrical rule for finding the length, back and bevel of hip or valley rafters, to any figure, ſquare, beval, ſtraight or circular, with a great number more of moſt uſeful propoſitions relating to carpentry, ſeveral of which ſhall be put in practice in miniature, after which they ſhall proceed regularly to drawing the 5 orders, and from thence to deſigning, and in general, to each branch requiſite to form a true and compleat architect; all which may be gone through and learnt in about two months. The terms are Ten Shillings entrance, and Twenty Shillings a month. Attendance given four nights in the week, from ſix till nine o'clock, by THOMAS NEVELL.

I take this method alſo of acquainting the public, and my friends in particular, that I intend carrying on the carpenter's buſineſs as uſual, and for that purpoſe have taken into partnerſhip JOHN LORT, junior; therefore, whoever is pleaſed to favour us with their employ, may depend on having their work well done, and with the greateſt diſpatch poſſible, from their humble ſervants, ¶ THOMAS NEVELL, JOHN LORT, junior.

Chriſtiana Hundred, New-Caſtle County, Sept. 17, 1772.

WHEREAS, in the month of October laſt, a travelling man left a ſick GELDING with the ſubſcriber, in ſaid Hundred, and the owner has not applied for him ſince; and as I have been at conſiderable expence in curing and keeping the ſaid Horſe ever ſince, this is to give notice to the owner, that if he doth not apply for him, and pay the charges accrued, within one month from the date hereof, that he will be ſold for the ſame, at public vendue. JONAS STEDHAM, junior. ¶

TO BE SOLD,

A TWO ſtory frame HOUSE, and LOT of GROUND, ſituate in Southwark, on the eaſt ſide of Second-ſtreet continued, about 45 feet below South-ſtreet; the houſe is 17 feet front, and 30 feet deep, with a 3 feet alley belonging to the ſame; has ſix good rooms, well finiſhed, in the upper ſtory and garret, and three fire-places; adjoining the ſame is a vault, or cellar, well arched over; the lower part of the houſe is now made uſe of for a blackſmith's ſhop, but may, with little expence, be turned into a ſchool-houſe, vendue-ſtore, or dwelling-houſe; and from its ſituation, near the New-market, is extremely convenient for ſhop-keeping; the alley and yard is well paved; and the lot on which the houſe is built, is 20 feet front, and 65 feet deep; ſubject to a yearly groundrent of Six Pounds per annum. The upper part of ſaid building now rents for Sixteen Pounds a year, and the ſmith's ſhop underneath would rent at leaſt for Ten Pounds a year more. For terms of ſale, enquire of JOHN FOX, Cutler, in Fourth-ſtreet, a little below Market-ſtreet, or of the ſubſcriber, on the premiſes.

MATTHEW POTTER, junior.

N. B. The purchaſer, paying One Hundred Pounds in hand, may have one or two years for the payment of the remainder, giving ſecurity, and paying intereſt. ¶

Cheſter-Town, Maryland, September 22, 1772.

STOLEN from the ſubſcriber, about a fortnight ago, a middle ſized bay GELDING, five or ſix years old, paces a ſlow travel, has been uſed to a carriage, large flat hoofs, and branded on the near buttock (if not on both) with the letter W. Whoever ſecures ſaid horſe, ſo as I get him again, ſhall receive, if taken out of the county, TWENTY SHILLINGS, if out of the province, FORTY SHILLINGS, and reaſonable charges, if brought home, paid by ¶ 7/6 ANTHONY BANNING.

CAME to the Plantation of JOHN RICKERD, in the Townſhip of Whitemarſh, near Springmill, a dark red COW, marked on the off Ear, has a white Face, and white on her Shoulders. The Owner is deſired to come, prove his Property, pay Charges, and take her away. ¶ *Sept. 16, 1772.*

Lancaſter, September 20, 1772.

ABSCONDED laſt night, a certain JOHN RYAN, a native Iriſhman, a Cooper by trade, about five feet ten inches high, about 20 years of age, and has lightiſh coloured hair: He may perhaps paſs for a free man, as he has fraudulently obtained his indentures, which ſhews his time is not expired till April next. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid ſervant, ſo that the ſubſcriber may have him again, ſhall have THREE POUNDS reward, paid by ¶ JACOB BEAR.

New-Jerſey, September 23, 1772.

NOTICE is hereby given to the creditors of JOHN REYNOLDS, and HENRY DORRIEL, that they appear at the Courthouſe, in Salem town, before *Andrew Sinickſon*, and *John Holmes*, Eſquires, two of the Judges of the Court of Common Pleas of the county aforeſaid, on Tueſday, the 3d day of November next, to ſhew cauſe, if any they have, why an aſſignment of the above debtors effects ſhould not be made to ſome perſons, to be appointed to receive the ſame, and the ſaid debtors diſcharged from their confinement, and be free from arreſts in civil actions for any debt heretofore contracted, agreeable to an act of Aſſembly of ſaid Province lately made, intituled, *An Act for the Relief of Inſolvent Debtors.* ¶

To be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE, at the London Coffee-houſe, on the 14th of October, at 5 o'clock in the Evening, if not ſold before that time by private ſale,

TWO BRICK HOUSES, two ſtories high, and the lot of ground thereunto belonging, ſituate on the eaſt ſide of Third-ſtreet, a few doors from Saſſafras-ſtreet, in the city of Philadelphia, containing in front on Third-ſtreet 24 feet, and in depth 64 feet, with the privilege of an alley 11 feet ſix inches wide, with good cellars under the ſame, free from groundrent. The premiſes lett for Forty-one Pounds per annum, and well ſituated for a ſtore, tavern, or ſhop-keeping. Whoever inclines to purchaſe, by applying to JONATAN BILES, living oppoſite the premiſes, may ſee the deeds. ¶

September 20, 1772.

RAN away, on Saturday night laſt, from York-Town, an Engliſh ſervant man, named EDWARD MONDAY, about 30 years of age, five feet five inches high, and very much pitted with the ſmall-pox: Had on, when he went away, a check ſhirt, and a Ruſſia ſheeting ſhirt over it, a pair of Ruſſia ſheeting trowſers, a pair of old ſhoes, and braſs buckles, and an old felt hat, and took with him a new blue great coat. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervant, and ſecures him, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall have THIRTY SHILLINGS reward, paid by ¶ JOHN WORTHINGTON DORSEY, on Elk-Ridge.

September 11, 1772.

THIS is to inform WILLIAM MITCHELL, who formerly lived in the Pariſh of Deſart-Creaght, in the County of Tyrone, in Ireland, but came to theſe Parts in the Year 1769, and enliſted in the Regiment of Royal Americans in the Year 1770, that his Brother DAVID MITCHELL arrived at Philadelphia the 19th Day of July laſt, in good Health, and that his Father, Mother, and Brethren, were all in good Health on the 10th of May laſt, when he left them. If WILLIAM receives this Intelligence, his Brother earneſtly requeſts that he would write to him as ſoon as poſſible, and direct to the Care of Mr. William Carſon, Tavern-keeper, in Third-ſtreet, at the Sign of the Harp and Crown. ¶

To be LETT for a Term of Years,

And may be entered on in October or November next,

THE HOUSE and PLANTATION at North-Eaſt, where the Subſcriber lately kept Tavern. It is a convenient Stage, a good Houſe, has good Stabling and Meadow, with every other Conveniency for a Public Houſe. The Plantation is in good Repair, and contains 300 Acres of Land, 170 of which cleared, and under good Fence. For Terms, apply to the Owner, on the Premiſes. WILLIAM CURRER.

N. B. He has two or three Negroe Men for Sale. ¶

To be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBER,

Living in Carnarvon townſhip, Lancaſter county, the two following tracts of Land, in the ſaid townſhip, joining each other.

THE firſt contains 187¾ Acres, *whereon is erected a good ſtone dwelling-houſe, 35 feet in length, and 25 feet wide, 3 rooms on the lower floor, beſides a large bar, 5 good lodging rooms up ſtairs, 3 fire-places, and a good cellar under the whole; a good ſtone kitchen, adjoining the houſe, with a ſeparate cellar under it; a piazza half round the houſe, and a pump in one corner thereof, under the roof. The ſaid houſe is and has been a public-houſe theſe 15 years or more, and is conveniently ſituated for that calling, it being where ſix public highways meet together. Eight acres of meadow, all tame graſs, and watered, 15 acres more lately cleared, a race cut to draw water over it from a never-failing ſpring, riſing on ſaid premiſes, which is large enough for a fulling, paper, or oil mill, and having 15 feet fall where it falls into Coneſtogoe creek, it being a clear good water, fitting for either of the uſes aforeſaid; 8 or 10 acres of meadow more may be made, upon the ſaid premiſes, on ſaid creek; a good log barn, with two threſhing floors, three ſtables, with racks and mangers, good ſheds for the reception of travellers horſes, a good bearing orchard, of graſted fruit, about 90 acres of corn-land cleared, and in exceeding good repair; all good lime-ſtone land, equal in quality to any in the ſettlement; exceeding good lime-ſtone quarries, and a good new lime-kiln, lately built; the remainder good timber-land. There is alſo upon the ſaid premiſes, a good merchant mill on Coneſtogoe creek, with two pair of ſtones, one of which well proved good Cologne, the other cocallico, alſo good; 3 boulting cheſts, with good new cloths, proved to be good for making flour and country work; hoiſting and boulting gears all go by water. The whole in good repair, having lately been rebuilt, and the dam and race well mended this ſummer; with ſcales and weights thereunto belonging. The mill-houſe is 75 feet long, and about 30 feet wide, one part built with ſtone, the other part frame, the water wheel within the houſe, and granaries over it, two fire-places, two rooms for the miller, and a good ſtable near the mill; with many living ſprings upon the ſaid premiſes, and water in every field.*

The other tract contains 235 acres and an half, and 26 perches, alſo good limeſtone land, whereon are two dwelling-houſes, one built of ſtone, the other of logs, a ſtone ſpring-houſe, a good log barn, ten acres of good watered meadow, in exceeding good order, and ten acres more may readily be made, and water ſufficient to water it all in the drieſt ſeaſons, 5 acres of orchard, of good fruit, 90 or 100 acres of corn-land cleared, the remainder timbered land; the whole in good repair, with 3 good never-failing ſprings thereon, greatly advantageous to the whole. A draught of the ſaid tracts of land may be ſeen at any time, and the premiſes ſhewn to any perſon or perſons, inclining to purchaſe the whole, or either of the ſaid tracts; and an indiſputable title made to the purchaſer, by EDWARD HUGHS, *living on the premiſes.* ¶10s.

To be SOLD, by PUBLIC VENDUE, on Monday, the 23d day of November next, at 2 o'clock P. M.

A CERTAIN piece or parcel of LAND, ſituate in the townſhips of Eaſt-town and Tredyffrin, in the county of Cheſter, containing 153 acres, eight whereof are good watered meadow, there are two dwelling-houſes, barn, &c. erected thereon, together with a prime orchard, conſiſting of beſt natural and graſted fruit trees, yielding a ſufficient quantity of apples to make from 20 to 30 hogſheads of cyder per annum; its vicinity to ſeveral places of worſhip, mills, market, &c. renders it very ſuitable either for a tradeſman or farmer, being ſituate 20 miles from Philadelphia, on the main road to Lancaſter, 1½ miles from three merchant mills, and within half a mile of a large body of lime-ſtone; there is plenty of wood on the premiſes, for the purpoſe of burning lime, and other uſes, by which means the land may always be kept in good order, at an eaſy lay. Likewiſe will be ſold, at ſaid time and place, a good waggon, a neat young mare, a cow, and ſundries of houſhold furniture. Any perſon or perſons inclining to purchaſe the whole, or any part thereof, may know the terms, by applying to ANTHONY WAYNE, Attorney of MICHAEL WAYNE.

N. B. The ſaid *Anthony Wayne* is fully impowered, to make and execute a good and ſufficient deed of conveyance, for the above-mentioned land, in due form of law, to the purchaſers thereof. The title is indiſputable. ‡ 7 w.

THIS is to give notice to all the owners and poſſeſſors of Holland's Creek Marſh, that there is a Tax of Fifteen Shillings per acre thereon aſſeſſed, to be paid in three weeks from this date; and all perſons in arrears for their Levy on ſaid Marſh, are deſired to pay the ſame to the Treaſurer, otherwiſe they will be ſubject to the penalties, agreeable to an Act of Aſſembly for ſaid Holland's Creek Marſh.

Sept. 25, 1772. ‖ JOHN HOBSON, Treaſurer.

THE ſubſcribers do hereby inform all ſuch perſons as have LOTS in the town of Northumberland, in the county of Northumberland, that they are to apply to Mr. William Scull, at the ſaid town, or at Fort Auguſta, for their deeds; he being the perſon by them intruſted with drawing the ſame, and will have them executed at any time when called upon. They likewiſe hereby inform ſuch perſons, that there are yet ſome Out Lots to be diſpoſed of, near the ſaid town; ſuch as incline to purchaſe the ſame, may receive tickets, and know the terms, by applying to Mr. Matthias Slough, at Lancaſter; Mr. George Fry, at Middletown; or, Samuel Hunter, Eſq; at Fort Auguſta. The numbers of ſaid Out Lots will be drawn on the 30th day of December next, in the ſaid town of Northumberland.

§ WILLIAM PATTERSON, JOHN LOWDON.

Leeſburg, Loudoun County, Virginia, Auguſt 15, 1772.

PURSUANT to a Decree of the Court of Loudoun county, in Chancery, will be ſold to the higheſt bidder, for ready money, on Monday, the 23d of November next, on the premiſes, Four Lots or Half Acres of Land, in the town of Leeſburg, on one of which ſtands a genteel ſtone houſe, 40 by 32 feet in the clear, has four rooms, with three fire places, and a paſſage below ſtairs, one of which, fronting the moſt public ſtreet, is completely fitted out for a ſtore, four rooms, with two fire places above ſtairs, a convenient dry cellar the ſize of the whole houſe; there are alſo a good garden, well pailed in, a lumber houſe, a kitchen, a ſtable, and other neceſſary houſes; together with a well of exceeding fine water, walled up, on this lot. The other three ſtand on ſtreets alſo, are encloſed, and with a ſmall expence may be rendered very valuable. At the ſame time will be ſold, 258½ acres of land, adjoining the ſaid town, the ſoil of which is peculiarly adapted to grain, and inferior to none in the county, one third of it is well fenced in, and fit for the plough, about 15 acres of meadow may be made, and the reſt well timbered; there are on this tract of land, a large new barn, with other neceſſary houſes for farming: The country round about, is remarkable for raiſing large quantities of wheat, and manufacturing flour, all of which is carried through Leeſburg, about 40 miles to Alexandria, conſequently this place is as well ſituated for trade as any in the colony: A merchant or tavernkeeper would find his account in ſettling here. The lots of land will be ſold either together or ſeparate, as may beſt ſuit the purchaſers, to whom a good title will be made, and immediate poſſeſſion given.

WILLIAM ELLERY, GEORGE JOHNSTON, Truſtees.

To be SOLD, or LETT,

A GOOD two ſtory BRICK HOUSE, with a two ſtory kitchen adjoining, having the privilege of an alley, ſituate on the north ſide of Walnut-ſtreet, between Front and Second-ſtreets. For terms, apply to JAMES CLAYPOOLE, nearly oppoſite the above. *Philadelphia, Sept. 26, 1772.* ¶

TWENTY-FOUR DOLLARS Reward.

RUN AWAY *from his ſpecial bail, a certain* WILLIAM HEADLESTONE, *an Iriſh man, about 5 feet 6 inches high, about 26 years of age, red faced, ſmall eyes, ſtrait yellow hair; had on, and took with him, a brown home made coat, lincey jacket, and leather breeches; a half riſle gun, ſtocked riſle faſhion. Strayed or ſtolen, on the night of the ſaid 28th of Auguſt, ſuppoſed to be ſtolen by ſaid* Headleſtone, *a dark bay Mare, about 14 hands high, branded on the near buttock with the letters I. L. has a ſaddle mark, ſwitch tail, paces, trots, and hand-gallops, is newly ſhod before. Whoever takes up ſaid* Headleſtone, *and ſecures him in any of his Majeſty's goals, ſo that his ſpecial bail may have notice thereof, or brings him to Cæcil county goal, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by* JOHN ALEXANDER. ¶

N. B. Twenty Shillings for the mare only. All maſters of veſſels are forbid carrying him off. Auguſt 28, 1772.

AN EVENING SCHOOL

WILL be opened on Monday, the 5th of October next, at the Subſcriber's new School Houſe, in Fifth-ſtreet, a few Doors above Market-ſtreet, where will be taught Writing and Arithmetic, by LAZARUS PINE.

N. B. Said PINE continues his Day School, where is taught the Engliſh Language grammatically, Writing and Arithmetic. ¶

Philadelphia, September 18, 1772.

On Thurſday, the 15th of October, will be SOLD, by public VENDUE, on the premiſes, purſuant to a Decree of the County Court of Frederick, in the Colony of VIRGINIA, for ſatisfying a debt, due from JACOB HITE, to RICHARD and PETER FOOTMAN, FRANCIS RICHARDSON, CLEMENT BIDDLE, and DANIEL WISTER,

A VALUABLE TRACT of LAND, containing 3118 acres (more or leſs) with the dwelling-houſe, ſtores and buildings thereon erected, ſituate in Berkeley county (formerly part of Frederick county) within 18 miles of Wincheſter, on the great road leading thence from Shweringan's Ferry. Alſo 27 valuable NEGROE ſlaves. The ſaid tract is well watered and improved, being the plantation whereon the ſaid JACOB HITE now lives, and from its ſituation, and other great improvements and advantages, is eſteemed equal to any place in Frederick county. ¶

PURSUANT to the laſt will and teſtament of JARVIS JAMES, deceaſed, will be ſold, at public VENDUE, on Saturday, the 31ſt day of October enſuing, on the premiſes, a large two ſtory frame DWELLING-HOUSE, with a LOT thereunto belonging, together with every neceſſary convenience, ſituate in Cheſter-town, Maryland; it is a remarkable fine ſituation for the proſecution of any public buſineſs, being on the main ſtreet leading to the river, and a little above the market place in ſaid town. At the ſame time will be ſold, a very fine GRASS LOT, adjoining the ſaid town. Twelve months credit will be given, with intereſt, on giving bond and ſecurity, if required; an indiſputable title will be given the purchaſer, by SARAH JAMES, Executrix. ‖ 14s.

Philadelphia, September 22, 1772.

THE Officers who ſerved in the PENNSYLVANIA REGIMENT, in the Year 1764, and who have any Claim to the Lands granted by the Honourable Proprietaries to them, are deſired to meet at Mr. JOHN LITTLE's, on Monday, the 9th Day of November, 1772, in order to take out their Patents, and ſettle their Accounts. All thoſe Officers, who do not attend, by themſelves or Attornies, will be looked upon as Delinquents, and may expect their Names to be ſtruck off the Liſt, and their Shares granted to thoſe who do comply with the Terms of the Grant.

TURBUTT FRANCIS, Lieut. Col.
¶ JAMES IRVINE, Captain, } Commiſſioners.

PATAPSCO FURNACE, *near* ELK-RIDGE LANDING, *in* ANNE-ARUNDEL COUNTY.

To be SOLD at PUBLIC VENDUE, on the ſecond Day of November next, containing about Four Thouſand Four Hundred ACRES of LAND, in ſeveral TRACTS, *viz.*

ONE of 1700 acres, one of 1500, and another on the river ſide, with a valuable fiſhery for a ſeine, containing 466 acres, beſides ſeveral ſmall tracts, all on or near the river Patapſco. The three large tracts mentioned are ſituated only about ſix or eight miles from Baltimore-town, where is a ready-money market, twice a week, for all ſorts of proviſion.

There are on the premiſes one large PLANTATION, containing about 500 acres, another of 200, with convenient houſes, and cleared ground ſufficient to make a third Plantation of 400 acres, ſome grubbing and fencing only wanted; a large quantity of meadow-land; a Furnace built about the year 1760, with a ſtone and brick bridge, and caſting-houſe; a new griſt mill, fit for country work, ſtanding on a fine ſtream of water, and alſo a mill ſeat or ſituation on navigable water, where has been a mill formerly; its ſituation is perhaps as pleaſant and advantageous, for erecting a large merchant mill on, as any in the province, and lies convenient to all the back country of Elk-ridge, and Frederick county, for the purchaſe of wheat, the water carriage to Baltimore-town being not more than 10 or 12 miles.

There will likewiſe be expoſed to ſale, provided the Lands and Plantations are diſpoſed of, a number of valuable Servants and Negroes, ſeveral of which laſt have been employed in a Furnace, *viz.* one young fellow, a good workman as keeper, others as fillers and aſſiſtants to the founder and keeper below, and ſome uſed to raiſing ore, and cutting wood. As alſo horſes, cattle, ſheep, hogs, &c. with plantation utenſils of all kinds, as well as a crop of corn and wheat on the ground.

The whole will be ſold together or in parcels, as may beſt ſuit the purchaſers. Conditions of the purchaſe to be agreed on the day of ſale. For further particulars, enquire of the ſubſcriber, at Baltimore-town, or of JAMES WALKER, near Elk-ridge Landing, who will ſhew the lands and improvements, to any deſirous of ſeeing them. HARRISON, and COMPANY.

N. B. There is in the neighbourhood, adjacent to the land, a very fine and valuable range for ſtock. ‖ 9 *W.*

FOR LONDON,

THE SHIP PENNSYLVANIA PACKET, PETER OSBORNE, COMMANDER,

HAS good Accommodations for Paſſengers, and will ſail with all convenient Expedition. For Freight, or Paſſage, apply to JOSHUA FISHER and SONS, or ſaid Commander on board, at their Wharff; or at the London Coffee-Houſe.

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Philadelphia, September 19, 1772.

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